

ENGLISH READER



**Help
Kit**

(Class 1 to 5)

2

Phonetic Sound 'A'

Exercise

A. Look at the pictures and complete the words :



Ball



Duck



Tap



Jug

B. Look at the pictures and tick (3) the correct words :



cat



fat



hat



mat



man



can



fan



pan



C. Look at the pictures and write their names in English :



HAT



MAP



FAN



BALL

3

Phonetic Sound 'E'

Exercise

A. Look at the pictures and complete the words :



Hen



Net



Well



Jet

B. Look at the pictures and tick (3) the correct words :



Hen



Net



Jet



Well



Bell



Pen



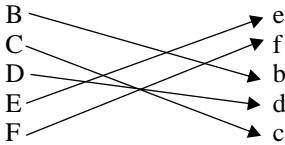
Net









Hen



C. Match the list :



D. Write the name of the picture that has 'e' sound in it :

					
<input type="text" value="HEN"/>		<input type="text" value="PEN"/>		<input type="text" value="NET"/>	

4



Phonetic Sound 'l'

Exercise

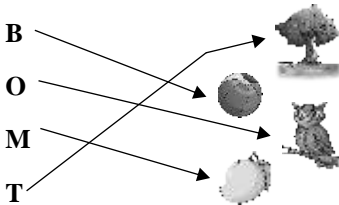
A. Look at the picture and complete the words :

			
Wing	Fish	Tin	Nib

B. Look at the pictures and tick (3) the correct words :

	Zip <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	King <input type="checkbox"/>	Nib <input type="checkbox"/>	Tin <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tin <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	King <input type="checkbox"/>	Zip <input type="checkbox"/>	Fish <input type="checkbox"/>

C. Match the following letters to their picture:



D. Look at the picture and tick (3) the correct word and write it in the given box :



lips 3
lap

Lips



pen
pin 3

Pin



ink 3
enk

Ink

5

Phonetic Sound 'O'

Exercise

A. Look at the picture and complete the words :



Doll



Fox



Dog



Log

B. Look at the pictures and tick (3) the correct words :



Fox Dog Log Doll



Log Fox Doll Dog

C. Match the following letters to their picture:

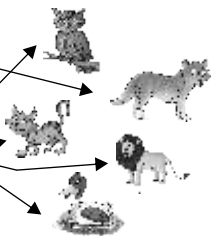
E

D

L

C

O



D. Look at the picture and write its name:



Box



Sock



Top

Exercise

A. Look at the picture and complete the words :



Hut



Gun



Mouse



Tub

B. Look at the pictures and tick (3) the correct words :

Mug Gun Nut Hut Bus Mug Hut Rock

C. Fill in the blanks with vowels :

full	zip	kill	toy
nut	map	till	rag
well	net	hill	see
pin	tin	mile	wet
let	mile	mug	set
keep	room	kite	pump
jump	coat	rise	rule

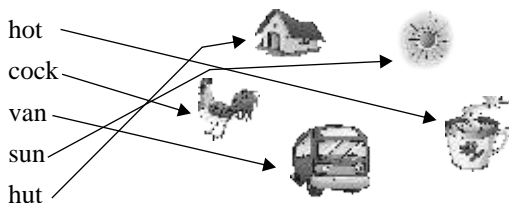
D. Make phonic drill starting from the words given below :

1. hot	pot	boat	goat
2. jump	pump	dump	bump
3. pan	can	van	fan
4. net	wet	pet	let
5. pin	tin	win	bin

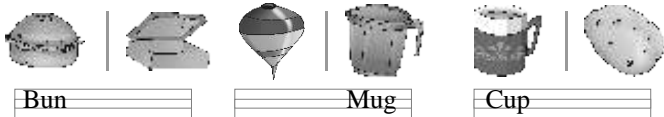
E. Match the following words making phonic drill :

kill	→	gun	cut	→	lock
sun	→	van	cock	→	link
pan	→	fat	well	→	hut
rat	→	keep	day	→	sell
jeep	→	till	ink	→	say

F. Match the list :



D. Write the name of the picture that has 'u' sound in it :



7

Use of 'A' and 'An'

Exercise

A. Fill in the blanks with 'a' or 'an' :

A king An ink-pot A crow
 An engine A copy An ostrich
 A wheel A mango An urn

B. Complete the spellings :

Bird Mother Cattle
 Cock ears Nest
 Egg pot girl

C. Write the names of the following pictures:



A cup



A car



An Apple

8

Use of 'And'

Exercise

A. Look at the pictures and complete the sentences :

1. a lion **and** a deer.



2. an orange **and** a banana.



3. a teacher **and** a student.



B. Fill in the blanks with 'and':

1. A chair **and** a table.
2. A teacher **and** a student.
3. A rat **and** a cat.
4. A bus **and** a car.
5. A mango **and** an apple.
6. An elephant **and** an umbrella.
7. A lion **and** a tiger.

9




Use of 'Yes/No'

Exercise

A. Put (3) mark on correct word:

- | | | |
|--------|-------|-------|
| 1. OWC | WCO | COW 3 |
| 2. ACR | CAR 3 | RAC |
| 3. SNO | ONS | SON 3 |
| 4. ABT | BTA | BAT 3 |

B. Answer in Yes/No:

1. Is this a peacock?  **Yes**
2. Are these hens?  **No**
3. Is it an aeroplane?  **No**

10

Use of In, On, Under

Exercise

A. Answer the following questions :

1. People are in the boat.
2. The boat is in the river.
3. Milk is in the glass.
4. A rat is under the chair.
5. A map is on the wall.
6. A lamp is on the table.
7. The clothes are in the box.
8. The puppy is in the car.
9. Yes, the rider is on the horse.
10. Yes, the boat is under the bridge.

B. Mark correct (3) or cross (7) against each sentence :

1. 7, 2. 7, 3. 7, 4. 7, 5. 7, 6. 7, 7. 3, 8. 3, 9. 7, 10. 3,
11. 3, 12. 3

Exercise

A. Pronounce correctly:

Do it yourself.

B. Tick (3) the correct option:

1. Vimal is :
 (i) dancing (ii) walking 3 (iii) reading
2. Riya is :
 (i) weeping (ii) smiling 3 (iii) laughing
3. Naina is :
 (i) painting 3 (ii) writing (iii) driving
4. Sid is :
 (i) walking (ii) smiling (iii) writing 3

C. Write some doing words:

writing
 running
 reading

playing
 walking
 jumping

driving
 going
 painting

D. Write action words for the following pictures:

1.

**Reading**

2.

**Writing**

3.

**Jumping****E. Match the pictures with correct words:**

Dancing



Drawing



Washing



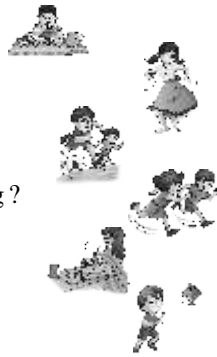
Playing

F. Join and make the words :

1. Read + ing = **Reading**
2. Jump + ing = **Jumping**
3. Write + ing = **Writing**
4. Go + ing = **Going**
5. Paint + ing = **Painting**

G. Answer the following questions :

1. What is this boy doing ?
The boy is **eating**.
2. What is the girl doing ?
The girl is dancing.
3. What are these boys doing ?
These boys are playing.
4. What are John and Anil doing ?
John and Anil are running.
5. What is she doing ?
She is cooking the food.
4. What is this boy doing ?
This boy is flying the kite.



12

Days of A Week

A. Match the following :

Day Name	Day Number
Wednesday	1
Sunday	2
Saturday	3
Thursday	4
Monday	5
Friday	6
Tuesday	7

B. Put (3) for true or (7) for false sentences :

1. 7, 2. 7, 3. 3, 4. 3, 5. 3, 6. 3, 7. 7

C. Fill in the blanks :

1. Sunday is the **first** day of the week.
2. Wednesday is the **fourth** day of the week.
3. Saturday is the **seventh** day of the week.
4. Wednesday comes after **Tuesday**.
5. **Wednesday** comes after Tuesday.
6. We have **Thursday** before Friday.
7. **Sunday** is holiday.
8. Friday is the **sixth** day of the week.

D. Complete the spellings :

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday
Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
Saturday		

A. Tick (3) correct option :

1. The elephant is:
 (i) small (ii) short (iii) big 3
2. The Sun is:
 (i) cold (ii) hot 3 (iii) icy

B. Fill in the blanks :

1. The bus is big but the car is **small**.
 2. The pigeon is white but the crow is **black**.
 3. The ice-cream is cold but the Sun is **hot**.
 4. The horse is fast but the ox is **slow**.

C. Write opposite of the following words :

1. thin **fat** 2. sour **sweet**
 3. short **long** 4. old **young**




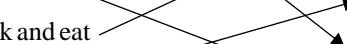


D. Answer the following questions :

1. Mrs. Gupta is Neha's mother.
 2. Neha's mother is tall.
 3. Vishal is happy.

A. Complete the word :

1. Hand 2. Feet 3. Palm
 4. Finger 5. Thumb 6. Head
 7. Forehead 8. Skull 9. Feet
 10. Tongue 11. Mouth 12. Heart

B. Match the following figures to their work :

1. See 
2. Smell and breathe 
3. Chew 
4. Speak and eat 
5. Work 
- 

C. Look at the picture and tick (3) the correct words :



- | | | | |
|--------|--------|--------|----------|
| Feet | Thumb | Hand 3 | Hair |
| Hand | Hair | Leg 3 | Thumb |
| Thumb | Hand | Leg | Finger 3 |
| Finger | Feet | Lips 3 | Thum |
| Feet | Eyes 3 | Lips | Hair |

15

Colours

B. Write the names of colours of the following balls :



Red



Green



Yellow

C. Find out the names of colours in the given table :

A	H	W	H	I	T	E	N
Q	F	Y	R	G	Y	G	M
G	R	E	E	N	B	R	B
T	B	L	D	B	P	E	L
E	V	L	U	L	I	Y	U
R	D	O	R	A	N	G	E
I	W	W	X	C	K	K	L
S	C	S	P	K	J	T	O

White

Grey

Green

Blue

Yellow

Orange

Red

Black

Exercise

A. Complete the lines of the poem :

A smile is quite a funny thing,

it wrinkles up your face.

And when it is gone,

you'll never find

its secret hiding place.

B. Tick (3) the correct option :

1. A smile is quite :

a. boring

b. secret

c. funny 3

2. A smile wrinkles up your :

a. head

b. face 3

c. nose

3. One smile makes :

a. two 3

b. three

c. four

C. Write the rhyming words of the following from the poem :

1. file **line**

2. bunny

funny

3. lace **face**

4. bore

Sore

D. Write the opposites of the following :

1. up **down**

2. far

near

3. never **always**

4. more

less

E. Answer the following questions :

1. A smile a funny thing because it wrinkles up your face.

2. When we smile at someone, he/she also smiles at us.

3. A smile comes and wrinkles up your face.

F. Complete the spellings :

1. **Secret**

2. funny

3. **wrinkle**

4. **smile**

5. **quite**

G. Use the following words in your own sentences :

1. **funny** = The joker was very funny.

2. **place** = This place is very good.

3. **wonderful** = Taj Mahal is a wonderful monument.

4. **wrinkles** = My grandmother has wrinkles on her face.

5. **secret** = The secret should not be disclosed to anyone.

H. Write a short note on the importance of smile :

Smiling is a good thing. It is a good habit.

Smiling face looks very nice.

Smiling face looks beautiful.

Smile gives us boldness.

You smile at one, he smiles at you.

So one smile makes two.

Always smile.

2

Myself

Exercise

A. Fill in the blanks about yourself :

1. My name is **Shalu**.
2. **Mr. Sumit** is my father.
3. My father is a **Doctor**.
4. I read in **class 2**.
5. My mother's name is **Mrs sheela**.
6. My parents gave me **watch** on my birthday.
7. I like to play **football**.

B. Write 'T' for True and 'F' for False sentences :

1. T, 2. F, 3. T, 4. F, 5. T, 6. F

C. Write the meaning of the following in Hindi :

- | | | | |
|-------------|-----------------|--------------|------------|
| 1. employee | keace@Deej er | 2. Children | ye00es |
| 3. Appear | ebKeeF@hel[vee | 4. Beautiful | meyoj |
| 5. Birthday | pevce @bve | 6. Charming | Deekca-eka |

D. Complete the spellings

Brother	Mother
Birthday	Younger
Charming	Beautiful

E. Answer the following questions :

1. Shalu is eight years old.
2. Shalu's mother helps in her study at home.
3. Shalu has only one brother. She has no sister.
4. Shalu's mother works in bank. Her father is a doctor.
5. Shalu's brother name is Guddu.

Exercise

A. Fill in the blanks with the correct words :

1. India is our **country**.
2. Our National Flag has **three** colours.
3. **Tiger** is our national Animal.
4. India is a **big** country.
5. The Ashoka-chakra is of **blue** colour.
6. Peacock is our national **bird**.
7. We love our **motherland**.
8. Lotus is found in **lake** water of **stayed**.

B. Write 'T' for true and 'F' for false sentences :

1. T, 2. T, 3. T, 4. T

C. Write the meaning of the following in Hindi :

- | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|------------|-------|
| 1. symbol | चिह्न | 2. stripe | रेखा |
| 3. country | देश | 4. vast | बड़ा |
| 5. national | राष्ट्रीय | 6. saffron | सफ़ेद |

D. Match the following words given in columns :

- | | | |
|-----------------------------|---|--------------------------|
| 1. Three colours are in our | → | (i) great country |
| 2. Tiger is our | → | (ii) speed and bravery |
| 3. India is a | → | (iii) its colourful tail |
| 4. We love our | → | (iv) country |
| 5. Peacock is famous for | → | (v) National animal |
| 6. Tiger is famous for its | → | (vi) National Flag |

E. Use the following words in your own sentences :

1. **Country** India is our country.
2. **National** Lotus is our national flower.
3. **Symbol** Our national flag is a symbol of our freedom.
4. **Beauty** Peacock signifies the beauty of nature.
5. **Nature** Always smiling is my nature.
6. **Summer** I will go hill station in my summer holidays.
7. **Freedom** Everybody likes freedom.
8. **Flower** Lotus found is stayed in water of lakes.

F. Answer the following questions :

1. The name of our country is India.
2. Lotus is our National Flower.
3. 'Tiranga' is our National Flag.

- There are three colours in our national flag.
- The colour of Ashok Chakra is blue.

4

A Happy Child

Exercise

A. Complete the lines of the poem :

I have a tree **a green, green tree.**

To shade me from the Sun;

And under it **I often sit.**

When all my work is done.

B. Write the antonyms of the following :

- | | | | |
|-----------|--------------|----------|----------------|
| 1. little | small | 2. happy | unhappy |
| 3. laugh | weep | 4. long | short |
| 5. under | over | 6. ever | never |

C. Write the meaning of the following in Hindi :

- | | | | |
|----------|--------------|-----------|------------------|
| 1. house | leġ, cekeáve | 2. child | ye00ee |
| 3. day | e0ve | 4. hardly | keáed' velee mes |
| 5. shade | ÚeÚee | 6. often | Dekeimeġ |

D. Use the following words in your own sentences :

- | | |
|----------|--|
| 1. white | I have a white puppy. |
| 2. often | We sit often under the shade of the tree. |
| 3. under | The boat is under the bridge. |
| 4. laugh | I laugh the whole long day. |
| 5. play | When all my work is done, I play. |

E. Answer the following questions :

- I am a happy child.
- The child often sit under the tree.
- The child hardly ever cry.
- The colour of the tree is green.

5

A Lion and The Rat

Exercise

A. Fill in the blanks:

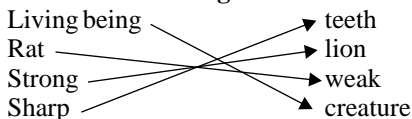
- There was a poor weak rat named **Chintu**.
- Sher Khan was **angry** and **seized** him in.
- He **roared** aloud hoo, hoo.
- I will help you **sometime**.

5. I **wonder** how can you?
6. Chintu **thanked** him and **went** away.

B. Correct the following sentences:

1. In the forest lion was sleeping.
2. Sher Khan was angry and seized the rat him in.
3. The poor rat frightened.
4. I will help you sometime.
5. The lion is the strongest animal of the forest.

C. Match the following:



6

The King and The Farmer

A. Fill in the blanks :

1. The tip of his plough **struck** against some hard object.
2. The farmer believed in his **hard** earned bread.
3. The farmer refused to accept the **prize**.
4. He was surprised to see the **gold coins** in the pitcher.

B. Write 'T' for true and 'F' for false sentences:

1. F, 2. F, 3. T, 4. T

C. Use the following words in sentences of your own:

- | | |
|-------------|---|
| 1. Field | The farmer was ploughing the field. |
| 2. Treasure | He saw the treasure under the field. |
| 3. Honest | Farmer was an honest man. |
| 4. Greed | He has no greed at all. |
| 5. Pitcher | Farmer took out the pitcher. |

D. Answer the following questions:

1. The farmer was an honest man.
2. The farmer was ploughing his field.
3. The farmer found a pitcher while he was ploughing his field.
4. The king was pleased with the honesty of the farmer.

A. Tick (3) the correct option :

1. (ii) 2. (iii) 3. (i) 4. (i)

B. Here are some things which we use on a birthday party. Write their name from the box: (T) :

1. We wear it on birthday.

caps

2. We cut it on birthday.

cake

3. On birthday we decorate our house with it.

balloons

4. Our friends and relatives gave it to us on our birthday.

presents



C. Make a birthday greeting card for your friend.

Do it yourself.

D. Answer the following questions:

1. Ravi's birthday was celebrated.
2. Ravi's elder brothers and sisters decorated the house.
3. They had lots of fun at the birthday party.

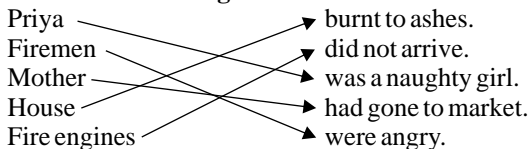
A. Fill in the blanks :

1. Priya laughed because she had **fun**.
2. Priya's house burnt to **ashes**.
3. The firemen looked at the house. They were **no fine**.
4. Next time the fire engine did not **arrive**.
5. We should never tell a **lie**.
6. Priya could not **save** her house.

B. Tick (3) the correct spelling:

noughty	naughty	3	naiuthy
hurry	hurrie		hury
engines	engeenes		angines
markat	market	3	marcet
firemon	firmen		firemen
eshas	ashes	3	ases

C. Match the following:



D. Use the following words in your own sentences:

1. Naughty **Priya was a naughty girl.**
2. Angry **Firemen were angry.**
3. Market **Mother had gone to market.**
4. Engine **Fire engines did not arrive.**
5. Ashes **Priya's house burnt to ashes.**

E. Answer the following questions:

1. Priya was a naughty girl.
2. Priya said to the fire brigade, "our house is on fire".
3. There was no fire, so the firemen felt angry.
4. Priya laughed because she was telling a lie.
5. Priya's house burnt to ashes.
6. We learnt from this story that we should "Never tell a lie".

9

The Tiger and The Mosquito

A. Tick (3) the correct option :

1. (ii), 2. (i), 3. (i)

B. Write the sounds that these animals make :



A horse **neighs**.



A dog **barks**.



A cat **mews**.



A crow **caws**.



An elephant **trumpets**.



A lion **roars**.



A bee **buzzes**.



A donkey **brays**.



A bird **chirps**.

C. Answer the following questions:

1. The tiger was dozing when the mosquito came buzzing.

- The tiger started bleeding because he hit on his own cheek with his paw.
- The mosquito continued to buzz, so the tiger walked away.
- Everyone is great in his own way.
- The mosquito kept buzzing and flew off. So the tiger was helpless.

A. Fill in the blanks :

- Trees are our **friend**.
- Trees** make the air fresh and **pure**.
- We breathe in **fresh** and **pure** air.
- We must protect the trees when they are **young**.
- We must not **cut** the trees.
- Trees are our **true/selfless** friends.

B. Write 'T' for true and 'F' for false statements :

- F, 2. T, 3. T, 4. F, 5. T

C. Write the meaning of the following in Hindi :

- | | | | |
|---------------|------------------|------------|----------------|
| 1. fruit | हेआु | 2. wood | उकेऑ[er |
| 3. rain | जे-ऐ& | 4. keep | ज केवे |
| 5. plant | हेऑे | 6. protect | ज #ेे केऑ ज वे |
| 7. look after | ओकेयेवे केऑ ज वे | 8. our | नऐऐे |

D. Write the opposite of the following :

- | | | | |
|-----------|--------------|-------------|----------------|
| 1. friend | enemy | 2. give | take |
| 3. fresh | stale | 4. pure | impure |
| 5. bring | take | 6. cool | hot |
| 7. more | less | 8. selfless | selfish |

E. Use the following words in your own sentences :

- make **Trees make our surroundings beautiful.**
- fuel **Trees give us fuel.**
- protect **We must protect trees.**
- regularly **We must water the trees regularly.**

F. Answer the following questions :

- The trees are our friends.
- The trees make the air fresh and pure.
- Trees make the air fresh and pure. So we must protect the trees.

A. Pronounce correctly:

Do it yourself.

B. Tick (3) the correct option :

- (ii), 2. (iii), 3. (ii), 4. (i), 5. (i)

C. Fill in the missing letters :

- | | | | |
|----------|----------|----------|---------|
| 1. how | (keame) | 2. some | (keajj) |
| 3. part | (Yeeie) | 4. mouth | (cejh) |
| 5. hand | (neLe) | 6. leg | (SeBe) |
| 7. nose | (veckeá) | 8. eye | (DeekE) |
| 9. smell | (meBvee) | | |

D. Fill in the blanks :

- We **hear** with our ears.
- We **see** with our eyes.
- We **walk** with our feet.
- We **work** with our hands.
- We **protect** with our skin.

E. Answer the following questions :

- I have two eyes.
- I have two ears.
- We caught everything with our fingers .
- We take bathe everyday to clean our body.
- We walk with the help of our legs.
- We smell with our nose.

A. Complete the lines of the poem :

- Each little flower **that opens,**
Each little that sings,
He made their **growing colours,**
He made their tiny wings.
- He gave us **eyes to see them,**
And lips that we might tell,
How great is **God Almighty**
Who has made all things well!

B. Write the antonyms of the following :

beautiful	ugly	wise	foolish	open	shut
tiny	small	sunset	sunrise	morning	evening
little	big	wonderful	ordinary	bright	dull

C. Write the meaning of the following in Hindi :

bright	Úeçkeááúee	great	yel[e, çeneve
rich	Deçeej	sing	ieevee
summer	ieçeeá	garden	yeieçúee
lips	neW	tell	keárvée
tiny	ÚeeSe-mee		

D. Write the rhyming words of the following :

beautiful	wonderful	all	ball
sings	wings	by	cry
sun	bun	tell	well
morning	evening	see	tea
garden	modern		

E. Answer the following questions :

1. God made all the things.
2. All things wonderful and bright.
3. The mountain is purple headed.
4. The ripen fruits are in the garden.

13

The Dream of Mangu

A. Fill in the blanks :

1. Mangu begged from **morning** to evening.
2. The earthen pot was tied with a **string**.
3. One **night** Mangu had a beautiful **dream**.
4. Mangu married a **beautiful** girl and made her his queen.

B. Write 'T' for true and 'F' for false sentences :

1. F, 2. T, 3. T, 4. F

C. Write the meaning of the following in Hindi :

1. beggar	eW/eKeej er	2. himself	DehevesDeehe
3. ceiling	Úle	4. chicken	Úeepes
5. month	çenevee	6. lesson	hee''

D. Answer the following questions :

1. Mangu was a begger.
2. Mangu begged morning to evening.
3. Mangu saw that there was famine in the area.
4. Mangu's dream came crashing down.

14

Honest Woodcutter

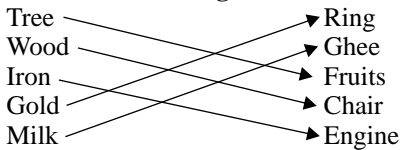
A. Fill in the blanks :

1. The God was pleased with his **honesty** .
2. He sat and wept by the river **bank**.
3. The **woodcutter** told her the whole story.
4. The **God** took mercy upon him.
5. Once there was a woodcutter lived in **Rampur**.

B. Write 'T' for true and 'F' for false sentences :

1. T, 2. F, 3. T, 4. F, 5. F

C. Match the following words :



D. Rearrange the jumbled words :

- | | | | |
|----------|--------------|-----------|---------------|
| 1. OPEM | Poem | 5. EXA | Axe |
| 2. EERT | Tree | 6. RIERV | River |
| 3. DOOW | Wood | 7. TOSRY | Story |
| 4. RWATE | Water | 8. ANCHBR | Branch |

E. Write the plurals of the following words :

- | | | | |
|---------|--------------|-----------|-----------------|
| 1. Tree | Trees | 6. River | Rivers |
| 2. Axe | Axes | 7. Branch | Branches |
| 3. Cry | Cries | 8. Table | Tables |
| 4. Ox | Oxen | 9. Chair | Chairs |
| 5. Box | Boxes | 10. Fruit | Fruits |

F. Answer the following questions :

1. The woodcutter lived in Rampur.
2. His axe fell into the river.
3. The God of water lived in the water.
4. The woodcutter got three axes for his honesty. The iron axe, the silver axe and the gold axe.

Exercise

A. Tick (3) the correct answer :

- (iii), 2. (iii), 3.(iii)

B Fill in the blanks :

- Twinkle, **Twinkle** little **star**,
- Like **diamond** in the sky.
- When the **blazing** Sun is set,
- When the grass** dew is wet.
- Then you **show your little** light,
- Twinkle, Twinkle **all the** night.

C. Write 'T' for true and 'F' for false :

- F, 2. F, 3. T, 4. T

D. Change the sentences into negative (use no/not, etc.) and re-write :

- There are no stars in the sky.
- We cannot see the stars.
- Stars do not shine during night.
- The moon does not shine at night.
- The sun does not set in the evening.
- All the rivers do not rise from Himalaya.

E. Match the opposite words :

- | A | | B |
|----------|---|---------|
| • Night | → | • hide |
| • Set | → | • large |
| • Little | → | • dry |
| • High | → | • arise |
| • Show | → | • day |
| • Wet | → | • low |

F. Make sentences with the following words :

- Stars** twinkle at night.
- Stars look like a **diamond**.
- The **sunrises** in the east.
- The sky is blue.
- My dress is **white**.

6. Stars are billions in number.

G. Answer the following question :

1. The stars were shining in the sky.
2. The poet sees the star at night.
3. They look like a diamond.
4. The stars are twinkling all the night.
5. They shine twinkling, twinkling.
6. The stars shine at night.
7. No one can count the stars.
8. Set-wet, light-night, star-are, high-sky.

2

A Wicked Crane

A. Tick (3) the correct answer :

1. ii., 2. i., 3. iii., 4. i.

B. Fill in the blanks :

1. There was no **rain** whole of the year.
2. Now all the **fishes** wanted to go there.
3. The crane took a **fish** in its beak and flew away.
4. The crane opened its beak to catch the **crab**.
5. The clever crab taught a lesson to the **wicked** crane.

C. Write 'T' for true and 'F' for false :

1. T, 2. F, 3. F, 4. T, 5. T

D. Rearrange the following sentences as they are in the lesson :

1. Once there lived many fish in a pond.
2. There was no rain whole of the year.
3. They requested the crane to carry them to that pond.
4. The crane took a fish in its beak and flew away.
5. This fish told the other fish about the lovely pond.
6. The crane was very clever.
7. It set on a stone under a tree and ate it up.
8. Now there was no fish in the pond.
9. Both the crane and the crab reached the same stone.
10. Then the crab dug its two sharp claws into the crane's neck.

E. Complete the spellings :

Clever	Crane	pond	brought
Crab	laughed	turn	neck
fish	claws	dug	wicked
dried	water	catch	chance

F. Answer the following questions :

1. The fish lived in a pond.
2. The crane wanted to eat all the fish.
3. There was no rain during the whole year. The pond began to dry up.
4. The crane said to the fish. "These is another pond. There is lots of water in it. Come with me and save yourself."
5. The crane took fish one-by-one in its beak and flew away and ate it up.
6. The crab killed the wicked crane.

3

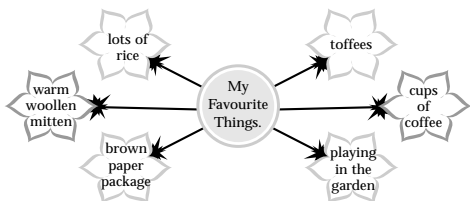
My Favourite Things

Exercise

A. Complete the following spellings :

- | | |
|--------------|------------|
| 1. Package | 2. Woollen |
| 3. Favourite | 4. Swing |
| 5. Mangoes | 6. Garden |

B. List the favourite things you have found in the song and complete the chart below :



C. Answer the following questions :

1. When rain drops fall on roses means in winter, we wear woollen mittens.
2. We play in the garden.
3. Brown paper package is tied up with a string.
4. Mangoes on trees is moving in breeze.

4

My Village

Exercise

A. Tick (3) the correct answer :

1. ii., 2. iii., 3. ii.

B. Fill in the blanks :

1. Last month **Raju** went to his village with his sister.
2. His grandfather has some land.

3. There are many **animals** in the **village**.
4. His grandfather **drinks** their **milk**.
5. He saw the **wheat crop**.
6. Next day they **returned** to their city.

C. Write 'T' for true and 'F' for false statements :

1. F 2. F 3. T 4. F

D. Complete the spellings :

month village sister land
goat garden

E. Write the antonyms of the following :

next	previous	grandfather	grand
go	come	happy	sad
some	many	cow	bull
sister	brother	day	night
city	village	land	sky

F. Make sentences with the following words :

Village : The **village** is a very peaceful place.
 Animals : There were many **animals** in the field.
 Month : There are twelve **months** in a year.
 Land : have some **land** on the bank of river.
 Forest : There are many trees in the **forest**.
 Happy : He is looking very **happy**.
 City : Kanpur is a big **city**.

G. Answer the following questions :

1. Raju went to his village with his sister.
2. Raju saw forest and wheat crop in the village.
3. Raju ate mangoes there.
4. Do yourself.

5

The Thief and His Mother

Exercise

A. Tick (3) the correct answer :

1. (iii) 2. (i) 3. (ii)

B. Fill in the blanks :

1. As he grew older, Vikas became a **dreaded** dacoit.
2. Among the crowd was his **mother**.
3. His mother put her **ear** to Vikas so that he could speak.

C. Write 'T' for true and 'F' for false statements :

1. F 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. T

D. Answer the following questions :

1. Vikas stole a spoon from his neighbour's house.
2. When Vikas had stolen first time, his mother appreciated him instead of punishing.
3. Vikas became a dreaded dacoit.
4. The king gave punishment to Vikas to be hanged in public.

6

I Love Little Pussy

Exercise

A. Complete the poem :

I Love **little** Pussy,
Her **coat** is so **warm**,
And if I **don't** hurt **her**,
She'll do me no **harm**,
So **I'll** not pull her **tail**.
Nor **drive** her away,
But **Pussy** and **I**,
Very gently **will** play.

B. Translate the following into Hindi :

1. cell Ueser dyeu uer keash Uej kaj lee/kaj leen B
2. cell Gmekar helj vner Kesh B/esh B-
3. Gmekar Delej Ce yernje ice&rw
4. Jen cell pekas keas F ane dre vner then B Ueser-

C. Write rhyming words for :

- | | | | |
|---------|-------------|---------|-------------|
| 1. warm | harm | 2. way | play |
| 3. her | per | 4. tail | wail |

D. Answer the following questions :

1. Yes, the girl loves little pussy.
2. The coat of little pussy is warm.
3. No, the girl does not pull her tail.
4. Girl and pussy play very gently.
5. No, pussy does not harm the girl.

Exercise

A. Fill in the blanks :

1. King **Akbar** went for a walk with prince **Salim**.
2. It was a hot **morning**.
3. They sat down in the **shade** of a tree.
4. The king and **the prince** took off their clothes.
5. **The king Akbar** and **the prince Salim** felt very happy.
6. The king and the prince came out of the **river**.
7. Birbal was carrying the load of a **donkey**.

B. Write 'T' for true and 'F' for false statements :

1. F 2. T 3. T 4. F 5. T 6. F 7. T

C. Write the past tense form of the following words :

go	went	write	wrote	come	came
fall	fell	feel	felt	eat	ate
bathe	bathed	see	saw	carry	carried
take	took	say	said	swim	swam
give	gave	ring	rang		

D. Answer the following questions :

1. The king Akbar and the prince Saleem went for a walk with Birbal.
2. Birbal did not bathe in the river because according to him the water was very cold.
3. Akbar and Saleem bathed in the river.
4. Akbar said that Birbal looked like a donkey because he was holding their clothes in his hands and standing in the sun.
5. In the story, the king and the prince are two donkeys.

Exercise

B. Tick (3) the correct answer :

1. (ii) 2. (iii) 3. (i)

C. Fill in the blanks :

1. Rahul **took** permission of his parents.

2. Rahul and Ravi wanted to go for a **picnic**.
3. It had **seven** storeys.
4. They **left** their houses at 9 a.m.

D. Write 'T' for true and 'F' for false statements :

1. T 2. F 3. T 4. F 5. F

E. Write the names of the days of the week :

- | | | |
|--------------|-------------|------------|
| 1. Sunday | 2. Monday | 3. Tuesday |
| 4. Wednesday | 5. Thursday | 6. Friday |
| 7. Saturday | | |

F. Circle the proper nouns :

boy Sunday parents friend Rahul
 tower iron pillar Qutub Minar father

G. Write number of the following :

- | | |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1. tower singular | 2. trees plural |
| 3. friends plural | 4. work singular |
| 5. parents plural | 6. pillar singular |

H. Answer the following questions :

1. Qutub Minar is the highest tower in India.
2. Rahul took permission of his parents to go out.
3. The Qutub Minar is made of red stone.
4. The Qutub Minar has only five storeys now.

9

The Taj Mahal

Exercise

A. Fill in the blanks :

1. There are various **historical** places in India.
2. He had a queen named **Mumtaz** Mahal.
3. Taj Mahal is made of **white** marble.
4. Taj Mahal looks very beautiful in the **moonlight**.
5. Taj is one of the seven wonders of the **world**.
6. People from every **corner** of the world come to see the beauty of the Taj.

B. Write 'T' for true and 'F' for false statements :

1. F 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. F 6. T

C. Match the following :

- | | |
|---|---|
| <p>A</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Marble • Emperor | <p>B</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • White • Shah Jahan |
|---|---|

- Moonlight
- City
- Minarets
- Queen
- Building
- Silver
- Agra
- Four
- Mumtaj
- Taj Mahal

D. Answer the following questions :

1. Shah Jahan built the Taj Mahal.
2. Mumtaz Mahal was the queen of Shah Jahan.
3. Shah Jahan was the emperor of Agra and the son of Jahangir.
4. The Taj is situated on the bank of river Yamuna in Agra.
5. In the moonlight it appears like an idol made of silver moonlight.

10

A Fly and An Ant

Exercise

B. Tick (3) the correct option :

1. (ii)
2. (i)
3. (i)

C. The following statements have been said either by the ant or by the fly. Write their names :

1. I can fly in the air. **fly**
2. Men trample on me by accident. **ant**
3. You are only an eater in summer. **ant**
4. I can sit on a king's head. **ant**
5. You will starve for your laziness. **ant**

D. Fill in the blanks :

1. I mix with the best **people**.
2. I can sit on a queen's **nose**.
3. You cannot **compare** you with me.
4. You will **starve** for your laziness.
5. What will you do in **winter**?

E. Choose the correct word :

1. answer/answare **answer**
2. wintar/winter **winter**
3. beter/better **better**
4. crawl/carwl **crawl**
5. queen/quin **queen**
6. trample/tramel **trample**

F. Change gender of the following :

1. sister **brother**
2. king **queen**

3. mother **father**

4. lion **lioness**

5. girl **boy**

6. old man **old woman**

7. lion **lioness**

8. uncle **aunt**

G. Complete the spellings :

1. argument

2. compare

3. king

4. nuisance

5. winter

6. reward

7. summer

8. season

9. queen

10. effort

H. Answer the following questions :

1. The fly appreciated herself by saying that she can fly in the air, sit on king's head and on queen's nose.
2. A fly and an ant got into an argument.
3. The ant argued with the fly by appreciating its hard labour.

11

The Pied Piper of Hamelin

Exercise

A. Fill in the blanks :

1. But years ago **the town** was full of rats.
2. One day a **strange** man came to see the Mayor.
3. The piper began to play a **queer** little tune.
4. The people of **Hamelin** were thrilled.

B. Write 'T' for true and 'F' for false statements :

1. F 2. T 3. T 4. F

C. Write the past form of the following verbs :

1. fight **fought**

2. sleep **slept**

3. ask **asked**

4. dress **dressed**

5. take **took**

6. stop **stopped**

D. Write the meaning of the following in Hindi :

1. cradle हेरुवेवे

2. strange डेपेये

3. away ओज

4. coin एनेकेके

5. suddenly डेवेवेके

6. procession पेये

E. Answer the following questions :

1. The piper was angry with the Mayor because he did not pay him a thousand gold coins.

2. The problem of the people of Hamelin was the rats which were big enough.
3. The rats fought with the dogs, killed the cats, bit the sleeping babies in the cradles and ate up all the food.
4. When the Piper played the tune the first time, all kinds of rats followed by Piper to the river and were drowned.

12

Deepawali

Exercise

A. Fill in the blanks:

1. They **were looking very** happy Diwali.
2. We **celebrate** Luxmi Pooja on Diwali.
3. The shops looked **beautiful**.
4. Diwali is the festival of **light**.

B. Write 'T' for true and 'F' for false statements :

1. T, 2. F, 3. T, 4. F, 5. T

C. Use the flowing words in your own sentences:

1. **Worship** : We worship luxmi on Diwali.
2. **Invite** : We invited their friends and relatives
3. **Light** : Diwali is the festival of lights.
4. **Celebrate** : We celebrated this festival with great pump and show.
5. **Diwali** : Diwali festival we lighted rockets and crackers.
6. **Decorate** : All the shops were decorated with colourful lights.

D. Answer the following questions:

1. Diwali is the festival of lights.
2. Diwali comes in the month of October or November.
3. The children wore new clothes. Lighted crackers and all were looking very happy.
4. We all wished happy diwali to all our friends and relatives.

Exercise

A. Tick (3) the correct answer :

1. (ii) 2. (iii) 3. (i) 4. (ii)

B. Fill in the blanks :

1. He is the **father** of Nation.
2. After passing matriculation, he went to **England**.
3. He **organized** the people of India.
4. He was a messenger of **love and peace**.

C. Write 'T' for true and 'F' for false statements :

1. T 2. T 3. T 4. F

D. Match the following :

- | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| • From there | • he returned as a barrister. |
| • He was | • the voice of India. |
| • After passing matriculation | • he went to England. |
| • He was shot dead | • by Nathuram Godse. |

E. Answer the following questions :

1. The full name of Mahatma Gandhi was Mohandas Karamchand Gandhi.
2. October 2nd is celebrated as Gandhiji's birthday.
3. His message was of love and peace.
4. He started 'Quit India Movement' in 1942.

Exercise

A. Trace the opposite words in the poem and write against each given words :

- | | | | |
|-------------|-------|-----------|--------|
| 1. Hate | like | 2. Ugly | pretty |
| 3. Straight | round | 4. Father | mother |

B. Answer the following questions :

1. The child says her mother to see the moon.
2. The moon looks like a lamp in the sky.
3. The two shapes of moon are like bow and 'O'.
4. The light of the moon falls on the nursery floor and on the door.
5. The moon shines the play things.

Exercise

- A. Tick (3) the correct answer :**
 1. (i) 2. (iii) 3. (ii)
- B. Fill in the blanks :**
 1. There are **many** types of vehicles on the road.
 2. We should always walk on the **left** side of the road.
 3. On busy crossing, we should cross the road at the **zebra** crossing only.
 4. We should all follow the **rules** of the road.
- B. Write 'T' for true and 'F' for false statements :**
 1. F 2. T 3. T 4. F 5. T
- D. Match the opposite words :**
- | | |
|----------|------------|
| • answer | • question |
| • right | • wrong |
| • yes | • no |
| • first | • last |
| • always | • never |
| • day | • night |
| • sir | • madam |
| • old | • young |
| • many | • some |
- E. Answer the following questions :**
 1. Many types of vehicle's, some small and some big are seen on the road.
 2. We should walk on the left side of the road.
 3. We should cross the road by looking at our right first and then left and once again right and when there is no vehicle, we should cross the road.
 4. We should follow the rules of the road to make it safe for everyone.

Exercise

- A. Tick (3) the correct answer :**
 1. (iii) 2. (i) 3. (ii) 4. (ii)
- B. Fill in the blanks :**
 1. The monkeys were **making** faces.

2. They saw many **animals** and birds in the zoo.
3. They saw **peacocks** also.
4. They **bought** their tickets and went in.
5. There were swan's **cranes** and **ducks**.
6. They gave them **bananas** and peanuts.

C. Write 'T' for true and 'F' for false statements :

- | | | | | |
|------|------|------|------|------|
| 1. T | 2. F | 3. F | 4. T | 5. F |
| 6. T | 7. F | 8. T | | |

D. Write the meaning of the following in Hindi :

- | | | | |
|--------------|-------|------------|-------|
| 1. crocodile | केजेस | 2. bought | केजेस |
| 3. entry | केजेस | 4. cage | केजेस |
| 5. cuckoo | केजेस | 6. panther | केजेस |

E. Correct the spellings of the words :

- | | | | |
|----------|---------------|-------------|------------------|
| 1. tiket | ticket | 2. zabra | zebra |
| 3. duks | ducks | 4. tortoris | tortoises |
| 5. loins | lions | 6. peenuts | peanuts |

F. Write the antonyms of the following :

- | | | | |
|---------|--------------|----------|-------------|
| 1. last | first | 2. some | many |
| 3. go | come | 4. give | take |
| 5. glad | sad | 6. entry | exit |

G. Use the following words in your own sentences :

1. **Place** : Where is your sitting **place**?
2. **Strange** : I met a very **strange** person today.
3. **Ducks** : There were many **ducks** in the pond.
4. **Buy** : I want to **buy** a new car.
5. **Make** : I will **make** you my friend.

H. Answer the following questions :

1. Mohit and his sister went to see the zoo.
2. They gave the monkeys bananas and peanuts.
3. The zoo is a place where the birds and animals are kept.
4. The monkeys were making faces.
5. They saw different kinds of birds and animals there.

Exercise

A. Tick the correct answer :

1. (iii), 2. (ii), 3. (iii)

B. Complete the lines of the poem :

For want of **nail**,
The shoe was lost;
 For want of **shoe**,
The horse was lost
 For want of **horse**,
 The rider was **lost**
 For want of **rider**
 The **battle** was lost.

C. Rearrange the words to make sentences in passive voice :

- The letter was written.
- The bell was rung.
- The matches were played.
- Money was not lost.
- Shoes were not lost.

D. Match the opposite words :

- | | |
|----------|----------|
| • Clever | • fool |
| • brave | • timid |
| • dry | • wet |
| • come | • go |
| • never | • always |

E. Make plural of the following words :

- | | | | |
|------------|-----------------|-----------|----------------|
| 1. Kingdom | kingdoms | 2. Nail | nails |
| 3. Rider | riders | 4. Shoe | shoes |
| 5. Horse | horses | 6. Battle | battles |

F. Write the plural of following words :

Singular	Plural	Singular	Plural
Tooth	teeth	City	cities
Sheep	sheep	Bench	benches
Woman	women	Goat	goats
Child	children	Man	men

Day	days	Knife	knives
Donkey	donkeys	Brother	brothers
Paper	papers	City	cities
Night	nights	Calf	calves
King	kings	Wolf	wolves

G. Answer the following questions :

1. The horse was lost.
2. The rider was lost.
3. The battle was lost. So the kingdom was lost.
4. Yes, everything was lost for want of a horse nail.
5. We lose everything because of our carelessness.

2

Try And Try Again

Exercise

A. Tick (3) the correct answer :

1. (ii), 2. (iii), 3. (ii)

B. Fill in the blanks :

1. Madhav Das was the **king** of Bengal.
2. He **fought** bravely against his enemy.
3. He hid himself in a **cave**.
4. He again collected a large **army**.
5. In the last he became **successful**.
6. We should never **lose** hope.

C. Write True/False :

1. F, 2. F, 3. T, 4. F, 5. T

D. Match opposite words :

- | | |
|----------|----------|
| • Slave | • Free |
| • Old | • Young |
| • Happy | • Sad |
| • Brave | • Coward |
| • Black | • White |
| • Defeat | • Win |

E. Read the following :

Don't	do not
I'll	I will/shall
Can't	cannot
Won't	will not
Shan't	Shall not

Now, rewrite the following sentences using the above short forms :

1. He won't do this.
2. I don't eat toffee.
3. I'll not learn my lesson.
4. I can't speak English.
5. I'll do it for you.

F. Pick out the nouns in the following sentences and writes their kinds :

1. Bengal – Proper Noun
2. King – Common Noun
3. Himself – Common noun
4. Web – Common noun
5. Madhav Das – Proper Noun
6. Story – Common Noun

G. Answer the following questions :

1. Madhav Das.
2. He again gathered a big army and fought against his enemy.
3. He hid himself in a cave.
4. A spider tried to reach in its web.
5. If spider can get success, why can't I?
6. We should never lose hope and try again and again to get success.

3

Four Clever Brothers

Exercise

A. Tick (3) the correct answer :

1. (iii), 2.(iii), 3. (ii)

B. Fill in the blanks :

1. The first **brother** met a **clever thief**.
2. The third brother learnt his **trade from of a huntsman**.
3. The four brother **decided** to rescue the **princess**.
4. The **dragon** is close beside her.
5. I **saw the princess first** said one.

C. Write True/False :

1. F, 2. F, 3. T, 4. T, 5. T

D. Put the following sentences in order :

1. All the brothers fell into the sea.
2. The dragon fell on the ship.
3. The huntsman shot the dragon.

4. The brother sailed out to sea on a ship.
5. One brother saw the princess first.
6. The dragon carried away the princess.
7. The king gave them part of his kingdom.
8. The brothers lived happily ever after.

E. Use the following words in your own sentences :

1. Trade : **The third brother learnt his trade from a huntsman.**
2. Different : **Each of them set off in a different direction.**
3. Clever : **First brother met a clever thief.**
4. Target : **The huntsman set his target.**
5. Carefully : **Do your work carefully.**
6. Decide : **All have decided their goals.**
7. Return : **After four years they all have returned back.**
8. Taught : **We have taught him a lesson.**
9. Princess : **They saw the princess.**
10. Kingdom : **The kingdom was lost.**

F. Write the IInd and IIInd forms of the given verbs :

Ist Form	IInd Form	IIInd Form
1. Say	Said	Said
2. Learn	Learnt	Learnt
3. Return	Returned	Returned
4. Meet	Met	Met
5. See	Saw	Seen
6. Remove	Removed	Removed
8. Sleep	Slept	Slept
9. Good	better	best
10. Buy	Bought	Bought

G. Answer the following questions :

1. The second boy became a star-gazer.
2. The huntsman taught him always to be to your target.
3. The huntsman shot the eggs.
4. The dragon was sleeping near the princess.
5. The dragon fell on the ship.
6. The king gave the brothers a part of his kingdom.
7. The four brother agreed to return home after four years because they had set their trades.
8. The brothers were fighting with each other because they wanted to marry the princess.

Exercise

A. Match opposite words :

- | | |
|---------|---------|
| • Up | • Down |
| • Big | • Small |
| • Fast | • Slow |
| • Quiet | • Noisy |
| • Pull | • Push |
| • Go | • Come |

B. Write the rhyming words for the following words :

- | | | | |
|---------|--------------|------------|----------------|
| 1. hill | will | 2. slowly | glowly |
| 3. song | along | 4. pulling | hushing |

C. Do you remember?

- | | |
|--|------------------|
| 1. King of forest? | Lion. |
| 2. Biggest land animal? | Elephant. |
| 3. Strongest animal? | Elephant. |
| 4. Cleverest animal? | Fox. |
| 5. Ship of desert? | Camel. |
| 6. Smallest animal? | Ant. |
| 7. Which animal is helpful in ploughing? | Ox |
| 8. Which animal has stripes on body? | Tiger. |

D. Add 'ing' in the following verbs :

- | | | | |
|----------|----------------|------------|------------------|
| 1. open | opening | 2. run | running |
| 3. place | placing | 4. receive | receiving |
| 5. wash | washing | 6. rub | rubbing |

E. Answer the following questions :

- When the engine goes up the hill, it pulls the train with a will.
- When the engine goes up the hill, it sings a song : I think I can, I think I can.
- While climbing up the hill, the engine's speed is very slow.
- When the engine comes down, it requires no pulling.
- While climbing down the hill, the engine sings a song : I thought I could, I thought I could.

Exercise

A. Tick (3) the correct answer :

- (ii)
- (iii)

B. Fill in the blanks :

1. Once upon a time, there was a **man** in a village.
2. He had most **costly** things in his house.
3. With the money he bought a lump of **gold**.
4. He put the lump of gold into the **hole and covered it**.

C. Write True/False :

1. T 2. F 3. T 4. T 5. T

D. Answer the following questions :

1. The miser had a lot of money.
2. He sold all his costly things and bought a lump of gold with the money.
3. He feared of the thieves.
4. The neighbour said, "Why not? A lump of gold under the earth is not better than a stone."

6

Koel

Exercise

A. Tick (3) the correct answer :

1. (iii) 2. (i) 3. (iii) 4. (i)

B. Fill in the blanks :

1. We do not see the cuckoo during **winter**.
2. The cuckoo is seen during **spring and summer**.
3. Koel is **black** in colour.
4. The crow is **stronger** than the cuckoo.

C. Match the following :

- Koel is found • **in many countries.**
- Koel feeds on • **fruits, worms and insects.**
- Koel has • **two bright eyes.**
- The male cuckoo • **plays a trick on the crow.**

D. Write meaning and past tense forms of the following :

- | | | |
|-----------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 1. build | efrecee keajvee | built |
| 2. feed | eKeueevee | fed |
| 3. chase | heetJe keajvee | chased |
| 4. return | Jeeheme nevee | returned |

E. Write True/False :

1. T 2. F 3. T 4. T

F. Answer the following questions :

1. The koel is seen in summer and spring.
2. In winter the koel goes to southern India.
3. The koel eats fruits, worms and insects.
4. The koel lays its eggs in the nest of crow.

7

Be Not Tempted

Exercise

A. Tick (3) the correct answer :

1. (ii)
2. (i)

B. Write opposites of the following words :

- | | | | |
|-----------|----------------|-----------|---------------|
| 1. sinful | holy | 2. speak | listen |
| 3. kindly | cruelty | 4. wicked | kind |
| 5. harm | soothe | 6. good | bad |

C. Make plural of the following words :

- | | | | |
|-----------|----------------|----------|---------------|
| 1. action | actions | 2. word | words |
| 3. spirit | spirits | 4. try | tries |
| 5. kind | kinds | 6. mouth | mouths |

D. Fill in the missing letters :

1. sinful
2. action
3. spirit
4. harm

E. Answer the following questions :

1. We should always speak only kind words.
2. Our spirit is tempting us to do all harm and ill.
3. Only kind and good deeds will compel the people to love us.

8

Books : The Best Friends

Exercise

A. Tick (3) the correct answer :

1. (ii)
2. (ii)
3. (iii)

B. Fill in the blanks :

1. Books are the treasure house of **knowledge**.
2. They show man the true **path** of life.
3. He who reads books becomes **scholar**.
4. Everyone must find time for **reading** good books.

C. Write True/False :

1. F
2. T
3. T
4. T

D. Go to your school library and find out the writers of the following famous books :

- | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1. <i>Godan</i> | Prem Chand |
| 2. <i>Geetanjali</i> | Rabindra Nath Tagore |
| 3. <i>Discovery of India</i> | Jawahar Lal Nehru |
| 4. <i>Panchatantra</i> | Pt Vishva Sharma |
| 5. <i>Paradise Lost</i> | John Milton |
| 6. <i>Wings of Fire</i> | Abdul Kalam |

E. Use the following words in your own sentences :

- Habit** : We should adopt only good **habits**.
- Pleasure** : How **pleasure** I am feeling, looking you.
- Inspiration** : It is the source of **inspiration**.
- Knowledge** : Any **knowledge** never goes in vain.

F. Answer the following questions :

- Nikhil is happy.
- Nikhil never feels lonely.
- The books are my best friends.
- A book-lover becomes a scholar.

Exercise

A. Tick (3) the correct answer :

- (iii)
- (i)
- (ii)

B. Fill in the blanks :

- Kalpna Chawla chose **Mars** as her topic.
- But she was not **so lucky** the next time.
- Indians are proud of Kalpna Chawla's accomplishments , so is the world.

C. Match the animals with their sounds :

- | | |
|-----------|-----------------|
| • a horse | • neighs |
| • a sheep | • bleats |
| • a cat | • mews |
| • a tiger | • roars |
| • a cow | • moos |
| • a dog | • barks |

D. Fill in the blanks with suitable pronouns :

- I have a pen. I bought **it** from stationery shop.
- You are Akshat. **You** should not make a noise.

3. The Indian players have done well. **They** have won many medals.
4. Vasu stood first in the examination. **He** was given a reward.
5. That boy lives here. **He** is my friend.
6. He has a dog. He calls **it** Tom.
7. My name is Lakshay. **I** live in Meerut.
8. There are thirty students in my class. **They** study and play together.

E. Write True/False :

1. F 2. T 3. T 4. F 5. F

F. Answer the following questions :

1. Kalpana Chawla chose 'Mars' for her project.
2. Kalpana Chawla went to America for further studies.
3. Because of Kalpana Chawla it has become possible that the NASA is visited by two students of Tagore Bal Niketan every year.
4. The most dangerous situation for a spacecraft is when it enters back into the earth's atmosphere.
5. Kalpana Chawla died while she was returning to the earth in Columbia Shuttle. As it entered into the earth's atmosphere, it damaged.

10

Rivers are Important

Exercise

A. Tick (3) the correct answer :

1. (ii) 2. (ii)

B. Fill in the blanks :

1. Water **gives** us life.
2. Rivers are **used** for irrigation of agricultural land.
3. Many **streams** flow into the river.
4. We see the changing **mood** of the **Ganga** and the **Yamuna**.
5. There are **dams** built across many rivers.

C. Write True/False :

1. F 2. T 3. T 4. T

D. Answer the following questions :

1. There are many importance of the rivers. Its water is used for irrigation, for producing electricity, and for drinking water.
2. Most of rivers are formed from the mountains whose snow melts in summer and flows down to its way. This current of water is formed into the river.

3. At last the rivers carry water into the sea.
4. The rivers rise from the mountains.
5. In Southern India the rivers are the Godavari, Krishna and the Cauvery.

11

The Ant and the Grasshopper

Exercise

A. Tick (3) the correct answer :

1. (ii)
2. (iii)

B. Fill in the blanks :

1. An ant and a **grasshopper** were friends.
2. The grasshopper was very **happy**.
3. The ant worked very **hard**.
4. Soon **summer** was over and **autumn** came in.
5. Grasshopper was **starving**.

C. Write True/False :

1. T
2. F
3. F
4. F
5. T

D. Add-'ing' to the following words :

love	loving	learn	learning	dance	dancing
sing	singing	work	working	feel	feeling

E. Answer the following questions :

1. An ant and a grasshopper lived in a garden.
2. The grasshopper was lazy.
3. The ant was very hard working.
4. One day, the ant asked the grasshopper, "Why don't you store some food daily? You can eat it later."
5. The grasshopper had nothing to eat. He was hungry. He looked around for food. But there was no food. He felt miserable.
6. The grasshopper learnt the lesson that it should not be lazy in life.

12

Environment

Exercise

A. Tick (3) the correct answer :

1. (i)
2. (iii)

B. Fill in the blanks :

1. To **illustrate** his point, the king narrated the following story.

2. One day all the trees in the forest **complained** to God.
3. God granted their **request** and **removed** all the wild animals.
4. We are not able to **save** our lives from hunters.

C. Write True/False :

1. F 2. T 3. T 4. F

D. Write the meaning of the following in Hindi :

- | | | | |
|------------|--------------|-------------|--------------------|
| 1. fond of | Meekhaare | 2. every | De/Dekeá |
| 3. protect | j#ee keájvee | 4. around | ÚeejelDeej |
| 5. beauty | mebjlee | 6. complain | eMekeáDele keájvee |

E. Answer the following questions :

1. The king was fond of trees.
2. The trees in a forest complained to God, "There are many wild animals in this forest. Human beings are afraid of them and so they do not come to the forest. We feel lost without human beings around us. So, we request you to remove all the wild animals from the forest."
3. The human beings were not afraid of the animals because there were no animals in the forest.
4. The king punished the farmer by ordering to plant and rear ten plants every year for ten years.

13

The Golden Temple

Exercise

A. Tick (3) the correct answer :

1. (ii) 2. (iii) 3. (ii)

B. Fill in the blanks :

1. Its dome is covered with **gold plates**.
2. It is a sacred place for the **Sikhs**.
3. These small towers are meant for **pilgrims**.

C. Write True/False :

1. T 2. F 3. T 4. T

D. Answer the following questions :

1. Sevadar looks after the shoes in Gurudwara.
2. Maharaja Ranjit Singh built the 'Golden Temple'.
3. It is situated in Amritsar.
4. It is so popular because it is the most sacred place for the Sikhs.

Exercise

- A. **Tick (3) the correct answer :**
 1. (ii) 2. (iii)
- B. **Complete the lines of the poem :**
 Columbus said, "The earth is round.
 Across the sea I'll go.
 Although some say the earth is flat,
 I'll prove it is not so."
- C. **Write the past form of the following verbs :**
- | | | | |
|----------|---------------|----------|----------------|
| 1. say | said | 2. cross | crossed |
| 3. prove | proved | 4. cry | cried |
| 5. keep | kept | 6. land | landed |
- D. **Use the following words in your own sentences :**
- Round** : The shape of moon is also **round**.
 - Sailor** : There were many **sailors** in the sea.
 - Track** : In fact, this **track** is very tough.
 - Some** : There were only **some** people in the city.
- E. **Answer the following questions :**
- Columbus was a sailor.
 - The shape of Earth is round.
 - The sailors cried to turn back.

Exercise

- A. **Tick (3) the correct answer :**
 1. (ii) 2. (ii) 3. (iii)
- C. **Fill in the blanks :**
- The old lady was very **rich**.
 - The old lady thought of **adopting** a nice girl.
 - It was a **fun** for girls.
 - The little girl was **shy**.
- D. **Write True/False :**
 1. T 2. F 3. F
- E. **Change the gender :**
- | | | | |
|---------|------------|------------|---------------|
| 1. cock | hen | 2. brother | sister |
|---------|------------|------------|---------------|

3. prince **princess** 4. wife **husband**

F. Fill with correct form of verb :

1. He **goes** to school daily.
2. The teacher **taught** a lesson yesterday.
Mohan **plays** the hockey match.

G. Fill in the missing letters :

1. **town** 2. **bungalow** 3. **local**
4. **market** 5. **sweets** 6. **precious**

H. Answer the following questions :

1. The old lady lived at Naini in Allahabad district.
2. The reason of her unhappiness was having no child and living all alone.
3. The old lady adopted the last girl because she loved working and praying.
4. The last girl purchased a pair of knitting needles and a prayer book.

16

The Wind

Exercise

A. Fill in the blanks using the correct forms of the verbs :

1. The wind was **blowing** very hard.
2. It **blew** my balloons away.
3. It **blew** my mother's umbrella inside out.
4. It **blew** the newspaper from my father's hands.
5. It **blows** my brother's kite into the sky.
6. Nobody can see the wind.

B. Join the words given in 'A' and 'B'. Write them in 'C':

Group A	Group B	Group C
• stormy	• night	stormy night
• blew	• away	blew away
• pulled	• out	pulled out
• bow	• down	bow down
• passing	• through	passing through
• windy	• day	windy day

C. Answer the following questions :

1. Looking the things trembling we observe that the wind is passing by.
2. The wind makes the trees bow down.

3. The leaves of trees tremble when the wind passes through.
4. None has seen the wind.
5. God has made the wind.
6. You-through, trembling-passing, I-by are the rhyming words.

17

The Ship of the Desert

Exercise

A. Tick (3) the correct answer :

1. (i)
2. (ii)
3. (ii)
4. (i)

B. Fill in the blanks :

1. A desert is a **hot** and dry place.
2. Camel is considered to be **the Ship of Desert.**
3. It can carry **loads** and travel long distances.

C. Write True/False :

1. T
2. T
3. F

D. Answer the following questions :

1. We call the camel 'The Ship of Desert' because it runs faster than the other animals in the desert.
2. A desert is a hot and dry place. It gets very little rain; so there is very little water in it and there are not many trees, and plants. It is a sandy place.
3. The camel has a speciality that it drinks water in a large quantity. It can live on that water for many days.
4. The place where we can have springs of water and shady trees in desert, is called an oasis.

- A. Tick (3) the correct answer :**
1. (ii), 2. (ii), 3. (iii)
- B. Complete the lines of the poem :**
How **beautiful is the rain!**
After the dust and the heat,
In the **broad and fiery street,**
In the narrow lane.
How **beautiful is the rain !**
How it chatters along the roofs.
Like **the tramp of hoofs !**
How it gushes and struggle out.
- C. True/False :**
1. T, 2. F, 3. F, 4. F, 5. T, 6. F
- D. Choose the prepositions and write against the following sentences:**
- | | |
|--|-------------|
| 1. He came here on Sunday. | on |
| 2. Go to hospital soon. | to |
| 3. The policeman is on duty. | on |
| 4. It is five minutes to eight. | to |
| 5. There is no ink in the bottle. | in |
| 6. Pankaj is fond of sweets. | of |
| 7. She writes with a pen. | with |
- E. Use the following words in your own sentences :**
- | | | |
|-----------|---|---|
| 1. Roof | : | The rain chatters along the roofs. |
| 2. Street | : | The rain falls in the broad and fiery street. |
| 3. Lane | : | The lanes of the village is so narrow. |
| 4. Dust | : | After the dust and the heat, rain comes. |
| 5. Pours | : | The rain pours and pours. |
| 6. Narrow | : | The road was so narrow. |
| 7. Gushes | : | The rain gushes and struggle out. |
| 8. Tramp | : | The rain fees like the tramp of hoofs. |
| 9. Rain | : | How beautiful is the rain. |
| 10. Wide | : | The rain pours and pours wide. |
| 11. Swift | : | Her voice is very swift. |

12. Beautiful : Tat give is very beautiful.
 13. Window : He broke the window pain.
 14. Struggle : Life is a struggle.

F. Match the following :

- | | | |
|-------------|---|-------|
| 1. Window | • | pane |
| 2. Black | • | board |
| 3. Book | • | case |
| 4. Table | • | cloth |
| 5. Tea | • | spoon |
| 6. Class | • | room |
| 7. Lunch | • | box |
| 8. Dressing | • | table |
| 9. Post | • | man |

G. Complete the spellings :

- | | | |
|---------------|------------------|-------------|
| 1. Broad | 2. Beautiful | 3. Fiery |
| 4. Run | 5. Narrow | 6. Overflow |
| 7. Gutter | 8. Street | 9. Roars |
| 10. Clatter | 11. Headquarters | 12. Gushes |
| 13. Struggles | 14. Welcome | 15. Stout |
| 16. Muddy | | |

H. Answer the following :

1. After the dust and the heat, the rain appears beautiful.
2. The rain sound feels like a tramp of hoofs.
3. The rain gushes from throat of the overflouring spout.
4. It falls swiftly across the window pane.
5. We welcome the rain after the heat of the summer.

2

Merchant of Venice

A. Tick (3) the correct answer :

1. (ii), 2. (iii), 3. (i)

B. Fill in the blanks :

1. Good things leave good **result** on us.
2. We should speak **slowly** with others.
3. **Bad** things frequently is not a good habit.
4. Do not speak **loudly** of others.
5. We should not find **mistakes** with others.

C. Write True/False :

1. F, 2. T, 3. F, 4. T, 5. F

D. Match the following :

- | | |
|---------------------|-----------------|
| 1. Precious | • costly |
| 2. Generous | • merciful |
| 3. Gifts | • presents |
| 4. Lend | • borrow |
| 5. Without interest | • interest free |
| 6. Turn down | • reject |

E. Pick out the nouns in the following :

- | | |
|--|------------------------------|
| 1. Mary is a naughty girl. | Mary, girl |
| 2. Bhutan is the name of a country. | Bhutan, Country |
| 3. Honesty is the best policy. | honesty, policy |
| 4. The dog is a faithful animal. | dog, animal |
| 5. There is a peacock on a branch of the tree. | peacock, branch, tree |

F. Answer the following questions :

1. Antonio and Bassanio were true friends.
2. They lived in Venice.
3. Bassanio went to Antonio for monetary help.
4. Bassanio wanted to marry Portia.
5. Antonio could not lend the money himself to his friend because his shops were on voyage and Antonio himself was short of money.
6. Shylock was name of the other money lender.
7. Shylock was a money -lender who used to lend money on high interest. Shylock hated Antonio because he was in the habit of helping the people by lending money interest free. It was adversely affecting the Shylock's business. So, Shylock was looking out for a chance to take revenge.
8. Shylock put a bond before Antonio that after three months if he fails to repay the borrowed money, by that day, he would cut off a pound of his flesh from nearer his heart. This was the agreement.
9. Antonio could not pay back the loan to Shylock because the ships had not arrived at port yet. The day of reimbursement had gone away. Shylock had filed a suit against him.
10. Portia presented herself as lawyer of Antonio in the court of the Venice. She told to Shylock that this bond gives you exactly one pound of Antonio's flesh, But if in cutting it off, you shed a single drop of blood, you will pay for it with your

life. This is the law of venice.

Now, Shylock was ready to accept his money, But Portia said, no, you can't, you have plotted a plan against the life of a man. According to the law, half of your property will go to state of venice and other half to Antonio. Now, it is your turn to beg for Mercy. In this way Portia helped Antonio.

3

Mahabharata

A. Tick (3) the correct answer :

1. (ii), 2. (i), 3. (ii)

B. Fill in the blanks :

1. Many kings took part in this **battle** .
2. He **constructed** a fort of war to kill **Pandavas** .
3. **Kauravas** knew that Pandavas were alive.
4. **Duryodhan** managed to seize Pandava's kingdom.

C. Write True/False:

1. T, 2. F, 3. F

D. Match the following :

- | | |
|----------------|----------------|
| 1. Kauravas | • Dhritrashtra |
| 2. Pandavas | • Pandu |
| 3. Hastinapur | • Capital |
| 4. Sealing wax | • Lakshagraha |
| 5. Arjun | • Archer |
| 6. Bhim | • Club expert |

E. Answer the following questions:

1. A king named Shantanu was the ruler of our country.
2. Shantanu and Vichitra Virya were the forefathers of Kauravas and Pandvas.
3. Pandu became the king because elder brother Dhritrashtra was blind.
4. Duryodhan was the son of Dhritrashtra. After accomplishment of their education, Dhritrashtra announced Yudhishtra as a prince. Duryodhan, the son of Dhritrashtra did not accept it.

4

Solar Eclipse

Exercise

A. Tick (3) the correct answer :

1. (ii)
2. (iii)

B. Fill in the blanks :

1. In a **solar** eclipse the moon blocks our view of the sun.
2. **Lunar** eclipses can last for one or two hours.
3. During a solar eclipse Chinese made a huge commotion to frighten away the **dragon**.
4. The **Eskimos** were said to regard a total solar eclipse as a good omen.

C. Fill in the blanks with suitable prepositions :

1. We sat **on** the sofa.
2. We often talk **to** you.
3. I am coming here **from** Monday.
4. He tied a string **to** his anger.
5. Mother poured out milk **of** the jug.
6. The conductor stood **out of** the bus while the children got in.
7. There is a toy shop **on** the road.
8. The sky is **over** our heads.

D. Answer the following questions :

1. A solar eclipse occurs when the moon comes between the Sun and the Earth.
2. The Indian people used to believe that a dragon, called Rahu, had eaten up the Sun. During an eclipse, many people would immerse themselves upto their necks in water.
3. The armies of the Lydians and the Medas had been at war for five years when suddenly, 'the day turned into night'. The two armies were so stunned that they declared peace and the fighting stopped at once.
4. The people of Japan believed that poison dripped from the skies during an eclipse. So they took care to keep all their well covered up.
5. We may use a pinhole camera or projector to look at it.

5

Mowgli

Exercise

A. Write True/False :

1. T 2. F 3. T 4. F 5. T 6. F

B. Fill in the blanks :

1. Father would protect the little **human baby** from wild beasts.
2. We shall raise him together and we shall name him **Mowgli**.

- Tell all of them not to **forget** me.
- Father wolf heard some **sound** and saw rustling of branches.
- The child went on to learn to swim, to walk, to run and to climb up the **trees**.

C. Who said the following and to whom?

- Tell all of them not to forget me. **Mowgli to Akela**
- I am old and about to die soon. **Akela to all animals**
- We shall name him Mowgli. **Father wolf to Mother wolf**
- He will die here in the forest. **Father wolf to Mother wolf**
- We shall never forget you. **Bagheera to Mowgli**

D. Use the following words in sentence of your own :

- Forest** : It is a very dense **forest**.
- Bear** : The **bear** was very sad.
- Tree** : In fact, this **tree** is very high.
- Protect** : I will try my best to **protect** you.
- Forget** : Don't **forget** your mistake.

E. Answer the following questions :

- Wolves, the bear, the black panther and the jackal lived in the forest along with their young ones.
- The mother and father wolves spotted the small child.
- Baloo, the old brown bear taught him the laws of the forest.
- All the things which were important to live in the forest were learnt by Mowgli.
- Mowgli promised to return when he would grow up.

Exercise

A. Fill in the blanks :

- They sing, **dance** and have a lot of fun.
- At night, it offers a great **sight**.
- In the evening people visit one **another**.
- They **exchange** Christmas greetings.
- People go to church in the morning and **pray**.

B. Write True/False :

1. T 2. F 3. T 4. F 5. T

C. Match the opposites :

- | | |
|-----------|-------------------|
| • Late | • Early |
| • Save | • Spend |
| • Misery | • Pleasure |
| • Morning | • Evening |

- Up
- Go
- Down
- Come

D. Fill in the blanks with the question words like who, what, where, when and why etc.

1. **Who** broke the window pane?
2. is your school located?
3. **When** will you come here?
4. **Why** was he punished yesterday?
5. **Why** are those marks on your pocket?

E. Use the following words in your own sentences :

1. **Exchange** : Why do you want to **exchange** it?
2. **Misery** : Don't spend your life with **misery**.
3. **Dance** : Will she **dance** today?
4. **Festival** : India has so many different **festivals** being celebrated.
4. **Sacrifice** : All should make **sacrifice** to save the pride of our motherland.

F. Answer the following questions :

1. On December 25th the Christians celebrate Christmas.
2. Jesus Christ was born in the town of Bethlehem.
3. They decorate the Christmas tree with stars, bells, ribbons.
4. The ladies prepare the delicious cake for the guests.
5. The Christians celebrate Christmas as the birthday of Jesus Christ.

7

Unity Has Strength

Exercise

A. Tick (3) the correct answer :

1. (i)
2. (i)

B. Fill in the blanks:

1. Creeper will become **thick** and **strong**.
2. As the **creeper** grew, it began winding its way up the tree.
3. When the hunter came, all birds pretended to be **dead**.
4. From the **top** of the tree the hunter watched all the geese flying away.

C. Write True/False :

1. T
2. F
3. T
4. T

D. Make sentences of your own with the given words:

1. **Wise** : In fact, she is very **wise** girl.

2. **Foolish** : How **foolish** you are!
 3. **Careless** : Don't be **careless** in any matter.
 4. **Tall** : In fact this tree is very **tall**.

E. Answer the following questions :

- The geese lived in a very tall tree in a deep forest.
- The old bird advised the other birds to destroy the creeper so that nobody can climb up the tree when it would become stronger.
- When the hunter thought that the geese were dead, he threw them out of his net one by one.
- The geese pretended to be dead so that they might save their lives from the hunter.

8

Think Before You Act

Exercise

A. Write True/False :

1. F 2. T 3. F 4. F 5. T

B. Match the words with their meanings :

- | | |
|---------------|--------------------|
| • Realised | • felt |
| • Return | • come back |
| • Haste | • hurry |
| • Lost temper | • got angry |
| • Cry | • weep |

C. Add adjectives to the following nouns :

- | Adjective | Nouns |
|--------------------|----------|
| 1. poor | farmer |
| 2. faithful | mongoose |
| 3. small | son |
| 4. dead | snake |

D. Answer the following questions :

- The farmer and his wife left their son under the care of mongoose.
- The mongoose saved the child by killing the snake.
- The farmer killed the mongoose when he saw the mongoose blood stained.
- When the farmer and his wife saw their baby son sleeping being quite safe, they realised their mistake.

Exercise

A. Tick (3) the correct answer :

1. (iii) 2. (i) 3. (ii)

B. Write True/False :

1. F 2. F 3. T 4. T

C. Fill in the blanks with the correct form of verb from the brackets :

1. Bread **is** made from flour.
2. Rohit **has** a big house.
3. The children **are** dancing.
4. My father **works** very hard.

D. Write the rhyming words from the poem :

- | | | | |
|----------|--------------|----------|--------------|
| 1. worse | purse | 2. glue | blue |
| 3. many | penny | 4. merry | ferry |

E. Answer the following questions :

1. The girl wants to go across the river.
2. The boatman wants a penny from the girl to ferry her.
3. The colour of the girl's eyes is blue.

Exercise

A. Tick (3) the correct answer :

1. (i) 2. (ii) 3. (i)

B. Fill in the blanks :

1. Mahesh and **Naresh** were neighbours.
2. They came to the field early in the morning and worked until it was **dark**.
3. One day, the **melon** were started to be ripen.
4. At the stroke of midnight they heard a **painful** scream.
5. Mahesh and Naresh took Atul to the village **Sarpanch**.

C. Write True/False :

1. F 2. F 3. T 4. F

D. Answer the following questions :

1. Mahesh and Naresh became partners to have a big profit.
2. Looking the field green with melon planets, Naresh and Mahesh were happy.

3. Mahesh wanted to lodge a complaint with the police because he wanted to find the thief.
4. Naresh and Mahesh caught the thief by setting the iron nails around the ripe fruits and surrounding them with the thorny bushes and by keeping watch at night.
5. Now Atul leads a life with bad name and nobody likes him.

11

Friendship

Exercise

A. Tick (3) the correct answer :

1. (ii) 2. (iii) 3. (i)

B. Fill in the blanks :

1. There lived a **mouse with his family**.
2. The mouse saw a **frog there**.
3. The mouse and the frog started living **together**.
4. Don't lose **heart**.
5. There is no **water** around.

C. Write True/False :

1. F 2. T 3. T 4. T 5. F

D. Answer the following questions :

1. The mouse lived with his family in a hole under an old banyan tree.
2. One day a frog came hopping to his hole.
3. The mouse family was happy because it was able to help a friend.
4. The problem with the frog was a flood in which his family had been washed off and he remained all alone.
5. At last the mouse and its family succeed to find humid ground and started living together happily ever after.

12

Words Never Die

Exercise

A. Write True/False :

1. T 2. T 3. T 4. F

B. Write rhyming words for the following words :

- | | | | |
|---------|-------------|-----------|--------------|
| 1. said | dead | 2. depart | heart |
| 3. day | way | 4. me | be |

C. Answer the following questions :

1. The people remember wrong words.
2. The people never forget the word spoken to them by someone.
3. We should not speak words carelessly because they hurt others.
4. False words bring grief to one's heart.
5. We make the people happy by using good words.

13

A Camel and A Jackal

Exercise

A. Tick (3) the correct answer :

1. (iii) 2. (i) 3. (i)

B. Fill in the blanks :

1. The **jackal** sat on the camel's back.
2. They **chewed many** sugarcanes.
3. The jackal's howling **woke up** the master of the field.
4. The jackal said, "It is my habit. I can not stop **howling**."

C. Write True/False :

1. T 2. F 3. F 4. T 5. T

D. Write the meaning of the following in Hindi :

friend	दोस्त	content	संतुष्ट	juicy	जमेरू
belly	पेट	bush	पेड़	water	पानी
habit	आदत	revenge	बदला		

E. Write the antonyms of the following :

friend	enemy	day	night	soon	late
many	none	out	in	down	up
deep	shallow	more	less		

F. Answer the following questions :

1. They went to the field to chew the sugarcane.
2. The Jackal's howling made the master awake.
3. The Jackal's habit was of howling after having food.
4. The camel got the sugarcane to chew and after that beating with stick by the master of land.
5. The camel took revenge with the Jackal by drowning him in the water.

Exercise

A. Tick (3) the correct answer :

1. (iii) 2. (ii)

B. Fill in the blanks :

1. It signifies **complete** freedom.
2. It is celebrated in **schools** and colleges also.
3. Principal **hoists** the national flag.
4. The Republic Day is our **national** festival.

C. Write the opposite of the following words :

Words	Opposites	Words	Opposites
1. under	over	2. follow	lead
3. deep	shallow	4. danger	easy

D. Use the following words in your own sentences :

1. **National** : The tiger is our **national** animal.
2. **Complete** : I want to **complete** my work.
3. **Unity** : Do the work in **unity**.

E. Answer the following questions :

1. The Republic Day parade takes place at Vijay Chowk.
2. The President of India takes the salute of the parade.
3. The Republic Day is celebrated as the birthday of our constitution.
4. The constitution of India was adopted on January 26th 1950.

Exercise

A. Fill in the blanks :

1. Raman was the **captain** of the Nehru Club team.
2. There was a toss **between** the two captains.
3. He was clean **bowled**.
4. The Nehru Club team won the **toss** and they **chose** to bat.

B. Choose the right words from the brackets :

1. Yesterday we saw **a** exciting cricket match.
2. The Blue Tiger team took **the** field.
3. Who was **the** opening batsman?
4. He hit **the** four twice.
5. I was out for **a** duck.

6. At first **the** two umpires with the captains came to the field.

C. Answer the following questions :

1. Cricket match was played on a school ground.
2. The match was played between the Nehru Club and the Blue Tiger Club.
3. There were two umpires.
4. The Nehru Club team won the match by fifty five runs.

16

The Judgement Seat of Vikramaditya

Exercise

A. Tick (3) the correct answer :

1. (ii) 2. (iii) 3. (i) 4. (iii)

B. Fill in the blanks :

1. There ruled in **Ujjain** a very great king called Vikramaditya.
2. Vikramaditya's palace **became** the heaps of ruins.
3. The boy who was made the **judge** sat on the mound to hear the case.
4. Soon the news **spread** through the countryside.
5. The king also **wished** to be as wise and **just** as Vikramaditya.

C. Write True/False :

1. F 2. T 3. T 4. T 5. F

D. Write the meaning of the following in Hindi :

- | | | | | | |
|---------|----------------------|----------|-------------------|---------|------------------|
| great | cerneve | case | ceecevee | graze | Uejvee |
| dispute | Peid[e | mound | Ševvee | explain | JUeeKUee keajvee |
| wisely | yepdDeceveeermesslab | | eMevee | unjust | DevUeeUeer |
| seat | yel'keae | innocent | e/reoeeke, Yeevee | pure | Mepee |

E. Write the past form of the following verbs :

- | | | | | | |
|--------|----------------|-------|----------------|------|--------------|
| come | came | bring | brought | act | acted |
| change | changed | give | gave | find | found |
| sit | sat | free | freed | | |

F. Answer the following questions :

1. Vikramaditya was the king of Ujjain.
2. The village boys would go everyday to the jungle nearby to graze their cattle.
3. The news of cowboys and their judgement spread through the countryside.

4. The king who heard the news of the cowboys, wished to be wise and just as Vikramaditya
5. When the king could not answer of the questions asked by the voice, he felt ashamed of himself.

