

## Teacher's Manual <br> MATHEMATICS <br> Class-4

## 1. FIVE-DIGIT NUMBERS

EXERCISE 1.1

1. (a) Twenty-one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven
(b) Nineteen thousand three hundred ninety-one
(c) Thirty-six thousand nine
(d) Ten thousand ninety-eight
(e) Forty thousand thirty-nine
(f) Forty-two thousand seven hundred ninety-eight
(g) Eleven thousand seven
(h) Thirty thousand twenty-nine
2. (a) 20250
(b) 17885
(c) 60405
(d) 12469
(e) 83449
3. (a)

(c)

(d)

(e)

(f)

(g)

4. (a) 10
(b) 1
(h)

(c) 10
(d) 100
(e) 10
(f) 10
5. 

|  | Ten-Thousands | Thousands | Hundreds | Tens | Ones |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| a. | 3 | 1 | 9 | 3 | 7 |
| b. | 1 | 9 | 9 | 3 | 2 |
| c. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 7 |
| d. | 3 | 6 | 2 | 7 | 6 |
| e. | 3 | 9 | 4 | 3 | 7 |
| f. | 2 | 4 | 1 | 8 | 7 |
| g. | 4 | 9 | 3 | 2 | 5 |
| h. | 1 | 0 | 3 | 7 | 5 |

6. 

(a) 9000
(b) 900
(c) 90
(d) 90,000
7.
(a) $30,000+1000+300+90$
(b) $40,000+1000+200+30+9$
(c) $70,000+2000+900+20$
(d) $70,000+1000+20+7$
8. (a) 7097
(b) 8996
(c) 19808
(d) 77707
9. (a) 12,006
(b) 17,897
(c) 31,049
(d) 56,471
Mathematics (3, 4 and 5)
10. 10,000; 99,999
11. Number $=55,074$

| Place value of first five | $=50000$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Place value of second five | $=5000$ |
| Difference of place values of both 5 's | $=50000-5000$ |
|  | $=45000$ |

## EXERCISE 1.2

1. (a) $25,919+1=25,920$
(b) $17,699+1=17,700$
(c) $20,309+1=20,310$
(d) $36,999+1=37,000$
(e) $47,899+1=47,900$
(f) $79,999+1=80,000$
2. (a) $32,310-1=32,309$
(b) $21,250-1=21,249$
(c) $27,900-1=27,899$
(d) $47,000-1=46,999$
(e) $90,000-1=89,999$
(f) $48,300-1=48,299$
3. (a) $11,249 \quad 9,978$

so, $27,124 \longrightarrow<27,639$

so, $42,050>42,040$

so, $62,670 \quad<62,770$
4. (a)

| T-Th | Th | H | T | O | T-Th | Th | H | T | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 9 | 1 | 4 | 9 | 0 | 3 |
| 1 | 4 | 9 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 9 | 4 | 0 | 3 |
| 1 | 9 | 4 | 0 | 3 | $\downarrow$ |  |  |  |  |

(b)

| T-Th | Th | H | T | O |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 | 5 | 6 | 0 | 6 |
|  | 6 | 5 | 0 | 6 |
| 5 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 0 |$\rightarrow$ (4-digits)

so, smallest number $=6506$
(C)

| T-Th | Th | H | T | O |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 | 0 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| 6 | 6 | 0 | 6 | 6 |
| 6 | 6 | 6 | 0 | 6 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| $\downarrow$ <br> same |  |  |  |  |

so, smallest number $=60666$
(d)

5. (a)

| T-Th | Th | H | T | O |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 9 | 3 | 5 | 0 |
| 1 | 6 | 4 | 8 | 5 |
| 1 | 6 | 7 | 9 | 1 |

so, greatest number $=19350$
(b)

| T-Th | Th | H | T | 0 | T-Th | Th | H | T | O |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | 2 | 7 | 1 | 7 | 2 | 2 | 7 | 1 | 7 |
| 2 | 3 | 7 | 1 | 7 | 2 | 3 | 7 | 1 | 7 |
| - | 9 | 4 | 9 | 8 | $\downarrow$ |  |  |  |  |

so, greatest number $=23717$.
(c)

| T-Th | Th | H | T | O |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | 7 | 9 | 6 | 3 |
| 3 | 6 | 8 | 1 | 0 |
| 3 | 8 | 0 | 3 | 4 |

so, 38034 is the greatest number.
(d)

| T-Th | Th | H | T | O | T-Th | Th | H | T | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 | 1 | 0 | 5 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 4 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 4 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 |  |  |  | 1 |  |
| $\downarrow$ | same same |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

same
so, 42111 is the greatest number.
6. (a)

| T-Th | Th | H | T | O |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | 1 | 0 | 9 | 3 |
| 3 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 9 |
| 3 | 9 | 0 | 3 | 1 |
| $\downarrow$ | $\longrightarrow 9>1$ | $\downarrow$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |


| T-Th | Th | H | T | O |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | 1 | 0 | 9 | 3 |
| 3 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 9 |
| $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ | $\longrightarrow 9>3$ |  |

same same same
same
so, 39031 > $31093>31039$.
(b)

| T-Th | Th | H | T | O |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| 5 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | 5 | 0 | 0 | 5 |


| T-Th | Th | H | T | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| 5 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 |

$\therefore 5005$ is smallest number.
so, $50500>50050>5005$
(C) $\left.\begin{array}{c}\text { T-Th } \\ \hline \text { Th } \\ \hline 1\end{array}\right)$
same same
so, 18761 > $18594>18112$.
7. (a)

| T-Th | Th | H | T | O |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 6 | 9 | 0 | 3 |
| 1 | 6 | 0 | 9 | 0 |
| 1 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 9 |
| $\downarrow$ | $\longrightarrow 6<8$ |  |  |  |

same
so, 16090 < 16903 < 18009 .
(b)

| T-Th | Th | H | T | O |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 5 |
| 4 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| 5 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 5 |
| $4<5$ |  |  |  |  |

so, 45555 < $55455<55545$.
(c)

| T-Th | Th | H | T | O |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 | 8 | 7 | 5 | 4 |
| 4 | 8 | 8 | 7 | 4 |
| 8 | 4 | 5 | 7 | 8 |
| $\longrightarrow 4<8$ |  |  |  |  |


| T-Th | Th | H | T | O |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 | 8 | 7 | 5 | 4 |
| 8 | 4 | 5 | 7 | 8 |

so, $48874<84578$ < 88754 .

## EXERCISE 1.3

1. (a) $9,7,1,2,5$

Decreasing order $=9,7,5,2,1$
So biggest number $=97,521$

Increasing order $=1,2,5,7,9$
So smallest number $=12,579$
(b) $8,5,0,3,4$

Decreasing order $=8,5,4,3,0$
So biggest number $=85,430$
Increasing order $=0,3,4,5,8$
So smallest number $=30,458$
(c) $7,4,2,1,6$

Decreasing order $=7,6,4,2,1$
So biggest number $=76,421$
Increasing order $=1,2,4,6,7$
So smallest number $=12,467$
(d) $5,0,3,2,4$

Decreasing order $=5,4,3,2,0$
So biggest number $=54,320$
Increasing order $=0,2,3,4,5$
So smallest number $=20,345$
2. (a) $4,2,6,0$

Biggest number (Repeat the biggest digit) $\rightarrow$ 66,420
Smallest number (Repeat the smallest digit
after the second smallest digit) $\rightarrow$ 20,046
(b) 9, 5, 7, 3

Biggest number (Repeat the biggest digit) $\rightarrow$ 99,753
Smallest number (Repeat the smallest digit
after the second smallest digit) $\rightarrow 33,579$
(c) 1, 3, 0,6

Biggest number (Repeat the biggest digit) $\rightarrow$ 66,310
Smallest number (Repeat the smallest digit
after the second smallest digit) $\rightarrow$ 10,036
(d) $2,4,0,9$

Biggest number (Repeat the biggest digit) $\rightarrow$ 99,420
Smallest number (Repeat the smallest digit after the second smallest digit) $\rightarrow$ 20,049

## EXERCISE 1.4

1. (a) $8640,8650,8660,8670,8680,8690$
(b) 25,$380 ; 25,390 ; 25,400 ; 25,410,25,420 ; 25,430$
2. (a) $8780,8880,8980,9080,9180,9280$
(b) 43,839; 43,939; 44,039; 44,139, 44,239; 44,339;
3. (a) 6274; 7274; 8274; 9274; 10,274; 11,274;
(b) 45,$007 ; 46,007 ; 47,007 ; 48,007 ; 49,007 ; 50,007$

## 2. ROMAN NUMERALS

## EXERCISE 2.1

1. (a) VII
(b) IX
(c) XIII
(d) XVI
(e) XIX
(f) XXI
(g) $X X X$
(h) XXIV
(i) XXVIII
(j) XXXIV
(k) XXXIX
(I) XXIX
(m) XL
(n) XLVII
(o) LVII
(p) LXVIII
(q) LXXV
(r) LXXXIX
(s) XCVII
(t) C
(u) LIX
(v) LXXVIII
(w) LXV
(x) XLIII
2. (a) 3
(b) 7
(c) 4
(d) 9
(e) 16
(f) 19
(g) 24
(h) 29
(i) 34
(j) 25
(k) 42
(I) 44
(m) 39
(n) 55
(o) 76
(p) 84
(q) 90
(r) 95
(s) 48
(t) 69
(u) 94
(v) 49
(w) 99
(x) 54
3. (b) (c) (f)

## 3. ADDITION OF NUMBERS

## EXERCISE 3.1

| 1. (a) 13,000 | (b) 19,000 | (c) 70,000 |
| ---: | :--- | :--- |
| (d) 15,770 | (e) 16,596 | (f) 13,206 |
| (g) 13,034 | (h) 29,394 | (i) 30,574 |
| (j) 34,016 | (k) 40,138 | (l) 29,784 |
| (m) 100 | (n) 100 | (o) 660 |
| (p) 160 | (q) 600 | (r) 100 |
| (s) 200 | (t) 200 | (u) 580 |

## EXERCISE 3.2

1. (a) 18 hundreds $=1$ thousand 8 hundreds
(b) 14 thousands 4 hundreds 3 tens
(c) 6 ten-thousands 4 thousands 2 hundreds 7 tens
(d) 4 ten-thousands 5 thousands 8 hundreds
(e) 7 ten-thousands 1 thousand 5 hundreds 4 tens.

## EXERCISE 3.3

1. (a) Th T HTO

$$
\begin{array}{rrrrr}
26 & 1 & 1 & 1 & \\
3 & 9 & 8 & 7 & 5 \\
+2 & 6 & 0 & 2 & 3 \\
+1 & 8 & 2 & 0 & 2 \\
\hline 8 & 4 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

(b) Th T H T O

1 1 - 1
$+40005$

| +3 | 856 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 8 | 2197 |

(c) Th T H TO

11 1 1 1
18036
$+780$
$\begin{array}{r}17656 \\ +17672 \\ \hline 36 \\ \hline\end{array}$
(e) Th T H T O

1 1 1 1 2
$\begin{array}{lllll}3 & 4 & 9 & 3 & 7\end{array}$
$+\quad 5129$

| 3 | 1 | 0 | 8 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 7 | 1 | 14 | 4 |

(g) $\mathrm{Th} \mathrm{T} \mathrm{H} T \mathrm{O}$

1 1 1 1 2
39148
$+\quad 4187$
$\begin{array}{r}51814 \\ +25 \\ \hline 6949 \\ \hline\end{array}$
(i) Th T H T O

11 1 1
400162
$+2980$

(k) $\quad \mathrm{Th} \mathrm{T} \mathrm{H} \mathrm{TO}$ (2) 11 回 $\begin{array}{lllll}2 & 9 & 1 & 1 & 6\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lllll}5 & 6 & 9 & 2 & 7\end{array}$

(d) Th T H TO

1 1 1 1 1

$$
\begin{array}{r} 
\\
\\
448 \\
+ \\
2371 \\
+39874 \\
\hline 42693 \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

(f) Th T H T O

1 2 2 亿
$\begin{array}{lllll}8 & 8 & 8 & 8\end{array}$
$+\quad 9999$
$\begin{array}{r}977 \\ +\quad 9664 \\ \hline 996\end{array}$
(f) Th T H T O

11 11
$\begin{array}{r}12731 \\ +53215 \\ +10 \\ +78 \\ \hline 76 \\ \hline\end{array}$
(j) Th T H T O

2 1 1 1 1
28253
24563

| 2 | 445 |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 6 | 1 | 26 | 1 |

(I) | Th | T | H | T | O |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |
| 2 | 3 | 9 | 5 | 7 |
| 3 | 4 | 6 | 2 | 0 |
| + | 9 | 3 | 3 | 6 |
| 6 | 7 | 9 | 1 | 3 |

2. (a) $\left.\begin{array}{rrrrr}\square & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 8 & 4 & 8 & 9 \\ +3 & 1 & 7 & 2 & 3\end{array}\right]$
(c) 17 17 1

24883
$\begin{array}{r}27629 \\ +37251 \\ \hline 625\end{array}$

| 2488 | 3 |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| +3 | 762 | 6 |  |
| 6 | 2 | 5 | 2 |

(b)

11 1 11 1

| 2 | 8 | 4 | 9 |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| +3 | 1 | 7 | 2 |  |
| 6 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 2 |

(d) 11 1 1 1

24883
$\begin{array}{r}27629 \\ +37512 \\ \hline 625\end{array}$

## EXERCISE 3.4



## (1) 11

5. Seats in a stadium $=15750$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { More seats arranged } & =+\begin{array}{lllll}+6850 \\ \text { Total seats now } & = & 2660\end{array}\end{array}$

## 111 1

6. Account balance of Sarah $=$ ₹ $\begin{array}{lllll} & 2 & 3 & 7\end{array}$
She deposited more =
$=\quad+₹ 15795$
Total amount now
$=$
1111
7. No. of books in a library $=$ 24573
New books added Total books now
$=$
$=\begin{array}{r}+9765 \\ \hline 34338 \\ \hline\end{array}$
8. Cost of a computer $=$ ₹ 26785

Cost of a motor cycle $=$ ₹ $26785+₹ 14475$

| 17 | 17 | 1 |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 2 | 6 | 7 |  |  |
| +1 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 |
| 4 | 1 | 2 | 6 | 0 |

$=$ ₹ 41260

Total cost of a computer and a motorcycle

| 1 1 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | 6 | 7 | 8 |  |
| +4 | 1 | 2 | 6 | 0 |
|  |  | 0 | 4 |  |

$$
\text { = ₹ } 26785 \text { + ₹ } 41260
$$

$$
\text { = ₹ } 68045
$$

9. No. of boys

No. of girls
Total students

|  | 1 <br> 1 1 |
| ---: | :--- |
| $=$ | 4 |
| 4 | 3 |



## SUBTRACTION OF NUMBERS

EXERCISE 4.1

1. (a) 35,286
(b) 52,657
(c) 17,638
(d) 19,684
(e) 7000
(f) 30,000
(g) 23,216
(h) 33,57
Mathematics (3, 4 and 5)

## EXERCISE 4.2

1. (a) 5 tens +7 ones $=4$ tens +1 tens +7 ones
$=4$ tens +10 ones +7 ones
$=4$ tens +17 ones
(b) 6 hundreds +4 tens
$=5$ hundreds +1 hundred +4 tens
$=5$ hundreds +10 tens +4 tens
$=5$ hundreds +14 tens
(c) 9 thousands +7 hundreds
$=8$ thousands +1 thousands +7 hundreds
$=8$ thousands +10 thousands +7 hundreds
$=8$ thousands +17 hundreds
(d) 4 ten-thousands +5 thousands
$=3$ ten-thousands +1 ten-thousands +5 thousands
$=3$ ten-thousands +10 thousands +5 thousands
$=3$ ten-thousands +15 thousands
(e) 6 thousands +5 tens
$=5$ thousands +1 thousands +5 tens
$=5$ thousands +10 hundreds +5 tens
$=5$ thousands +9 hundreds +1 hundreds +5 tens
$=5$ thousands +9 hundreds +10 tens +5 tens
$=5$ thousands +9 hundreds +15 tens
2. (a) 8876
(b) 19889
(c) 16489
(d) 62895
(e) 26039
(f) 26631
(g) 25889
(h) 48889
(i) 42828
(j) 4263
(k) 17814
(I) 17638


(c)

| 70000 |
| ---: |
| -34145 |
| 35855 |


(e) $\begin{array}{lllll}7 & 1 & 0 & 4 & 3\end{array}$

| -3 | 2 | 9 | 5 | 4 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 3 | 8 | 0 | 8 | 9 |

(f) | 9 | 0 | 7 | 7 |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| -6 | 8 | 9 | 8 | 0 |
| 2 | 1 | 7 | 3 | 7 |

4. (a) 20001
(b) 43070
(c) 81001
$\begin{array}{r}-9876 \\ \hline 10125 \\ \hline\end{array}$

| -27692 |
| ---: |
| -15378 |

$\begin{array}{r}-9999 \\ \hline 71002 \\ \hline\end{array}$
5. (a) 78639
(b) 97863
(c) 63898
$\begin{array}{r}55034 \\ -24605 \\ \hline\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{r}978632 \\ -154321 \\ \hline 824\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{r}-40576 \\ \hline 23322 \\ \hline\end{array}$
so,
so, 97863
so,
$\begin{array}{r}63898 \\ -2362 \\ \hline 40576 \\ \hline\end{array}$
6. Smallest no. of five digits $=10000$

Greatest no. of three digits $=-999$
So, difference
$=9001$

## EXERCISE 4.3

1. Population of town

No. of females
So, no. of males
2. Account balance of Alice

She withdrew
Now amount left
$=86428$
$=-47039$
$=\begin{aligned} & 39389 \\ & \text { Ans. }\end{aligned}$
$=₹ 50700$

3. Price of a scooter $=\quad ₹ 38750$

Price of a motorcycle $=-₹ 52500$
So, motorcycle costs more.
$=$ Ans.
More price
$=₹ 52500$ $\begin{array}{r}\text { ₹ } 38750 \\ \hline ₹ 13750 \\ \hline\end{array}$
4. No. of trees planted

No. of trees destroyed
$=28123$
$=-9245$
So, no. of trees left
$=\begin{array}{r}18878 \\ \text { trees } \\ \text { Ans. }\end{array}$
5. Population increase

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =\begin{array}{r}
54399 \\
= \\
-\quad 6456 \\
\hline 27933 \\
\hline
\end{array} \text { Ans. }
\end{aligned}
$$

$=30000$
$=\begin{array}{r}-23125 \\ 6875 \\ \text { Ans. }\end{array}$
7. Total printed books

No. of books left
So, no. of books sold

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =22000 \\
& =\begin{array}{r}
-\quad 412 \\
\hline 21588 \\
\text { books } \\
\\
\\
\end{array}
\end{aligned}
$$

8. Total students in exam Failed students So, passed students

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =\begin{array}{r}
71855 \\
=-27968 \\
= \\
\hline 43887 \\
\hline
\end{array} \text { students Ans. }
\end{aligned}
$$

9. Smaller number

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =\begin{array}{r}
35072 \\
= \\
= \\
=16895 \\
\hline 18177
\end{array} \text { Ans. }
\end{aligned}
$$

10. Number required
11. Sum of two nos.

One number
So, second number
12. Total no. of trees

No. of teak trees
$\therefore$ other trees

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =61132 \\
& =-27896 \\
& =\begin{array}{llll}
\hline 3 & 3 & 26 \\
\text { Ans. }
\end{array} \\
& =91121 \\
& =-48565 \\
& =42556 \text { Ans. } \\
& =46784 \\
& =-28895 \\
& =\begin{array}{r}
17889 \\
\text { trees } \\
\text { Ans. }
\end{array}
\end{aligned}
$$

13. Total cost of scooty $=₹ 37000$

Sarah needed 18121 more than the money she had.
$\therefore$ She had

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 37000 \\
& -18121 \\
& \hline ₹ 18879 \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
$$

14. Total no. of apples in orchard $=64280$ apples

Picked from trees $=39740$ apples
Fell down $=5476$ apples
So, apples left on trees $=64580-(39740+5476)$

$$
=64280-45216
$$

= 19064 apples Ans.
15. No. of bags to be loaded $=35000$ bags

On first day, no. of bags loaded $=-15980$ bags
No. of bags loaded on next day $=\begin{aligned} & 19020 \\ & \text { bags }\end{aligned}$

## 5. MULTIPLICATION OF NUMBERS

## EXERCISE 5.1

1. (a) 21430
(b) 14800
(c) 99000
(d) 56000
(e) 45000
(f) 0
(g) 90000
(h) 12600
(i) 8100
(j) 90000
(k) 85000
(I) 3000
(m) 93000
(n) 60000
(o) 75000
2. 

Total no. of students
$=50$ students
Monthly fee of 1 student $=₹ 500$
$\therefore$ Monthly fee of 50 students $=₹ 500 \times 50$
$=₹ 25000$ Ans.
3. Mary has 60 notes of $₹ 500$ each.

So, she have

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =₹ 500 \times 60 \\
& =₹ 30000 \text { Ans. }
\end{aligned}
$$

4. A packet contains $=200$ toffees
$\therefore 40$ packets contains $=(200 \times 40)$ toffees
$=8000$ toffees Ans.
5. The cost of one tricycle $=₹ 400$
$\therefore$ Cost of 30 such tricycles $=₹ 400 \times 30$
$=₹ 12000$ Ans.

## EXERCISE 5.2

1. (a)

(b) $\quad \mathrm{Th} \mathrm{H} \mathrm{T} \mathrm{O}$
7 2 4
4926

|  |  |  | $\times 8$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3 | 9 | 4 | 0 |
| Ans. |  |  |  |

(c) $\mathrm{Th} H \mathrm{TO}$

(d) Th H T O

(e) $\mathrm{Th} H \mathrm{~T} \mathrm{O}$
(f) $\quad \mathrm{Th} H \mathrm{~T} O$

3 11 1
8732

|  |  | $\times 5$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4 | 3660 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

(g)

| Th H T O (1) 3 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1 | 4 | 4 |
|  |  |  | $\times$ | 9 |
| 2 | 8 | 2 | 9 | 6 |

(h)

Th H T O
4 4
9671

|  |  | $\times$ | 6 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5 | 8 | 0 | 2 | 6 | Ans.

(i) to (p) $\rightarrow$ Do it yourself.

## EXERCISE 5.3

(a) 2 6 6 carry (multiplication by ones)

$$
\begin{array}{llll} 
& 1 & 2 & 8 \\
& \times & 1 & 8 \\
\hline 1 & 0 & 2 & 4 \\
1 & 2 & 8 & 0 \\
\hline 2 & 3 & 0 & 4 \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

(b) 10 T carry (multiplication by tens)

$$
\begin{array}{lllll} 
& \begin{array}{l}
2 \\
2
\end{array} & 3 & \\
1 & 5 & 6 \\
& \times & 2 & 5 \\
\hline & 7 & 8 & 0 \\
3 & 1 & 2 & 0 \\
\hline 3 & 9 & 0 & 0 & \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

(c) 10 3 carry (multiplication by tens)
$0 \leftarrow$ carry (multiplication by ones)
248
$\begin{array}{r}242 \\ \hline 496\end{array}$

| 9 | 9 | 2 | 0 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1 | 0 | 4 | 1 |$\quad 6$

(d) to (h) $\rightarrow$ Do it yourself.
(i) 17 2 $2 \leqslant$ carry (multiplication by tens) 2 5 , $4 \leftarrow$ carry (multiplication by ones) 1365

|  | $\times 48$ |
| ---: | :--- |
| 10 | 920 |


| 5 | 4 | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 6 | 5 | 5 | 2 | 0 | Ans.

(j) $10 \square \leftarrow$ carry (multiplication by tens) $\begin{array}{ccccc}2 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 & 2\end{array} \leftarrow$ carry (multiplication by ones)

|  |  | $\times$ | 3 | 6 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 4 | 0 | 5 | 2 |
| 7 | 0 | 2 | 6 | 0 |
| 8 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 2 | Ans.

(k)

| 4424 |
| ---: |
|  |
| $\times 22$ |
| 8848 |


| 8 | 8 | 4 | 8 | 0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 9 | 7 | 3 | 2 | 8 |

(I) 10 1 1 亿 $\leftarrow$ carry (multiplication by tens)

8 8 [5 carry (multiplication by ones)
2896

|  |  |  | $\times$ | 2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

(m) to (x) $\rightarrow$ Do it yourself.

## EXERCISE 5.4

(a)

(b) $20 \leftarrow$ carry (multiplication by tens)
$1 \quad \leftarrow$ carry (multiplication by ones)
152
$\begin{array}{r}153 \\ \hline 456\end{array}$

7600 | 1 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | 3 | 2 | 5 | 6 | Ans.

(c) $\rightarrow$ Do it yourself.
(d) $1 \quad \leftarrow$ carry (multiplication by hundreds)
$1 \quad \leftarrow$ carry (multiplication by tens)
2 1 ) carry (multiplication by ones)

|  | 1 | 6 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | 2 |  |  |
| $\times$ | 2 | 4 |  |  |
|  | 6 | 5 |  |  |
|  | 3 | 2 | 8 |  |
| 3 | 2 | 8 | 0 |  |
| 3 | 6 | 7 | 3 | 6 |

(e) and (f) $\rightarrow$ Do it yourself.
(g) 111 © carry (multiplication by hundreds)

5 5 $3 \leftarrow$ carry (multiplication by tens)
2 $1 \leftarrow$ carry (multiplication by ones)
295

| 263 |
| ---: |
| 885 |

17700

| 5 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 7 | 7 | 5 | 8 | 5 |

Ans.
(h) to (t) $\rightarrow$ Do it yourself.

## EXERCISE 5.5

1. One carton has 368 cartons have
2. One bag contains 990 bags contain
3. One box contains 485 boxes contain
4. One carton has

295 cartons have
5. One shirt costs 69 shirts cost
6. One box contains

1926 boxes contain
7. One sack contains
$=144$ ball pens
$=144 \times 368$ ball pens
$=52,992$ ball pens.
$=98 \mathrm{~kg}$. of wheat
$=990 \times 98 \mathrm{~kg}$. of wheat
$=97020 \mathrm{~kg}$. of wheat
= 128 mangoes
$=128 \times 485$ mangoes
= 62080 mangoes
$=324$ balls
$=324 \times 295$ balls
$=95580$ balls.
= ₹ 255
= ₹ $255 \times 69$
= ₹ 17595
= 48 chalk-sticks
= $1926 \times 48$ chalk-sticks
$=92448$ chalk-sticks
= 3264 marbles

28 sacks contain $=3264 \times 28$ marbles
= 91392 marbles
8. One pair of sun-glasses costs $=₹ 258$

36 pairs of sun-glasses cost $=₹ 258 \times 36$
= ₹ 9288
9. One wagon contains

39 wagon contain
10. One packet contains

275 packets contain
11. In one hour plane travels

In 18 hours plane travels
12. Rows of mango trees

Trees in each row
$\therefore$ Total no. of mango trees
13. Mary ordered
$\because$ one gross
$=144$
$\therefore 35$ gross pencils
14. In one day factory producers

In 6 days factory producers
15. Alice ordered
$\because$ one score
$\therefore 45$ score sweets
$=45 \times 20$ sweets
= 900 sweets
16. In one day cross the bridge
$\because$ month of May has
$=476$ vehicles
$=31$ days
so, In 31 days cross the bridge $=476 \times 31$

$$
=14,756 \text { vehicles }
$$

17. One chair costs

$$
=₹ 275
$$

$\therefore 275$ chairs cost

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =₹ 275 \times 275 \\
& =₹ 75625 \text { Ans. }
\end{aligned}
$$

## 6. DIVISION OF NUMBERS

## EXERCISE 6.1

(a) 1
(b) 2375
(c) 0
(d) 1
(e) 54745
(f) 0
(g) 50
(h) 250
(i) 45
(j) 180
(k) 17
(I) 90
(m) 84
(n) 30
(o) 300
(p) 9
(q) 40
(r) 5

EXERCISE 6.2
(a) $\mathrm{Q}=431=\mathrm{R}=2$
(b) $\mathrm{Q}=35 \mathrm{R}=87$
(c) $\mathrm{Q}=9 \mathrm{R}=783$
(d) $\mathrm{Q}=4782 \mathrm{R}=5$
(e) $Q=69 R=30$
(f) $Q=234 R=90$
(g) $\mathrm{Q}=78 \mathrm{R}=530$
(h) $Q=56 R=800$
(i) $\mathrm{Q}=296 \mathrm{R}=8$
(j) $Q=136 R=95$
(k) $Q=47 R=968$
(I) $Q=15 R=930$
(m) $\mathrm{Q}=1571 \mathrm{R}=6$ (n) $\mathrm{Q}=926 \mathrm{R}=74$

## EXERCISE 6.3

(a)

6 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 7 | 3 | 9 | 2 |
| 6 | $\downarrow$ |  | 1 |
| 1 | 3 |  |  |
| 1 | 2 | $\downarrow$ |  |
|  | 1 | 9 |  |
|  | 1 | 8 | 1 |
|  |  | 1 | 2 |

$$
\left.\begin{array}{l}
\mathrm{Q}=1232 \\
\mathrm{R}=0
\end{array}\right\} \text { Ans. } \frac{12}{0}
$$

(71)
(b)
$4 \begin{array}{r}1424 \\ 5698\end{array}$


$$
\begin{aligned}
& 16 \\
& \hline 09
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 8 \\
& \hline 18
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\left.\begin{array}{l}
Q=1424 \\
R=2
\end{array}\right\}
$$

Ans.
(c) to (h) $\rightarrow$ Do it yourself.
(i)

(k) to (t) $\rightarrow$ Do it yourself.

EXERCISE 6.4
(a)

| , | 16 |
| :---: | :---: |
| $2 3 \longdiv { 7 }$ | 280 |
| 6 | 9 |
|  | 38 |
|  | 23 V |
|  | 150 |

(b)

$\left.\begin{array}{l}\mathrm{Q}=316 \\
\mathrm{R}=12\end{array}\right\}$ Ans. \(\left.$$
\begin{array}{ll}\begin{array}{l}138 \\
12\end{array}
$$ \& \begin{array}{l}\mathrm{Q}=110 <br>

\mathrm{R}=24\end{array}\end{array}\right\}\) Ans. | $\frac{-0}{24}$ |
| :--- |

(c)

|  | 1 | 2 | 8 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 77 |  | 8 | 9 | 8 |
|  | 7 | 7 |  |  |
|  | 2 |  | 9 |  |
|  | 1 | 5 | 4 | $\downarrow$ |
|  |  | 6 | 5 | 8 |
| $Q=128$ |  | 6 | 1 | 6 |
| $\mathrm{R}=42$ | Ans. |  | 4 | 2 |
| tics (3, 4 and 5) |  |  |  | 72 |

(d) to (l) $\rightarrow$ Do it yourself.
(m)

(o) to (t) $\rightarrow$ Do it yourself.

## EXERCISE 6.5

(a)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \\
& \begin{array}{r}
920 \\
\hline 78
\end{array} \\
& \left.\begin{array}{l}
Q=8 \\
R=78
\end{array}\right\} \text { Ans. }
\end{aligned}
$$

(b)
$4 2 5 \longdiv { 2 } \begin{array} { l } { 2 } \\ { \hline 8 } \end{array} 9 6 6$
$\left.\begin{array}{l}Q=2 \\ R=46\end{array}\right\}$ Ans.
(c) Do it yourself.
(d)
$1 2 8 \longdiv { 1 2 5 } \begin{array} { l } { 1 2 } \\ { 1 2 5 } \end{array}$
$\begin{array}{r}128 \\ \hline 277\end{array}$

(e) and (f) $\rightarrow$ Do it yourself.
(g)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 1 8 4 \longdiv { 1 } \begin{array} { r } 
{ 1 0 4 } \\
{ 1 }
\end{array} 9 2 5 \quad 6 \\
& \begin{array}{r}
184 \\
\hline 85
\end{array} \\
& \begin{array}{l}
8 \\
\cline { 2 - 3 } \\
\hline 8 \quad 5
\end{array} \\
& \left.\begin{array}{l}
\mathrm{Q}=104 \\
\mathrm{R}=120
\end{array}\right\} \text { Ans. } \begin{array}{l}
7 \\
\begin{array}{l}
7 \\
1
\end{array} 2 \quad 2 \\
\hline
\end{array} \\
& \text { (h) to (I) } \rightarrow \text { Do it yourself. }
\end{aligned}
$$

## EXERCISE 6.6

1. 7 tricycles cost

1 tricycle costs
= ₹ 8792
= ₹ $(8792 \div 7)$
= ₹ 1256
2. 9 crates have
= 7308 flowers
1 crate has $=(7308 \div 9)$ flowers
$=812$ flowers
3. Total length of rope $=6336$ metres

No. of pieces of length
67 metres can be cut from it $=6336 \div 67$
$=94$ pieces and 38 m left
4. 98 kg of wheat are filled in $=1$ sack

1 kg of wheat are filled in $=\frac{1}{98}$ sack
9996 kg of wheat are filled in $=\frac{1}{98} \times 9996=102$ sacks
5. Per month fee of one student $=₹ 65$

Total fees collected in one month $=₹ 9035$
$\therefore$ No. of students in school $=9035 \div 65$
= 139 students
6. 64 oranges are packed in $=1$ carton

1 orange is packed in $\quad=\frac{1}{64}$ carton
51904 oranges are packed in $=\frac{1}{64} \times 51904$ carton
$=811$ cartons
7. 9675 chocolates are packed in 25 cartons equally.

So, no. of chocolates in each carton

$$
=9675 \div 25
$$

= 387 chocolates
8. The price of one ticket $=₹ 25$

Total collection by tickets = ₹ 9800
$\therefore$ no. of tickets sold $=9800 \div 25$
= 392 tickets
9. Product of two numbers $=53064$
one no.
$=264$
So, other no.
$=53064 \div 264$
$=201$
10. $\therefore 1$ hour
= 60 minutes
or 60 minutes
$=1$ hour
1 minute
$=\frac{1}{60}$ hour
4320 minutes $\quad=\frac{1}{60} \times 4320$ hours
$=\frac{4320}{60}$ hours
$=72$ hours.

## 7. MULTIPLES AND FACTORS

## EXERCISE 7.1

1. (a) $9 \times 1=9$,
$9 \times 2=18$,
$9 \times 3=27$,
$9 \times 4=36$,
$9 \times 5=45$
(b) $12 \times 1=12$,
$12 \times 2=24$,
$12 \times 3=36$,
$12 \times 4=48$,
$12 \times 5=60$
(c) $14 \times 1=14$,
$14 \times 2=28$,
$14 \times 3=42$,
$14 \times 4=56$,
$14 \times 5=70$
(d) $15 \times 1=15, \quad 15 \times 2=30, \quad 15 \times 3=45$, $15 \times 4=60, \quad 15 \times 5=75$
$\begin{aligned} \text { (e) } & 18 \times 1 & =18, & 18 \times 2=36, \\ 18 \times 4 & =72, & 18 \times 5=90 & \end{aligned}$
2. (a) $35,42,49$
(b) $50,60,70$
(c) $80,96,112$
3. (a) 5,8
(b) 9,4
(c) $2,4,6$
4. (a) $15 \div 5=3$

15 is exactly divisible by 5
so it is multiple of 5 . Ans.
(b) $21 \div 4 \Rightarrow Q=4, R=5$

21 is not exactly divisible by 4
so it is not multiple of 4. Ans.
(c) same as (a).
(d) same as (a).
5. Even no. = multiple of 2

Do it yourself.
6. Odd no. $=$ Not multiple of 2

Do it yourself.
7. $52,54,56,58,60,62,64,66,68,70,72,74,76,78,80$
8. $81,83,85,87,89,91,93,95,97,99$
9. $200,400,600,800,1000$
10.(a) 0
(b) 2
(c) 4
(d) 5
(e) 1
(f) 1
(g) multiple
(h) even
(i) even
(j) greater
11.(a) $10,12,14,16,18,20,22,24,26,28$
(b) $11,13,15,17,19,21,23,25,27,29$
(c) 98
(d) 99
(e) 101
(f) 100

## EXERCISE 7.2

1. (a) factors $\begin{array}{llll}\text { (b) factors } & \text { (c) } 6,8 ; 48 & \text { (d) } 4,7 ; 28\end{array}$
2. (a) $6=2 \times 3$
(b) $8=2 \times 4$
(c) $9=3 \times 3=9 \times 1$
(d) $10=2 \times 5$
(e) $12=3 \times 4$
(f) $14=2 \times 7$
factors $=2,3$
factors $=2,4$
factors $=3,9$
factors $=2,5$
factors $=3,4$
factors $=2,7$ Ans.
3. and 4. Do it yourself.
4. (a) $9=3 \times 3=9 \times 1$
all the factors $=1,3,9$ Ans.
(b) $12=3 \times 4=12 \times 1=6 \times 2$
all the factors $=1,2,3,4,6,12$ Ans.
(c) $15=3 \times 5=15 \times 1$
all the factors $=1,3,5,15$ Ans.
(d) $21=3 \times 7=21 \times 1$
all the factors $=1,3,7,21$ Ans.
(e) $28=2 \times 14=4 \times 7=28 \times 1$
all the factors $=1,2,4,7,14,28$ Ans.
(f) $30=2 \times 15=3 \times 10=5 \times 6=10 \times 3=30 \times 1$ all the factors $=1,2,3,5,6,10,15,30$
5. Do it yourself.
6. (a)

$$
5 \begin{array}{|c}
8 \\
\hline 40 \\
40 \\
\hline \quad 0 \\
\hline
\end{array} \text { (exactly divisible) }
$$

So, 5 is a factor of 40 Ans.
(b)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 8 \\
& \begin{array}{r}
8 \\
7 \quad 2 \\
7 \quad 0 \\
\hline
\end{array} \text { (exactly divisible) }
\end{aligned}
$$

So, 9 is a factor of 72 Ans.
(c)

So, 10 is not a factor of 96 Ans.
(d)

$$
\begin{array}{llll}
1 & 3 & \begin{array}{rll}
8 & & \\
1 & 0 & 4 \\
1 & 0 & 4 \\
\hline & 0 & \\
& & \\
\hline
\end{array} \\
\text { (Exactly divisible) }
\end{array}
$$

So, 13 is a factor of 104 Ans.
8. (a) $17=1 \times 17 \rightarrow$ Greatest factor
smallest factor
(b) to (e) $\rightarrow$ Do it yourself.
9. (a) $1=1 \times 1 \rightarrow$ only one factor (1).
(b) $2=1 \times 2 \rightarrow$ Two factors (1, 2)
(c) $5=1 \times 5 \rightarrow$ Two factors $(1,5)$
(d) $6=2 \times 3=1 \times 6 \rightarrow$ Four factors (1, 2, 3, 6)
(e) $9=3 \times 3=9 \times 1 \rightarrow$ Three factors $(1,3,9)$

## EXERCISE 7.3

1. Do it yourself.
2. $15,25,35,45,55$
3. even
4. (a) 0
(b) 2
(c) 5,0
(d) 3
5. (a) 2,3
(b) 3
(c) 5
(d) 3,5
(e) $2,5,10$ (f) 2

## EXERCISE 7.4

1. (a) $9=1 \times 9=3 \times 3$
all the factors $=1,3,9$
(b) $18=1 \times 18=2 \times 9=3 \times 6$
all the factors $=1,2,3,6,9,18$
(c) $20=1 \times 20=2 \times 10=4 \times 5$
all the factors $=1,2,4,5,10,20$
(d) $28=1 \times 28=2 \times 14=4 \times 7$
all the factors $=1,2,4,7,14,28$
(e) $70=1 \times 70=2 \times 35=5 \times 14=7 \times 10$
all the factors $=1,2,5,7,10,14,35,70$
2. (a) $12=12 \times 1=2 \times 6=3 \times 4$
all the factors $=\operatorname{six}(1,2,3,4,6,12)$
(b) $23=23 \times 1$
all the factors = two $(1,23)$
(c) $26=26 \times 1=2 \times 13$
all the factors $=$ four $(1,2,13,26)$
(d) $31=1 \times 31$
all the factors $=$ two $(1,31)$
(e) $38=1 \times 38=2 \times 19$
all the factors $=$ four $(1,2,19,38)$
3. (a) factors of $19=1,19$ (only two factors)
so, 19 is a prime no. Ans.
(b) factors of $28=1,2,4,7,14,28$ (more than two factors)
so, 28 is a composite no.
(c) same as (a)
(d) same as (b)
(e) same as (b)
4. $4,6,8,9,10,12,14,15,16,18$
5. $23,29,31,37$

## EXERCISE 7.5

1. (a) | 2 | 24 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 2 | 12 |
| 3 | 6 |
| 3 | 3 |
|  | 1 |

So, prime factors

$$
=2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \quad \text { Ans }
$$

(c) | 2 | 56 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 2 | 28 |
| 2 | 14 |
| 7 | 7 |
|  | 1 |

So, prime factors

$$
=2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 7 \quad \text { Ans }
$$

(e) to (o) $\rightarrow$ Do it yourself.
2. (a) All the factors of 24

$$
=1,2,3,4,6,8,12,24
$$

All the factors of 28

$$
=1,2,4,7,14,28
$$

Common factors

$$
=1,2,4
$$

HCF

(b) | 2 | 68 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 2 | 34 |
| 17 | 17 |
|  | 1 |

So, prime factors

$$
=2 \times 2 \times 17 \quad \text { Ans. }
$$

$$
=4 \quad \text { Ans. }
$$

(b) All the factors of 25

$$
=1,5,25
$$

All the factors of 35

$$
=1,5,7,35
$$

Common factors

$$
=1,5
$$

HCF

$$
=5
$$

Ans.
(c) Do it yourself.
(d) All the factors of 16

All the factors of 24

$$
=1,2,3,4,6,8,12,24
$$

All the factors of 40

$$
=1,2,4,5,8,10,20,40
$$

Common factors

$$
=1,2,4,8
$$

HCF
(e) Do it yourself.

$$
=1,2,4,8,16
$$

$$
=8
$$

Ans.

(b) | 2 | 42 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 3 | 21 |
| 7 | 7 |
|  | 1 |

So, prime factors
$=2 \times 3 \times 7$ Ans.
3.


(b) | 15 | 30,45 |
| :--- | ---: |
|  | $2, \quad 3$ |

(c) | 8 | 40,48 |
| :--- | ---: |
|  | 5,6 |

HCF = 15 Ans.
$\mathrm{HCF}=8$ Ans.
(d) and (e) $\rightarrow$ Do it yourself.

(f) | 2 | 12, | 16, | 20 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 2 | 6, | 8, | 10 |
|  | 3, | 4, | 5 |

(g) | 5 | $25,35,45$ |
| :--- | ---: |
|  | $5, ~ 7$, |

HCF $=2 \times 2=4$ Ans.
$\mathrm{HCF}=5$ Ans.
(h) to (j) $\rightarrow$ Do it yourself.

## EXERCISE 7.6

1. (a) Multiples of $4=4,8,12,16,20,24 \ldots$

Multiples of $6=6,12,18,24,30 \ldots$
Common multiples $=12,24 \ldots$
LCM $=12$ Ans.
(b) Multiples of $6=6,12,18,24,30,36,42 \ldots$

Multiples of $8=8,16,24,32,40,48 \ldots$
Common multiples $=24,48 \ldots$
LCM $=24$ Ans.
(c) Multiples of $8=8,16,24,32,40,48,56,64,72,80 \ldots$

Multiples of $10=10,20,30,40,50,60,70,80 \ldots$
Common multiples $=40,80 \ldots$
LCM $=40$ Ans.
(d) Multiples of $9=9,18,27,36,45,54,63,72 \ldots$

Multiples of $12=12,24,36,48,60,72 \ldots$
Common multiples $=36,72 \ldots$
LCM $=36$ Ans.
(e) Multiples of $9=9,18,27,36,45,54,63,72 \ldots$

Multiples of $15=15,30,45,60,75,90,105,120 \ldots$
Common multiples $=45,90 \ldots$
LCM $=45$ Ans.
(f) to (i) $\rightarrow$ Do it yourself.
2.

(a) | 2 | 8, | 12 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | 4, | 6 |
|  | 2, | 3 |

(b) | 3 | 9,21 |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | 3,7 |

LCM $=2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3$
LCM $=3 \times 3 \times 7$
$=24$ Ans.
$=63$ Ans.

(c) | 2 | 12,20 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 2 | 6,10 |
|  | $3, \quad 5$ |

(d) and (e) $\rightarrow$ Do it yourself.
LCM $=2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 5$
$=60$ Ans.

(f) | 2 | 8, | 10 | 12 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 2 | 4, | 5, | 6 |
|  | 2, | 5, | 3 |

LCM $=2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times$
$5=120$ Ans.

(g) | 2 | $10,15,20$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| 5 | $5,15,10$ |
|  | $1,3,2$ |

LCM $=2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 5$
$=60$ Ans.
(h) to (o) $\rightarrow$ Do it yourself.

## 8. FRACTIONAL NUMBERS

## EXERCISE 8.1

1. (a) $\frac{2}{6}, \frac{4}{12}$
(b) $\frac{3}{4}, \frac{6}{8}$,
(c) $\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{6}$
(d) $\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{4}$
2. (a) $2,4,3$
(b) 2, 4, 6
3. (a) $\frac{4}{16}, \frac{5}{20}, \frac{6}{24}$
(b) $\frac{4}{28}, \frac{5}{35}, \frac{6}{24}$
(c) $\frac{4}{24}, \frac{5}{30}, \frac{6}{36}$
(d) $\frac{8}{12}, \frac{10}{15}, \frac{12}{18}$
(e) $\frac{12}{16}, \frac{15}{20}, \frac{18}{24}$
(f) $\frac{16}{20}, \frac{20}{25}, \frac{24}{30}$
4. (a) 3
(b) 6
(c) 12
(d) 10
(e) 5
(f) 35
(g) 2
(h) 10
5. (a) $\frac{6}{7}=\frac{6 \times 3}{7 \times 3}=\frac{18}{21}$ Ans.
(b) $\frac{6}{7}=\frac{6 \times 4}{7 \times 4}=\frac{24}{28}$ Ans.
(c) $\frac{6}{7}=\frac{6 \times 5}{7 \times 5}=\frac{30}{35}$ Ans.
(d) $\frac{6}{7}=\frac{6 \times 6}{7 \times 6}=\frac{36}{42}$ Ans.
6. (a) $\frac{40}{48}=\frac{40 \div 8}{48 \div 8}=\frac{5}{6}$ Ans.
(b) $\frac{40}{48}=\frac{40 \div 4}{48 \div 4}=\frac{10}{12}$ Ans.
(c) $\frac{40}{48}=\frac{40 \div 2}{48 \div 2}=\frac{20}{24}$ Ans.
(d) $\frac{40}{48}=\frac{40 \div 8}{48 \div 8}=\frac{5}{6}$ Ans.

## EXERCISE 8.2

1. (a)
$\frac{2}{5} \geq \frac{8}{20}$
$\left.\begin{array}{l}2 \times 20=40 \\ 8 \times 5=40\end{array}\right\}$
So, $\frac{2}{5}$ and $\frac{8}{20}$ are
equivalent Yes
(b) $\frac{10}{15}>\frac{2}{3}$
$\left.\begin{array}{l}10 \times 3=30 \\ 15 \times 2=30\end{array}\right\}$
So,
Yes
(c)
c) $\frac{2}{3}<\frac{3}{4}$
$2 \times 4=8$
$3 \times 3=9$,
So, $\quad \mathrm{No}$
(b) $\frac{7}{8}>\frac{9}{10}$

$$
\left.\begin{array}{l}
7 \times 10=70 \\
8 \times 9=72
\end{array}\right\}
$$

So,
No
2. (a) Factors of $18=1,2,3,6,9,18$

Factors of $24=1,2,3,4,6,8,12,24$
Common factors $=1,2,3,6$ (more then 1 )
So, it is not in lowest term. Ans.
(b) same as (a)
(c) Factors of $9=1,3,9$

Factors of $11=1,11$

Common factor $=$ only 1
So, it is in lowest term. Ans.
(d) $\rightarrow$ same as (a)
(e) $\rightarrow$ same as (a)
(f) $\rightarrow$ same as (c)
3. (a) $\frac{8}{12}=\frac{8 \div 4}{12 \div 4}=\frac{2}{3}$ Ans.
(b) $\frac{12}{20}=\frac{12 \div 4}{20 \div 4}=\frac{3}{5}$ Ans.
(c) $\frac{25}{30}=\frac{25 \div 5}{30 \div 5}=\frac{5}{6}$ Ans.
(d) $\frac{18}{45}=\frac{18 \div 9}{45 \div 9}=\frac{2}{5}$ Ans.
(e) $\frac{40}{72}=\frac{40 \div 8}{72 \div 8}=\frac{5}{9}$ Ans.
(f) $\frac{100}{120}=\frac{100 \div 20}{120 \div 20}=\frac{5}{6}$ Ans.

## EXERCISE 8.3

1. (a) $>$ (b) < (c) $>$ (d) $<$ (e) $>$ (f) $>$ (g) $<$ (h) $<$ (i) $<$ (j) $>$ (k) $<$ (l) $<$
2. 

(a) <
(b) $>$
(c) <
(d) $<$
3.
(a) $\frac{3}{13}, \frac{4}{13}, \frac{6}{13}, \frac{7}{13}$
(b) $\frac{5}{16}, \frac{7}{16}, \frac{9}{16}, \frac{13}{16}$
(c) $\frac{11}{21}, \frac{13}{21}, \frac{16}{21}, \frac{19}{21}$
(d) $\frac{5}{20}, \frac{9}{20}, \frac{13}{20}, \frac{17}{20}$
4. (a) $\frac{11}{12}, \frac{7}{12}, \frac{5}{12}, \frac{1}{12}$
(b) $\frac{17}{18}, \frac{13}{18}, \frac{7}{18}, \frac{5}{18}$
(c) $\frac{13}{15}, \frac{11}{15}, \frac{7}{15}, \frac{4}{15}$
(d) $\frac{16}{17}, \frac{14}{17}, \frac{8}{17}, \frac{4}{17}$
5. (a) $\frac{1}{25}, \frac{1}{21}, \frac{1}{18}, \frac{1}{15}$
(b) $\frac{8}{31}, \frac{8}{21}, \frac{8}{19}, \frac{8}{17}$
(c) $\frac{3}{19}, \frac{3}{17}, \frac{3}{11}, \frac{3}{7}$
(d) $\frac{9}{19}, \frac{9}{16}, \frac{9}{14}, \frac{9}{11}$
6. (a) $\frac{1}{9}, \frac{1}{10}, \frac{1}{13}, \frac{1}{16}$
(b) $\frac{4}{7}, \frac{4}{9}, \frac{4}{15}, \frac{4}{21}$
(c) $\frac{5}{6}, \frac{5}{9}, \frac{5}{12}, \frac{5}{16}$
(d) $\frac{12}{13}, \frac{12}{17}, \frac{12}{19}, \frac{12}{23}$
7. (a) $\frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{3}{10}, \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow \mathrm{LCM}$ of $4,6,10,2=60$

So, $\frac{3}{4}=\frac{3 \times 15}{4 \times 15}=\frac{45}{60}$
$\frac{5}{6}=\frac{5 \times 10}{6 \times 10}=\frac{50}{60}$
$\frac{3}{10}=\frac{3 \times 6}{10 \times 6}=\frac{18}{60}$
$\frac{1}{2}=\frac{1 \times 30}{2 \times 30}=\frac{30}{60}$

$$
\begin{array}{l|lll}
\hline 2 & 4,6,10, & 2 \\
\hline & 2,3, & 5, & 1 \\
\text { LCM }=2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 5=60
\end{array}
$$

ascending order $=\frac{18}{60}<\frac{30}{60}<\frac{45}{60}<\frac{50}{60}$
corresponding fractions $=\frac{3}{10}<\frac{1}{2}<\frac{3}{4}<\frac{5}{6}$ Ans.
(b) $\frac{1}{5}, \frac{7}{10}, \frac{4}{15}, \frac{9}{20} \Rightarrow$ LCM of $5,10,15,20=120$

So, $\frac{1}{5}=\frac{1 \times 24}{5 \times 24}=\frac{24}{120}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{7}{10}=\frac{7 \times 12}{10 \times 12}=\frac{84}{120} \\
& \frac{4}{15}=\frac{4 \times 8}{15 \times 8}=\frac{32}{120} \\
& \frac{9}{20}=\frac{9 \times 6}{20 \times 6}=\frac{54}{120}
\end{aligned}
$$

| 5 | $5,10,15,20$ |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | $1,2,3,4$ |
| LCM $=2 \times 3 \times 4 \times 5=120$ |  |

ascending order $=\frac{24}{120}<\frac{32}{120}<\frac{54}{120}<\frac{84}{120}$
corresponding fractions $=\frac{1}{5}<\frac{4}{15}<\frac{9}{20}<\frac{7}{10}$ Ans.
(c) to (d) $\rightarrow$ Do it yourself.
8. (a) $\frac{7}{10}, \frac{1}{6}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{4} \Rightarrow \mathrm{LCM}$ of $10,6,4,4=60$

So, $\frac{7}{10}=\frac{7 \times 6}{10 \times 6}=\frac{42}{60}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{6}=\frac{1 \times 10}{6 \times 10}=\frac{10}{60} \\
& \frac{3}{4}=\frac{3 \times 15}{4 \times 15}=\frac{45}{60} \\
& \frac{1}{4}=\frac{1 \times 15}{4 \times 15}=\frac{15}{60}
\end{aligned}
$$

| 2 | 10, | 6, | 4, | 4 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | :--- |
|  | 5, | 3, | 2, | 2 |
| LCM $=2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 5=60$ |  |  |  |  |

descending order $=\frac{45}{60}>\frac{42}{60}>\frac{15}{60}>\frac{10}{60}$
corresponding fractions $=\frac{3}{4}>\frac{7}{10}>\frac{1}{4}>\frac{1}{6}$ Ans.
(b) to (d) $\rightarrow$ Do it yourself.
9. Alice walked $=\frac{3}{4} \mathrm{~km}$

Sarah walked $=\frac{3}{5} \mathrm{~km}$
$\because \frac{3}{4}>\frac{3}{5}$
So, Alice walked more. Ans.
10. Green frog leaped $=\frac{18}{25} \mathrm{~m}$

Black frog leaped $=\frac{3}{4} \mathrm{~m}$
LCM of $25,4=100$
So, $\frac{18}{25}=\frac{18 \times 4}{25 \times 4}=\frac{72}{100}$ and $\frac{3}{4}=\frac{3 \times 25}{4 \times 25}=\frac{75}{100}$
$\because \frac{72}{100}<\frac{75}{100}$ or $\frac{18}{25}<\frac{3}{4}$
Hence we can say
Black frog leaped more. Ans.

## EXERCISE 8.4

1. (a) $\frac{14}{31}$
(b) $\frac{3}{7}$
(c) $\frac{13}{15}$
(d) $\frac{3}{10}$
(e) $\frac{50}{10}$
2. (a) $3 \div 5$
(b) $14 \div 4$
(c) $20 \div 5$
(d) $19 \div 6$ (e) $3 \div 10$
3. (a) $\frac{16}{5}=16 \div 5 \rightarrow \mathrm{Q}=3, \mathrm{R}=1$ So, $\frac{16}{5}=3+\frac{1}{5}=3 \frac{1}{5}$ Ans.
(b) $\frac{18}{7}=18 \div 7 \rightarrow \mathrm{Q}=2, \mathrm{R}=4$ So, $\frac{18}{7}=2+\frac{4}{7}=2 \frac{4}{7}$ Ans.
(c) $\frac{41}{8}=41 \div 8 \rightarrow \mathrm{Q}=5, \mathrm{R}=1$ So, $\frac{41}{8}=5+\frac{1}{8}=5 \frac{1}{8}$ Ans.
(d) $\frac{59}{8}=59 \div 8 \rightarrow \mathrm{Q}=7, \mathrm{R}=3$ So, $\frac{59}{8}=7+\frac{3}{8}=7 \frac{3}{8}$ Ans.
(e) $\frac{47}{9}=47 \div 9 \rightarrow \mathrm{Q}=5, \mathrm{R}=2$ So, $\frac{47}{9}=5+\frac{2}{9}=5 \frac{2}{9}$ Ans.
4. (a) $3 \frac{2}{7}=\frac{3 \times 7+2}{7}=\frac{21+2}{7}=\frac{23}{7}$ Ans.
(b) $5 \frac{1}{2}=\frac{5 \times 2+1}{2}=\frac{10+1}{2}=\frac{11}{2}$ Ans.
(c) $2 \frac{1}{4}=\frac{2 \times 4+1}{4}=\frac{8+1}{4}=\frac{9}{4}$ Ans.
(d) $4 \frac{2}{3}=\frac{4 \times 3+2}{3}=\frac{12+2}{3}=\frac{14}{3}$ Ans.
(e) $6 \frac{5}{8}=\frac{6 \times 8+5}{8}=\frac{48+5}{3}=\frac{53}{8}$ Ans.
5. (a) $1 \frac{5}{12}=\frac{1 \times 12+5}{12}=\frac{17}{12}$ So, $\frac{17}{12}>\frac{14}{12}$ Ans.
(b) $4 \frac{3}{8}=\frac{4 \times 8+3}{8}=\frac{32+3}{8}=\frac{35}{8}$

Now fractions are $\frac{11}{2}$ and $\frac{35}{8}$
LCM of 2 and $8=8$
So, $\frac{11}{2}=\frac{11 \times 4}{2 \times 4}=\frac{44}{8}$ and $\frac{35}{8}=\frac{35 \times 1}{8 \times 1}=\frac{35}{8}$
$\therefore \frac{44}{8}>\frac{35}{8}$ OR $\frac{11}{2}>4 \frac{3}{8}$ Ans.
(c) $5 \frac{1}{2}=\frac{5 \times 2+1}{2}=\frac{10+1}{2}=\frac{11}{2}$

Now, $\frac{5}{2}<\frac{11}{2}$ OR $\frac{5}{2}<5 \frac{1}{2}$ Ans.
(d) $3 \frac{3}{4}=\frac{3 \times 4+3}{4}=\frac{12+3}{4}=\frac{15}{4}$

$$
\text { So, } \frac{19}{4}>\frac{15}{4} \text { OR } \frac{19}{4}>3 \frac{3}{4} \text { Ans. }
$$

(e) $3 \frac{1}{2}=\frac{3 \times 2+1}{2}=\frac{6+1}{2}=\frac{7}{2}$

Now, $\frac{7}{3}<\frac{7}{2}$ OR $\frac{7}{3}<3 \frac{1}{2}$ Ans.

## EXERCISE 8.5

1. (a) $\frac{7}{12}+\frac{5}{12}+\frac{11}{12}=\frac{7+5+11}{12}=\frac{23}{12}=1 \frac{11}{12}$ Ans.
(b) $\frac{3}{16}+\frac{5}{16}+\frac{9}{16}=\frac{3+5+9}{16}=\frac{17}{16}=1 \frac{1}{16}$ Ans.
(c) $2 \frac{1}{3}+1 \frac{1}{3}+4 \frac{2}{3}=\frac{7}{3}+\frac{4}{3}+\frac{14}{3}=\frac{7+4+14}{3}$

$$
=\frac{25}{3}=8 \frac{1}{3} \text { Ans. }
$$

(d) $1 \frac{4}{7}+2 \frac{3}{7}+\frac{10}{7}=\frac{11}{7}+\frac{17}{7}+\frac{10}{7}=\frac{11+17+10}{7}$

$$
=\frac{38}{7}=5 \frac{3}{7} \text { Ans. }
$$

2. (a) $\frac{5}{6}+\frac{7}{8}$
(LCM of $6,8=48$ )
So, $\frac{5}{6}=\frac{5 \times 8}{6 \times 8}=\frac{40}{48} \quad$ And $\quad \frac{7}{8}=\frac{7 \times 6}{8 \times 6}=\frac{42}{48}$
So, $\frac{5}{6}+\frac{7}{8}=\frac{40}{48}+\frac{42}{48}=\frac{82}{48}=\frac{41}{24}=1 \frac{17}{24}$ Ans.
(b) to (d) $\rightarrow$ Do it yourself.
(e) $\frac{8}{15}+\frac{7}{10}+\frac{11}{18}$
(LCM of $15,10,18=90$ )
So, $\frac{8}{15}=\frac{8 \times 6}{15 \times 6}=\frac{48}{90}$

| 3 | 15,10, |
| :--- | ---: |
| 2 | 18 |
| 2,10, | 6 |
|  | $5, \quad 5$, |
| LCM $=2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5=90$ |  |

$\frac{7}{10}=\frac{7 \times 9}{10 \times 9}=\frac{63}{90}$
$\frac{11}{18}=\frac{11 \times 5}{18 \times 5}=\frac{55}{90}$
So, $\frac{8}{15}+\frac{7}{10}+\frac{11}{18}=\frac{48}{90}+\frac{63}{90}+\frac{55}{90}=\frac{166}{90}=1 \frac{76}{90}$ Ans.
(f) to (I) $\rightarrow$ Do it yourself.
3. Total leap by frog $=\left(\frac{3}{4}+\frac{3}{5}+\frac{7}{10}\right) m=\left(\frac{15}{20}+\frac{12}{20}+\frac{14}{20}\right) m$

$$
=\left(\frac{15+12+14}{20}\right) m=\frac{41}{20} m=2 \frac{1}{20} m
$$

4. Sugar for coffee $=3 \frac{1}{2}$ cups $=\frac{7}{2}$ cups Sugar for ice-cream $=2 \frac{1}{4}$ cups $=\frac{9}{4}$ cups

Sugar for cake

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =3 \frac{1}{4} \text { cups }=\frac{7}{2} \text { cups } \\
& =\left(\frac{3}{2}+\frac{9}{4}+\frac{7}{2}\right) \text { cups } \\
& =\left(\frac{6}{4}+\frac{9}{4}+\frac{14}{4}\right) \text { cups } \\
& =\left(\frac{6+9+14}{4}\right) \text { cups } \\
& =\frac{29}{4} \text { cups }=7 \frac{1}{4} \text { cups. }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\text { Total cups of sugar } \quad=\left(\frac{3}{2}+\frac{9}{4}+\frac{7}{2}\right) \text { cups }
$$

5. Pink ribbon

$$
=1 \frac{4}{5} \text { metre }
$$

Green ribbon $\quad=2 \frac{1}{4}$ metre
Yellow ribbon $\quad=2 \frac{1}{2}$ metre
Blue ribbon $\quad=1 \frac{3}{5}$ metre
Total length of all ribbons

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =\left(1 \frac{4}{5}+2 \frac{1}{4}+2 \frac{1}{2}+1 \frac{3}{5}\right) \mathrm{m} \\
& =\left(\frac{9}{5}+\frac{9}{4}+\frac{5}{2}+\frac{8}{5}\right) \mathrm{m} \\
& =\left(\frac{36}{20}+\frac{45}{20}+\frac{50}{20}+\frac{32}{20}\right) \mathrm{m} \\
& =\left(\frac{36+45+50+32}{20}\right) \mathrm{m} \\
& =\frac{163}{20} \mathrm{~m}=8 \frac{3}{20} \mathrm{~m} \text { Ans. }
\end{aligned}
$$

6. Peas
$=\frac{3}{10} \mathrm{~kg}$.

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { Potatoes } & =1 \frac{2}{5} \mathrm{~kg} . \\
\text { Tomatoes } & =\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~kg} .
\end{array}
$$

Total quantity of vegetables

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =\left(\frac{3}{10}+1 \frac{2}{5}+\frac{1}{2}\right) \mathrm{kg} . \\
& =\left(\frac{3}{10}+\frac{7}{5}+\frac{1}{2}\right) \mathrm{kg} . \\
& =\left(\frac{15}{50}+\frac{70}{50}+\frac{25}{50}\right) \mathrm{kg} . \\
& =\left(\frac{15+70+25}{50}\right) \mathrm{kg} . \\
& =\frac{110}{50} \mathrm{~kg} .=\frac{11}{5} \mathrm{~kg} .=2 \frac{1}{5} \mathrm{~kg} .
\end{aligned}
$$

7. Travelled by train $=3 \frac{5}{6}$ hours

Travelled by bus $\quad=2 \frac{1}{4}$ hours
Total travelling time $=\left(3 \frac{5}{6}+2 \frac{1}{4}+\frac{2}{5}\right)$ hours.
$=\left(\frac{23}{6}+\frac{9}{4}+\frac{2}{5}\right)$ hours.
$=\left(\frac{230}{60}+\frac{135}{60}+\frac{24}{60}\right)$ hours.
$=\left(\frac{230+135+24}{60}\right)$ hours.
$=\frac{389}{60}=6 \frac{29}{60}$ hours.

## 9. DECIMAL FRACTIONS

## EXERCISE 9.1

1. (a) $\frac{5}{10}, .5$
(b) $\frac{7}{10}, 7$
(c) $\frac{3}{10}, 3$
(d) $\frac{4}{10}, \quad .4$
2. (a) $1 \cdot 3$
(b) 1.5
(c) $1 \cdot 7$
(d) 1.6
3. (a) $\frac{17}{100}, 17$
(b) $\frac{25}{100}, \cdot 25$
(c) $\frac{36}{100}, \cdot 36$
(d) $\frac{35}{100}, 35$
4. (a) 3
(b) 7
(c) 18
(d) 2.3
(e) $1 \cdot 2$
(f) $9 \cdot 7$
(g) 03
(h) 09
(i) 21
(j) 39
(k) 2.13
(I) 4.45
(m) 002
(n) 013
(o) 075
(p) 227
(q) 575
(r) 2.373
5. (a) two point four five
(b) three point zero seven
(c) twenty-one point three five
(d) two hundred sixteen point three six
(e) seven point three five seven
(f) eight point four zero eight
6. (a) $2 \cdot 12$ (b) 576

## EXERCISE 9.2

1. (a) tens, 30
(b) tenths 5
(c) thousandths, 006
(d) hundredths, 07
2. (a) $30,5,-4, \cdot 05$
(b) $10,3, \cdot 2, \cdot 06, \cdot 008$
(c) $20,8, \cdot 3, \cdot 02, \cdot 004$
(d) $100,0,5,0,0, \cdot 005$
(e) $700,50,1, \cdot 3, \cdot 02, \cdot 004$
3. (a) $8+3+06$
(b) $20+4+\cdot 09$
(c) $30+2+4+\cdot 08+\cdot 002$
(d) $20+\cdot 07$
(e) $10+8+005$

Mathematics (3, 4 and 5)
4. (a) $\frac{3}{10}+\frac{7}{100}+\frac{6}{1000}=0.3+0.07+0.006=0.376$ Ans.
(b) $6+\frac{8}{10}+\frac{4}{100}+\frac{5}{1000}=6+0.8+0.04+0.005=6.845$ Ans.
(c) $40+2+0.3+0.04+0.009=42.349$ Ans.
5. (a) Yes.
(b) Yes.
(c) No .
(d) Yes.

## EXERCISE 9.3

1. (a)
0.3
0.300
0.300
$\square$ 1.784
(b) $0.87 \square 0.9$ $0.87 \square 0.90$ $8 7 \longdiv { < } 9 0$
or $0.3 \ll 1.784$ Ans. or $0.87<0.9$ Ans.
(c)

(d) $0.6 \square 0.25$


5500 > 5055
or $5.5 \triangle>5.055$ Ans.
 $6 0 \longdiv { > } 2 5$
(e) to (h) $\rightarrow$ Do it yourself.
2. (a) $5.12,5,5.3,5.21$
$512,500,530,521$
5.12, 5.00, 5.30, 5.21

Or $5<5.12<5.21<5.3$ Ans.
(b) $6.051,6.12,6.01,6.1$

6051, 6120, 6010, 6100
$6.051,6.120,6.010,6.100$
$6.01<6.051<6.1<6.12$ Ans.
(c) to (f) $\rightarrow$ Do it yourself.
3. (a) $2.8,2.08,2.81,2.018 \quad 2.800,2.080,2.810,2.018$
$2800,2080,2810,2018 \quad 2810>2800>2080>2018$
Or $2.81>2.8>2.08>2.018$ Ans.
(b) 2.37, 3.12, 2.7, 3.01

237, 312, 270, 301
2.37, 3.12, 2.70, 3.01
$312>301>270>237$

Or $3.12>3.01>2.7>2.37$

## EXERCISE 9.4

1. (a) 9.957
(b) $182 \cdot 175$
(c) $65 \cdot 296$
(d) 422.008
2. (a)

| 0.10 |
| ---: |
| 1.00 |
| +11.50 |
| 12.60 |

(b) 12.01
(c) 162.100 1. 10 16.210


| 6.621 |
| ---: |
| $+\quad 1.621$ |
| 179.931 |

(d) 10.00
(e) 16.75
(f) 13.070 71.300
$\begin{array}{r}10.01 \\ +20.11 \\ \hline\end{array}$
(g) 6.401
(h) 11.39
(i) 3.870
24.80
$\begin{array}{r}6.067 \\ +91.933 \\ \hline\end{array}$
3. (a) 38.234
(b) 306.000 (c)
c) 54.60
$\begin{array}{r}-28.567 \\ \hline 9.667\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{r}-276.101 \\ \hline 29.899 \\ \hline 14.73 \\ \hline\end{array}$
(d) 100.100
(e) 123.456
(f) 100.000
$\begin{array}{r}45.545 \\ -54.555 \\ \hline\end{array}$


| 123.121 |
| ---: |
| 76.879 |

(g) 10.710
(h) 8.00

| 7.813 |
| ---: |
| $-\quad 2.897$ |


| -6.04 |
| ---: |
| 1.96 |

(i) 11.23

| 7.00 |
| ---: |
| $-\quad 4.23$ |

4. (a) 0.51
$\begin{array}{r}-0.34 \\ \hline 0.17 \\ \hline\end{array}$
Mathematics (3, 4 and 5)
(b) 6.00

| -3.21 |
| ---: |
| 2.79 |

(94)
(c) 35.20

| -17.28 |
| ---: |
| 17.92 |

Teacher Manual
(d) 8.30
(e) 11.01
(f) 43.10
$\begin{array}{r}-2.14 \\ \hline 6.16 \\ \hline\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{r}-10.11 \\ \hline 0.9 \\ \hline\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{r}32.05 \\ -31.05 \\ \hline\end{array}$
5. Measurement on a certain day $=4.6 \mathrm{~cm}$.

Next day, grew another height $\quad=0.65 \mathrm{~cm}$.
Now, its height
6. Travelled by bus

Travelled by autorikshaw
Travelled by foot
Total travel
$=45.3 \mathrm{~km}$
$=4.51 \mathrm{~km}$
45 . 30

- 4.51
$=0.45 \mathrm{~km} \quad+0.45$
$=50.26 \mathrm{~km} \quad 50.26$

7. Winning player got

Second player got

$$
=25 \text { points }
$$

More points got by winning player $=25-18.5 \quad \frac{-18.5}{6.5}$
$=6.5$ points
8. Milkman had milk $=20.5$ litres

He sold
Now he left with

$$
=4.750 \text { litres }
$$

## 10. MEASUREMENT IN METRIC SYSTEM

## EXERCISE 10.1

1. and $\mathbf{2} \rightarrow$ Do it yourself.
2. In a line there are

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =7 \text { ants } \\
& =8 \mathrm{~mm} \\
& =7 \times 8 \mathrm{~mm} \\
& =56 \mathrm{~mm}=\frac{56}{10} \mathrm{~cm}=5.6 \mathrm{~cm}
\end{aligned}
$$

Length of each ant
Then length of line

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =15.750 \text { litres } 20.500 \\
& =20.5-15.750 \frac{-15.750}{4.750}
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =0.65 \mathrm{~cm} \text {. } \\
& \begin{array}{l}
=4.6+0.65 \quad+0.65 \\
=5.25 \mathrm{~cm} . \quad \begin{array}{r}
5.25 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\end{array}
\end{aligned}
$$

4. Thickness of 100 biscuits $=58 \mathrm{~cm}$

Thickness of 1 biscuit $=\frac{58}{100} \mathrm{~cm}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =0.58 \mathrm{~cm}=0.58 \times 10 \mathrm{~mm} \\
& =5.8 \mathrm{~mm} \text { Ans. }
\end{aligned}
$$

5. Length of rabbit's hop $=2 \mathrm{~m}$

In travelling 1 km ( 1000 m )
rabit takes no. of hops

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =\frac{1000 \mathrm{~m}}{2 \mathrm{~m}} \\
& =500 \text { hops Ans. }
\end{aligned}
$$

6. Height of max

Height of patricia
$=0.91 \mathrm{~m}$
0.91

More height of max
$=0.79 \mathrm{~m}$

| 0.79 |
| ---: |
| -0.79 |
| 0.12 |

$=0.91-0.79=0.12 \mathrm{~m}$
$=0.12 \times 100=12 \mathrm{~cm}$ Ans.
7. Table's height

$$
=0.97 \mathrm{~m}
$$

Stool's height
Total height of both

$$
=0.68 \mathrm{~m}
$$

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
=0.97+0.68 \\
= & 1.65 \mathrm{~m} \text { Ans. }
\end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r}
0.97 \\
\hline 0.68 \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

8. Thickness of one book $=0.9 \mathrm{~cm}$

Thickness of 23 such books $=0.9 \times 23$

$$
=20.7 \mathrm{~cm}
$$

| 23 |
| ---: |
| $\times \quad 0.9$ |
| 20.7 |

## EXERCISE 10.2

1. (a) $0.345 \mathrm{~kg}=0.345 \times 1000 \mathrm{~g}=345 \mathrm{~g}$
(b) $0.820 \mathrm{~kg}=0.820 \times 1000 \mathrm{~g}=820 \mathrm{~g}$
(c) $1.3 \mathrm{~kg}=1.3 \times 1000 \mathrm{~g}=1300 \mathrm{~g}$
(d) $5.05 \mathrm{~kg}=5.05 \times 1000 \mathrm{~g}=5050 \mathrm{~g}$
(e) $7.575 \mathrm{~kg}=7.575 \times 1000 \mathrm{~g}=7575 \mathrm{~g}$
(f) $11.75 \mathrm{~kg}=11.75 \times 1000 \mathrm{~g}=11750 \mathrm{~g}$ Ans.
2. (a) $4375 \mathrm{~g}=\frac{4375}{1000} \mathrm{~kg}=4.375 \mathrm{~kg}$
(b) $22395 \mathrm{~g}=\frac{22395}{1000} \mathrm{~kg}=22.395 \mathrm{~kg}$
(c) $8008 \mathrm{~g}=\frac{8008}{1000} \mathrm{~kg}=8.008 \mathrm{~kg}$
(d) $1976 \mathrm{~g}=\frac{1976}{1000} \mathrm{~kg}=1.976 \mathrm{~kg}$
(e) $25700 \mathrm{~g}=\frac{25700}{1000} \mathrm{~kg}=25.7 \mathrm{~kg}$
(f) $850 \mathrm{~g}=\frac{850}{1000} \mathrm{~kg}=0.85 \mathrm{~kg}$
3. Weight of vegetables $=1.375 \mathrm{~kg}$

Weight of fruits
Total weight

$$
=+2.185 \mathrm{~kg}
$$

$=3.560 \mathrm{~kg}$
4. Grapes in carton
$=5 \mathrm{~kg} 140 \mathrm{~g}=5.140 \mathrm{~kg}$
Grapes left $\quad=2 \mathrm{~kg} \mathrm{745g=2.745kg}$
Grapes eaten by Mary's friends $=5.140-2.745=2.395 \mathrm{~kg}$.
5. Weight of sugar $=1 \mathrm{~kg} 250 \mathrm{~g}=1.250 \mathrm{~kg}$

Weight of rice $\quad=2 \mathrm{~kg} \mathrm{675} \mathrm{g}=2.675 \mathrm{~kg}$
Weight of flour $\quad=3 \mathrm{~kg} \mathrm{625g=+3.625kg}$
Total weight
$=\quad 7.550 \mathrm{~kg}$
6. George bought $=50 \mathrm{~kg}$ of potatoes

He was left with $\quad=34.750 \mathrm{~kg}$ of potatoes
He sold

$$
\begin{array}{r}
50.000 \mathrm{~kg} \\
-34.750 \mathrm{~kg} \\
\hline 15.250 \mathrm{~kg}
\end{array}
$$

7. Weight of 7 packets of buscuits $=9.345 \mathrm{~kg}$

Weight of 1 packet of buscuits $=\frac{9.345}{7} \mathrm{~kg}$

8. Weight of 1 carton
weight of 9 cartons

$$
\begin{array}{lr}
=10.350 \mathrm{~kg} \\
=10.350 \times 9 \\
=93.150 \mathrm{~kg} & 10.350 \\
\end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r}
93.150 \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

## EXERCISE 10.3

1. and $\mathbf{2} \rightarrow$ Do it yourself.
2. Chris had

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =1.250 l \text { of petrol } \\
& =15.870 l \\
& =1.250+15.870+15.250 \\
& =17.120 \text { litre } \begin{array}{r}
17.870 \\
120
\end{array}
\end{aligned}
$$

He got more petrol
Now he have petrol
4. Total milk

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =4.750 l+5.350 l \begin{array}{r}
4.750 \\
\\
=10.100 l \\
\end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l}
\text { +5.350} \\
\hline 10.100 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\end{aligned}
$$

5. Paint used for window $=21750 \mathrm{ml}$

$$
=2.750 l
$$

$$
2.750
$$

Paint used for doors

> | $=61280 \mathrm{ml} \quad+6.280$ |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $=6.280 l$ | 9.030 |

Total paint used

$$
9.030 l
$$

6. Water in bucket $=181550 \mathrm{ml}$

|  | $=18.550 l$ | 20.000 |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Capacity of bucket | $=20 l$ | -18.550 |
| Water can be filled over | $=$ | -450 |
|  |  |  |

7. Kerosene was
= 190.5 l
Kerosene sold
$=165.75 \mathrm{l} \quad 190.50$
Kerosene left
$=190.5-165.75 l-165.75$

$=24.75 l \quad$| 24.75 |
| :--- |

8. Joseph was carrying

Milk left
Spilled milk
9. One tin pack contains

19 tin pack contains

$=0.3 \mathrm{l}$
$=2.550 \mathrm{l}$ of paint 2.55
$=2.550 \times 19 \times 19$
$=48.450$ litre of paint $\begin{array}{r}22 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ \hline 48.45\end{array}$
10. 7 containers contain $=10.360 \mathrm{l}$ of glycerine

1 container contains $\quad=\frac{10.360}{7}$
$=1.480 \mathrm{l}$ of glycerine
$7 \begin{gathered}1.48 \\ 70.36( \end{gathered}$
$\frac{7}{33}$
28
56
$\begin{array}{r}56 \\ \hline\end{array}$

## II. TIME

## EXERCISE 11.1

1. to 3. $\rightarrow$ Do it yourself.

## EXERCISE 11.2

1. (a) 9 p.m.
(b) 3 p.m.
(c) 3 a.m.
(d) 6 p.m.
(e) $11 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$.
(f) 5:25 a.m.
(g) $12: 30 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$.
(h) 6:47 p.m.
2. (a) 4 hours
(b) 7 hours
(c) 7 hours
(d) 7 hours
(e) 6 hours
(f) 9 hours
3. (a) a.m.
(b) a.m.
(c) a.m.
(d) p.m.
(e) p.m.
4. (a) p.m.
(b) p.m.
(c) a.m.
(d) a.m.

## EXERCISE 11.3

1. (a) $6: 45$ p.m.
$=1845$ hours $(12+6=18)$
(b) 5:50 a.m.
$=0550$ hours
(c) 1:30 a.m.
$=0130$ hours
(d) $11: 38 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$.
$=2338$ hours $(12+11=23)$
(e) 12 noon
$=1200$ hours
(f) $8: 30 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$.
$=2030$ hours $(12+8=20)$
(g) 12 mid-night
$=2400$ hours
(h) $10: 40$ a.m.
$=1040$ hours
2. (a) $11: 20$ before noon $=1120$ hours
(b) $3: 40$ after noon $=1540$ hours $(12+3=15)$
(c) $2: 10$ after midnight $=0210$ hours
(d) $6: 10$ evening
$=1810$ hours $(12+6=18)$
(e) 7 O'clock morning
$=0700$ hours
(f) $8: 50$ in night

Mathematics (3, 4 and 5)
$=2050$ hours $(12+8=20)$
(g) midnight $=0000$ hours or 2400 hours
(h) 7 O'clock evening $=1900$ hours $(12+7=19)$
(i) 3 O'clock after midnight $=0300$ hours
3. (a) 0045 hours
$=12: 45 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$.
(b) 1205 hours
$=12: 05 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$.
(c) 0950 hours
$=9: 50$ a.m.
(d) 1015 hours
$=10: 15 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$.
(e) 2300 hours
$=11: 00 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m} .(23-12=11)$
(f) 0520 hours
$=5: 20 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$.
(g) 1750 hours
$=5: 50 \mathrm{p} \cdot \mathrm{m} \cdot(17-12=5)$
(h) 0750 hours
$=7: 50 \mathrm{a} \cdot \mathrm{m}$.
(i) 0115 hours
$=1: 15 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$.
(j) 0305 hours
$=3: 05 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$.
(k) 2307 hours
$=11: 07 \mathrm{p} \cdot \mathrm{m} .(23-12=11)$
(I) 2235 hours
$=10: 35 \mathrm{p} \cdot \mathrm{m} .(22-12=10)$

## EXERCISE 11.4

1. (a) 2 hours $=2 \times 60=120$ minutes
(b) 3 hours $=3 \times 60=180$ minutes
(c) 3 days $=3 \times 24=72$ hours
(d) 6 hours $=6 \times 60=360$ minutes
2. 

(a) 8 hours $\quad=8 \times 60=480$ minutes
(b) 6 hours 30 minutes $=6 \times 60+30=360+30$

$$
=390 \text { minutes }
$$

(c) 15 hours 15 minutes $=15 \times 60+15=900+15$
$=915$ minutes
(d) 1 day
$=24$ hours $=24 \times 60$ minutes
= 1440 minutes
3. (a) 4 days $=4 \times 24=96$ hours.
(b) 3 days 12 hours $=3 \times 24+12=72+12=84$ hours
(c) 10 days 23 hours $=10 \times 24+23=240+23=263$ hours
(d) 1 week
$=7$ days $=7 \times 24$ hours $=168$ hours
4. (a) 90 minutes $=90 \div 60$
= 1 hour 30 minutes

$$
60 \begin{gathered}
1 \\
\begin{array}{c}
90 \\
\hline 60 \\
\hline 30 \\
\hline
\end{array} \\
\hline
\end{gathered}
$$

(b) $\begin{aligned} 160 \text { minutes } & =160 \div 60 \\ & =2 \text { hours } 40 \text { minutes }\end{aligned}$

$$
60 \begin{gathered}
2 \\
\begin{array}{r}
160 \\
\frac{120}{40} \\
\hline
\end{array} \\
\hline
\end{gathered}
$$

(c) 258 minutes

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =258 \div 60 \\
& =4 \text { hours } 18 \text { minutes } 60 \begin{array}{l}
4 \\
\frac{248}{18} \\
\hline
\end{array}
\end{aligned}
$$

(d) 472 minutes

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =472 \div 60 \\
& =7 \text { hours } 52 \text { minutes } 60 \begin{array}{r}
7 \\
\frac{420}{52} \\
\hline
\end{array}
\end{aligned}
$$

5. (a) 50 hours

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =50 \div 24 \\
& =2 \text { days } 2 \text { hours }
\end{aligned}
$$

(b) 90 hours $=90 \div 24$
= 3 days 18 hours
$24 \begin{aligned} & 2 \\ & \frac{50}{50} \\ & \frac{48}{3} \\ & 24 \\ & \frac{70}{90} \\ & \text { Teacher Manual }\end{aligned}$
(c) 130 hours

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =130 \div 24 \\
& =5 \text { days } 10 \text { hours }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
2 4 \longdiv { 5 }
$$

$$
\begin{array}{r}
120 \\
\hline 10 \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

(d) 210 hours

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =210 \div 24 \\
& =8 \text { days } 18 \text { hours }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
24 \begin{gathered}
8 \\
\hline \frac{190}{18} \\
\hline
\end{gathered}
$$

1. (a) $h \quad \min$

| 1 |  |
| ---: | ---: |
| 4 | 25 |
| +3 | 45 |
| 8 | 10 |

(c) $\mathrm{h} \quad \mathrm{min}$

| 1 |  |
| ---: | ---: |
| 6 | 35 |
| +7 | 28 |
| 14 | 3 |

2. (a)

| $h$ | $\min$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| 1 | 70 |
| 2 | 10 |
| $-\quad 45$ |  |
|  | 25 |
| 1 |  |

(c)

| $h$ | $\min$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| 4 | 70 |
| 5 | 10 |
| -2 | 40 |
| 2 | 30 |

3. $4: 45$ a.m.

4 hours 45 min

sum

$$
\begin{aligned}
= & 8 \mathrm{~h} 10 \mathrm{~min} \\
& 8: 10 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m} .
\end{aligned}
$$

Ans.
4. $9: 30$ p.m.

9 hours 30 min

| $h$ | $\min$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| 8 | 90 |
| 9 | 30 |
| -2 | 32 |
| 6 | 58 | Ans.

5. $9: 30$ p.m.

9 hours 30 min

sum

7. 1120 hours $=11: 20$ a.m.
$=11 \mathrm{~h} 20 \mathrm{~min}$
Sum
$=14 \mathrm{~h} 10 \mathrm{~min}$
h min
$=2: 10 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$.
or
$\begin{aligned} \text { Alice boarded at } & =6: 50 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m} . \\ \text { Alice left at } & =11: 00 \mathrm{pm}\end{aligned}$
Alice left at $=11: 00$ p.m.
difference $\quad=4 \mathrm{~h} 10 \mathrm{~min}$

1
1120

| 120 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| +2 | 50 |
| 14 |  |

8. Cynthia reached her school at $=7: 45 \quad \mathrm{~h} \quad \mathrm{~min}$

She started from her house at $=7: 15 \quad 7 \quad 45$

So, she took 30 minutes to reach school. | -7 |
| :--- |

9. $9: 30$ a.m. $=9 \mathrm{~h} 30 \mathrm{~min}$

10. Rajdhani Express departs from New Delhi at

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =1715 \text { hours } \\
& =5: 15 \text { p.m. }(17-12=5)
\end{aligned}
$$

Next day after 12 hours the time is

$$
=5: 15 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m} .
$$

Now from 5:15 a.m. to $10: 55$ a.m. time interval is

$$
=5 \mathrm{~h} 40 \mathrm{~min}
$$

So, total time taken

$$
\begin{array}{lrr}
=12 \mathrm{~h}+5 \mathrm{~h}+40 \min & \mathrm{~h} & \min \\
& 10 & 55 \\
& =17 \mathrm{~h} 40 \min & -5 \\
\hline & 15 & 40
\end{array} \text { Ans. }
$$

## EXERCISE 11.6

1. (a) Four : April, June, September, November
(b) Seven: January, March, May, July, August, October, December
(c) One: February
(d) $\therefore$ Ist wednesday falls on 2nd

Then 2nd wednesday falls on $=2+7=9$ th Ans
(e) $\therefore$ second sunday falls on $=13$ th
$\therefore$ third sunday falls on $\quad=13+7=20$ th
$\therefore$ fourth sunday falls on $\quad=20+7=27$ th Ans.
(f) $\left.\begin{array}{r}2020 \\ 2028\end{array}\right\}$ (exactly divisible by 4) $\left[\frac{2020}{4}=505 / \frac{2028}{4}=707\right]$
2. (a) 6 th March to 31 March $=31-5=26$ days

1st April to 24 April $=24$ days
So, 6th March to 24 April $=26+24=50$ days. Ans.
(b) 3 rd August to 13 th August $=13-2=11$ days
3. 7 th may to 31 May $=31-6=25$ days

Month of June $=30$ days
1 July to 7th July $=7$ days
( $\therefore$ 8th July in returning date)
So, total outing days $=25+30+7=62$ days. Ans.
4. 8 th October to 31 October $=31-7=24$ days

1 November to 8 November= 8 days
Total days $\quad=24+8=32$ days. Ans.
5. 7 th January to 31 January $=31-6=25$ days

Month of February = 28 days
1st March to 2nd March = 2 days
Total no. of days for leave $=25+28+2=55$ days. Ans.
6. 10th May to 31 May $=31-9=22$ days

1st June to 11th June = 11 days
Total days for stay $=22+11=33$ days. Ans.
7. 15th March is the first day of closing.

So, 28th March is the fourteenth day of closing.
Thus, 29th March is the opening day. Ans.

## 12. DATA HANDLING

1. 

| Fruits | Children |
| :---: | :---: |
| Apple |  |
| Guava | (-) $\because$ |
| Banana | (2) 0 O 0 |
| Mango | (-) $\bigcirc$ |
|  | 1 picture shows one children |

Total no. of children $=7+3+6+4=20$ children
2.

| Days | Number of Absentees <br> 1 picture $\square$ (2) shows one children |
| :---: | :---: |
| Monday |  |
| Tuesday | (2) |
| Wednesday | (-) $\bigcirc$ |
| Thursday | (0) 0 |
| Fiday | (\%) $\bigcirc$ |
| Saturday | (9) 0 O 0 O 0 |

3. Do yourself.
4. (a) Dogs are maximum.
no. of dogs

$$
=9 \times 5=45 \text { Ans. }
$$

(b) Cats are maximum.
no. of cats $\quad=3 \times 5=15$ Ans.
(c) No. of stray cows
$=7 \times 5=35$ Ans.
(d) Total no. of stray animals

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =7 \times 5+5 \times 5+9 \times 5+3 \times 5 \\
& =35+25+45+15 \\
& =120 \text { animals. Ans. }
\end{aligned}
$$

5. (a) City $A$ has maximum rainfall $=12 \times 10=120 \mathrm{~cm}$ Ans.
(b) City $D$ has maximum rainfall $=2 \times 10=20 \mathrm{~cm}$ Ans.
(c) Rainfall in city $B$ $=8 \times 10=80 \mathrm{~cm}$ Ans.
(d) Rainfall in city E
$=3 \times 10=30 \mathrm{~cm}$
Rainfall in city $C$
$=4 \times 10=40 \mathrm{~cm}$.
Difference is
$=40-30=10 \mathrm{~cm}$ Ans.
6. Do yourself.
7. (a) Saturday

No. of tickets $=700$ Ans.
(b) Tuesday and Wednesday

No. of tickets $=100$ each. Ans.
(c) Tickets sold on Sunday $=600$

Tickets sold on Saturday $=700$
Difference is $\quad=700-600=100$ Ans.
(d) Monday and thursday.

200 tickets each
And Tuesday and Wednesday 100 tickets each. Ans.

## 13. LINES AND ANGLES

EXERCISE 13.1
Do it yourself.

## EXERCISE 13.2

1. (a) ray
Mathematics (3, 4 and 5)
(b) line
(c) line-segment
(108)
2. (a) $B, A B, B C$
(b) $Y, X Y, Y Z$
(c) $\mathrm{Q}, \mathrm{PQ}, \mathrm{QR}$
3. (a) $\angle P Q R, \angle R Q P$
(b) $\angle X Y Z \angle Z Y X$
(c) $\angle A B C, \angle C B A$
4. (a) acute angle
(b) obtuse angle
(c) right angle
5. (a) point
(b) one
(c) ray
(d) vertex
(e) middle
(f) right
(g) less
(h) more, less
6. to 7. Do yourself.
7. (a) acute angle
(b) acute angle
(c) right angle
(d) obtuse angle
(e) acute angle
(f) obtuse angle
(g) straight angle
(h) reflex angle
(i) complete angle
(j) reflex angle
(k) acute angle
(I) acute angle
(m) obtuse angle
(n) obtuse angle
(0) reflex angle

## 14. POLYGONS AND CIRCLES

## EXERCISE 14.1

1. (a) equilateral triangle
(b) isosceles triangle
(c) scalene triangle
2. (a) acute-angled triangle
(b) obtuse angled triangle
(c) right-angled triangle
3. (a) right
(b) isosceles
(c) scalene
(d) four
(e) chord
(f) equal
(g) twice
(h) centre
4. (a) $O$
(b) $O A, O B, O C, O D$
(c) $A B, C D$
(d) $P Q, X Y, A B, C D$
5. (a) $r=3 \mathrm{~cm}$
$\mathrm{d}=3 \times 2=6 \mathrm{~cm}$ Ans.
(b) $r=1.5 \mathrm{~cm}$
$d=1.5 \times 2=3 \mathrm{~cm}$ Ans.
(c) $r=3.2 \mathrm{~cm}$
$d=3.2 \times 2=6.4 \mathrm{~cm}$ Ans.
(d) $r=5 \mathrm{~cm}$
$d=5 \times 2=10 \mathrm{~cm}$ Ans.
(e) $r=10 \mathrm{~cm}$
$d=10 \times 2=20 \mathrm{~cm}$ Ans.
6. (a) $\mathrm{d}=4 \mathrm{~cm}$

$$
r=\frac{4}{2}=2 \mathrm{~cm}
$$

(b) $\mathrm{d}=10 \mathrm{~cm}$
$r=\frac{10}{2}=5 \mathrm{~cm}$
(c) $\mathrm{d}=4.8 \mathrm{~cm}$ $r=\frac{4.8}{2}=2.4 \mathrm{~cm}$
(d) $\mathrm{d}=12.6 \mathrm{~cm}$
$r=\frac{12.6}{2}=6.3 \mathrm{~cm}$
(e) $\mathrm{d}=7.2 \mathrm{~cm}$

$$
r=\frac{7.2}{2}=3.6 \mathrm{~cm}
$$

7. Do it yourself.

## 15. PERIMETER

## EXERCISE 15.1

1. (a) Perimeter $=5+2+5+2=14 \mathrm{~cm}$ Ans.
(b) Perimeter $=3+4+5=12 \mathrm{~cm}$ Ans.
(c) Perimeter $=2+4+6+3=15 \mathrm{~cm}$ Ans.
(d) Perimeter $=5+2+3+2+2+4=18 \mathrm{~cm}$ Ans.
(e) Perimeter $=3+2+1+3+2+2=13 \mathrm{~cm}$ Ans.
(f) Perimeter $=1+1+1+1+1+1+1+1+1+1+1+1$

$$
=12 \mathrm{~cm} \text { Ans. }
$$

2. (a) Perimeter $=4 \times 5=20 \mathrm{~cm}$ Ans.
(b) Perimeter $=4 \times 7=28 \mathrm{~cm}$ Ans.
(c) Perimeter $=4 \times 10=40 \mathrm{~m}$ Ans.
(d) Perimeter $=4 \times 15.5=62.0 \mathrm{~m}$ Ans.
(e) Perimeter $=4 \times 16=64 \mathrm{~m}$ Ans.
3. (a) Perimeter $=3 \times 10=30 \mathrm{~cm}$ Ans.
(b) Perimeter $=3 \times 15=45 \mathrm{~cm}$ Ans.
(c) Perimeter $=3 \times 4.3=12.9 \mathrm{~m}$ Ans.
(d) Perimeter $=3 \times 8.2=24.6 \mathrm{~m}$ Ans.
(e) Perimeter $=3 \times 16.4=49.2 \mathrm{~m}$ Ans.
4. (a) $\mathrm{I}=5 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{~b}=2 \mathrm{~cm}$

Perimeter $(p)=2(1+b)=2(5+2)=2 \times 7=14 \mathrm{~cm}$ Ans.
(b) $\mathrm{I}=10 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{~b}=6 \mathrm{~cm}$
$P=2(I+b)=2(10+6)=2 \times 16=32 \mathrm{~cm}$ Ans.
(c) $\mathrm{I}=4.2 \mathrm{~m}, \mathrm{~b}=7.3 \mathrm{~m}$
$P=2(I+b)=2(4.2+7.3)=2 \times 11.5=23 \mathrm{~m}$ Ans.
(d) $\mathrm{I}=5.7 \mathrm{~m}, \mathrm{~b}=2.3 \mathrm{~m}$
$P=2(I+b)=2(5.7+2.3)=2 \times 8.0=16 \mathrm{~m}$ Ans.
5. Side of square $=210 \mathrm{~m}$
$\therefore$ Perimeter $=4 \times 210$ $=840 \mathrm{~m}$
$\therefore 1$ metre costs $=₹ 16.50$
840 metre costs $=₹ 16.50 \times 840=₹ 13860$ Ans.
6. $I=100 \mathrm{~m}$ b $=50 \mathrm{~m}$

Perimeter $=2(I+b)=2(100+50)=2 \times 150=300 \mathrm{~m}$ Ans.
Distance covered by 1 times $=300 \mathrm{~m}$
Distance covered by 3 times $=300 \times 3=900 \mathrm{~m}$ Ans.
7. $I=40 \mathrm{~cm}$
$\mathrm{b}=25 \mathrm{~cm}$
$P=2(I+b)=2(40+25)=2 \times 65=130 \mathrm{~cm}$ Ans.
8. $I=5 \mathrm{~m} 20 \mathrm{~cm}=5.20 \mathrm{~m}$
$\mathrm{b}=3 \mathrm{~m} 20 \mathrm{~cm}=3.20 \mathrm{~m}$
Perimeter $=2(1+b)=2(5.20+3.20)=2 \times 8.40=16.80 \mathrm{~m}$
$\therefore 1$ metre costs $=₹ 2$
$\therefore \quad 16.80$ metre costs $=₹ 2 \times 16.80=₹ 33.60$ Ans.
9. Every side of a triangular park $=30$ metres
$\therefore$ Perimeter $=3 \times 30=90$ metres $=9 \times 100 \mathrm{~cm}=9000 \mathrm{~cm}$ Girl walks 60 cm in each step.
$\therefore$ No. of steps to make one round $=\frac{9000}{60}=150$ steps. Ans.
10. Perimeter of triangular park $=175+150+225=550 \mathrm{~m}$
$\therefore 1$ metre costs = ₹ 15
$\therefore 550$ metre costs $=₹ 15 \times 550=₹ 8250$ Ans.
11. $I=50 \mathrm{~m}$ $\mathrm{b}=30 \mathrm{~m}$
$\therefore$ Perimeter $=2(I+b)=2(50+30)=2 \times 80=160 \mathrm{~m}$
$\therefore 160 \mathrm{~m}=1$ round
$\therefore 1 \mathrm{~m}=\frac{1}{160}$ round
$\therefore 480 \mathrm{~m}=\frac{480}{160}$ rounds $=3$ rounds. Ans.
12. Side of square field $=110$ metres
$\therefore$ Perimeter of square field $=4 \times 110=440 \mathrm{~m}$ Perimeter of rectangular field $=2(120+80)$

$$
=2 \times 200=400 \mathrm{~m}
$$

In three rounds Alice runs $=3 \times 440=1320 \mathrm{~m}$ In three rounds Cynthia runs $=3 \times 400=1200 \mathrm{~m}$ So, Alice runs more. Ans.

And more distance $=1320-1200=120 \mathrm{~m}$ Ans.

## REVISION TEST PAPER-I

1. (a) 19808
(b) 7077
2. (a) 32,309
(b) 27,899
(c) 46,999
3. $54320 ; 20345$
4. 55,$545 ; 55,455 ; 45,555$
5. 

(a) XXXIV
(b) XXIX
(c) LXXV
(d) XCVII
6. (a) 24
(b) 43
(c) 84
(d) 99
7. (a) $9274 ; 10274 ; 11274 ; 12274 ; 13274$
(b) 42007; 43007; 44007; 45007; 46007;
8. (a) 29,394
(b) 15,770
(c) 17,438
(d) 52,657
(e) 3000
(f) 40
9. Total no. of trees $=\quad \begin{array}{lllll}4 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 4\end{array}$ in which Teak trees $=-288895$ So other trees $=\quad 1 \quad 78889$ Trees Ans.
10.


|  | 8 | 8 | 5 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 8 | 8 | 9 | 6 |  |
|  | 2 | 8 | 2 | 9 |  |
|  |  |  | $\times$ | 2 |  |
| 2 | 6 | 0 | 6 | 4 |  |
| 5 | 7 | 9 | 2 | 0 |  |
| 8 | 3 | 9 | 8 | 4 |  | Ans.

11. 



$$
\left.\begin{array}{l}
\mathrm{Q}=1124 \\
\mathrm{R}=2
\end{array}\right\} \text { Ans. } \begin{array}{r}
152 \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

12. 1 packet contains

$$
=144 \text { hankies }
$$

275 packets contain
$=144 \times 275$
= 39,600 hankies Ans.
13. to $19 \rightarrow$ Do it yourself.

20.(a) | 2 | 30 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 3 | 15 |
| 5 | 5 |
|  | 1 |

Prime factors
$=2 \times 3 \times 5$ Ans.

(b) | 3 | 63 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 3 | 21 |
| 7 | 7 |
|  | 1 |

Prime factors
$=3 \times 3 \times 7$ Ans.

(c) | 2 | 5 | 2 |
| ---: | ---: | :--- |
| 2 | 26 |  |
| 13 | 13 |  |
|  | 1 |  |

Prime factors
$=2 \times 2 \times 13$ Ans.

21.(a) | 7 | 14,35 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | $2, \quad 5$ |
| $H C F$ | $=7 \quad$ Ans. |

Mathematics (3, 4 and 5)

(b) | 8 | 40,48 |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | 5,6 |
| $H C F=8$ |  | Ans.

Teacher Manual
(c) to (e) $\rightarrow$ Do it yourself.
22.(a)

| 2 | 8, | 12 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| 2 | 4, | 6 |
|  | 2, | 3 |

(b) | 3 | 9,21 |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | 3,7 |

LCM $=2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3$
$=24$ Ans.
LCM $=3 \times 3 \times 7$
$=63$ Ans.

(c) | 2 | 12,20 |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 2 | 6, | 10 |
|  | 3, | 5 |

LCM $=2 \times 2 \times 5 \times 5$
$=60$ Ans.
23. to 25. $\rightarrow$ Do it yourself.
26. (a) $\frac{8}{31}, \frac{8}{21}, \frac{8}{19}, \frac{8}{17}$
(b) $\frac{3}{19}, \frac{3}{17}, \frac{3}{11}, \frac{3}{7}$
(c) $\rightarrow$ Do it yourself.
27. $1 \frac{5}{8}+2 \frac{2}{3}+3 \frac{3}{4}=\frac{13}{8}+\frac{8}{3}+\frac{15}{4}$
$=\frac{39}{24}+\frac{64}{24}+\frac{90}{24}=\frac{39+64+90}{24}=\frac{193}{24}=8 \frac{1}{24}$ Ans.
28. $9 \frac{7}{8}-1 \frac{5}{6}=\frac{79}{8}-\frac{11}{6}=\frac{474}{48}-\frac{88}{48}$

$$
=\frac{474-88}{48}=\frac{386}{48}=\frac{193}{24}=8 \frac{1}{24} \text { Ans. }
$$

29. Weight of empty tin

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =16 \frac{1}{5}-14 \frac{3}{4}=\frac{81}{5}-\frac{59}{4}=\frac{324}{20}-\frac{295}{20} \\
& =\frac{324-295}{20}=\frac{29}{20}=1 \frac{9}{20} \text { Ans. }
\end{aligned}
$$

## REVISION TEST PAPER-II

1. to $6 . \rightarrow$ Do it yourself.
2. 13.070
71.300
$\begin{array}{r}1.463 \\ +1.4633 \\ \hline 85.83\end{array}$
3. 6.00
$\begin{array}{r}-3.21 \\ \hline 2.79 \\ \hline\end{array}$
4. $11.75 \mathrm{~kg}=11.75 \times 1000 \mathrm{~g}=11750 \mathrm{~g}$ Ans.
$10.4357 \mathrm{~g}=\frac{4357}{1000} 4.357 \mathrm{~g}$ Ans.
5. $3 / 30 \mathrm{ml}=300 \mathrm{ml}+30 \mathrm{ml}=3030 \mathrm{ml}$ Ans.
6. $5 l 50 \mathrm{ml}=5 l+\frac{50}{1000} l=5 l+0.050 l=5.050 l$ Ans.
7. Kerosene was

$$
=190.5 l
$$

Kerosene sold

$$
=165.75 l
$$

Kerosene left

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =190.5-165.75 \mathrm{l} \\
& =24.75 \mathrm{l} \\
& =0.97 \mathrm{~m}
\end{aligned} \quad-\frac{165.50}{24.75} 9
$$

14. Table's height

Stool's height

$$
=0.68 \mathrm{~m}
$$

Total height of both

$$
=0.97+0.68
$$

| 0.97 |
| ---: |
| +0.68 |
| 1.65 |

Weight of 1 packet of busscuits $=\frac{9.345}{7} \mathrm{~kg}$


$$
=1.65 \mathrm{~m} \text { Ans. }
$$


$\begin{array}{r}3 \quad 5 \\ \hline 0\end{array}$
Mathematics (3, 4 and 5)

$$
=1.335 \mathrm{~kg}
$$

16. to 18. $\rightarrow$ Do it yourself.
17. 258 minutes $=258 \div 60$
= 4 hours 18 minutes
$60 \begin{array}{r}4 \\ \begin{array}{r}258 \\ 240 \\ \hline 18 \\ \hline\end{array} \\ \hline\end{array}$
18. 8 hours
$=8 \times 60$
$=480$ minutes Ans.
19. 9 : 30 p.m.

9 hours 30 min
h min

22. Alice boarded at $=6: 50$ p.m.
h min

Alice left at $=11: 00$ p.m.
1100
difference $\quad=4 \mathrm{~h} 10 \mathrm{~min}$

|  |  |
| ---: | :--- |
| -6 | 50 |
| 4 | 10 |

23. 8th October to 31 October $=31-7=24$ days

1 November to 8 November = 8 days
Total days $\quad=24+8=32$ days. Ans.
24. to 27. $\rightarrow$ Do it yourself.

