Teacher's Manual

Carvaan

Social Studies



Carvaan Social Studies-2

Chapter 1: Our Food

- **A.** 1. (a) 2. (b) 3. (b) 4. (b)
- B. 1. food 2. complete 3. energy 4. diseases
- C. 1. Do it yourself.
- **D.** 1. Food gives us energy to work and play.
 - 2. A diet which contains all kinds of nutritional elements in proper quantity is called the balanced diet.
 - 3. You must drink 8 glases of water everyday.
 - 4. (i) Always use fresh food.
 - (ii) Don't overcook the food.

Chapter 2: Clothes We Wear

- **A.** 1. (c) 2. (a) 3. (b) 4. (c) 5. (a)
- B. 1. cotton 2. sheep and goat 3. synthetic 4. natural
- C. 1. True 2. False 3. False 4. True
- **D.** 1.(c) 2.(d) 3.(e) 4.(a) 5.(b)
- E. 1. We wear clothes to protect ourselves from heat, cold, rain, dust and insects.
 - 2. Synthetic fibres are made from chemical compounds instead of natural resources and also known as man-made fibres.
 - 3. (i) Clothes should be cleaned well and cared properly.
 - (ii) Clothes should be washed with a good soap or detergent powder.
 - 4. Wearing woollen clothes in summer season can make us feel hot and uncomfortable.

Chapter 3: Our House

- **A.** 1. (a) 2. (b) 3. (c) 4. (a)
- **B.** 1. villages 2. cities 3. moving 4. ice, snow
- **C.** 1. (c) 2. (d) 3. (b) 4. (a)
- D. 1. True 2. False 3. True 4. False
- E. 1. We all need a house to live in. A house protects us from heat, cold, rain and wild animals.
 - 2. The main difference between kutcha and pucca houses :

Kutcha houses are made of mud, straw and bamboo sticks.

Pucca houses are made of bricks, cement, iron and steel.

- 3. We can see houseboats in Kashmir.
- 4. (a) Mason (b) Architect (c) Engineer

Chapter 4: Our Neighbours

A. 1. (a) 2. (a) 3. (b)

- **B.** 1. parents, home 2. Neighbourhood 3. need, help 4. respect, elderly
- C. 1. True 2. True 3. False 4. True
- **D.** 1. Families that live near our house are our neighbours.
 - 2. All the houses and families who lived in our colony are called a neighbourhood.
 - 3. We should help each other in needs.
 - 4. (i) Neighbours help one another.
 - (ii) Neighbours participate in functions like weddings, festivals, etc.

Chapter 5: Places of Neighbourhood

- **A.** 1. (b) 2. (c) 3. (b)
- **B.** 1. post office 2. bank 3. greengrocer shop
- **C.** 1. (c) 2. (e) 3. (d) 4. (a) 5. (b)
- **D.** 1. There should be some useful places in every neighbourhood such as school, post office, police station, market, bank, etc.
 - 2. We buy green vegetables and fruits from the greengrocer's shop.
 - 3. As soon as the fire breaks out in any locality, we should call the fire-fighters to the spot.

Chapter 6: Places of Worship

- **A.** 1. (a) 2. (c) 3. (c)
- **B.** 1. (c) 2. (d) 3. (a) 4. (b)
- **C.** 1. Hindus go to worship in the temple.
 - 2. They offer their namaz to Allah there.
 - 3. Lord Mahavira is considered the funder of modern Jainism.
 - 4. (a) Hindu (b) Muslim (c) Sikh

Creative Corner

- 1. GURUBANI 2. PUJARI 3. MAULAVI 4. ALLAH 5. GURUDWARA
- 6. NAMAJ 7. CHURCH

Chapter 7: Religious Festivals

- **A.** 1. (b) 2. (a) 3. (b)
- B. 1. Falgun month 2. Kerala 3. West Bengal 4. Andhra Pradesh
- C. 1. False 2. True 3. True 4. False
- **D.** 1. (c) 2. (d) 3. (b) 4. (a)
- **E.** 1. Festivals bring close the people one another. They spread the brotherhood among them.
 - 2. On this festival people decorate their houses, offices and shops with diyas and candles at night. They exchange sweets and gifts on this day.

- 3. It is celebrated after the month of Ramzan. People wear new clothes and offer Namaz. Food and clothes are given to the poor.
- 4. Do it yourself.

Model Test Paper-1

- **A.** 1. (c) 2. (b) 3. (a) 4. (a)
- B. 1. fruits, vegetables, rice, wheat, pulses, etc.
 - 2. Clothes protect us from heat, rain, cold, dust, and insects.
 - 3. We welcome our guests in drawing room.
 - 4. Family is a group of members who live together.
- C. 1. False 2. True 3. False
- D. 1. stale 2. three times 3. happy

Chapter 8: Places in Our Neighbourhood

- **A.** 1. (a) 2. (b) 3. (a)
- **B.** 1. (b) 2. (c) 3. (d) 4. (a)
- **C.** 1. We go to school for study and learn new things.
 - 2. We go to hospital when we are sick.
 - 3. We buy many things for our daily needs from market.
 - 4. Hindus go to temple for worship God.

Chapter 8: Kinds of School

- **A.** 1. (c) 2. (a) 3. (c) 4. (c) 5. (a)
- **B.** 1. kindergarten school 2. primary school 3. XIIth 4. functions, sports days 5. annual day
- **C.** 1. Do it yourself.
 - 2. Do it yourself.
 - 3. The blinds are taught to read through the Braille script.

Chapter 9: National Festivals and Symbols

- **A.** 1. (c) 2. (c) 3. (b)
- B. 1. Red Fort 2. President 3. country 4. four
- C. 1. The festivals which are celebrated by the people of entire nation are called national festivals.
 - 2. We celebrate it in our school with great pomp and show. We salute the National Flag and sing the National Anthem.
 - 3. Because on this day, ex-president of India, a great teacher, Dr. Sarvepalli Radhakrishnan was born. He was a teacher before he became the president of Bharat.
 - 4. National symbols are the things which associate with our country.

Chapter 10: Directions

- **A.** 1. (c) 2. (b) 3. (c) 4. (a)
- B. 1. north-east 2. south-east 3. north-west 4. north
- C. 1. (a) East (b) West (c) North (d) South
 - 2. (a) North-east (b) South-east (c) North-west (d) South-west

Chapter 11: Means of Transport

- **A.** 1. (b) 2. (a) 3. (c)
- **B.** 1. animals 2. camel 3. mules, donkeys 4. elephants 5. Rockets
- C. 1. False 2. True 3. False 4. True 5. False
- **D.** 1. We need a transport to travel from one place to another.
 - 2. Water transport includes boats, ships and submarines.
 - 3. Rockets are other means of air transport. They can take men and machinery into space very fast.

Chapter 12: Means of Communication

- **A.** 1. (c) 2. (a) 3. (b) 4. (c) 5. (b)
- **B.** 1. sorts 2. post office 3. television 4. mobile
- C. 1. False 2. True 3. True 4. True
- D. 1. Communication means to sending or receiving the massages or information.
 - 2. With a mobile phone we can talk to people, send massages or emails.
 - 3. (i) Telephone (ii) Fax
 - 4. Newspaper, magazines, radio, television, etc., are the examples of mass media communication.

Chapter 13: Land, Water and Air

- **A.** 1. (a) 2. (c) 3. (c)
- B. 1. plateau 2. water 3. table-land 4. ocean
- C. 1. Plain: It is a flat and low level land of a very large area.Ocean: It is the largest waterbody.
 - 2. An area of flat land higher than the land around it, is called the plateau.
 - 3. We feel hot in desert.
 - 4. Air gets polluted when harmful things like smoke and dust mix with it.

Chapter 14: Seasons

- **A.** 1. (a) 2. (a) 3. (c)
- B. 1. summer 2. summer 3. spring 4. winter 5. rainy
- C. 1. False 2. True 3. False 4. True
- **D.** 1. (c) 2. (d) 3. (e) 4. (a) 5. (b)
- **E.** 1. A season is a certain time when the weather stays the same and it brings changes in our life.
 - 2. During winters the earth is further away from sun and therefore it has short days and long nights. Whereas in summers, the earth is closer to the sun and hence it has longer days and shorter nights.
 - 3. This season comes before the winter season. In this season, tree shade their leaves.

Chapter 15: The Story of the Wheel

- **A.** 1. (c) 2. (b) 3. (c)
- B. 1. transport 2. wheel 3. wheel
- C. 1. False 2. True 3. False
- **D.** 1. The life of early-man was very difficult and different from today's life.
 - 2. The early-man noticed that round objects can easily roll on the surface. They noticed that the sledge was moving easily. This was the first wheel invented by early-man.
 - 3. Do it yourself.

Model Test Paper-2

- **A.** 1. (c) 2. (c) 3. (a) 4. (a) 5. (b)
- **B.** 1. Do it yourself.
 - 2. The festivals which are celebrated by the people of entire nation are called national festivals.
 - 3. We need a transport to travel from one place to another.
 - Communication means to sending or receiving the massages or information.
 - 5. We feel hot in desert.
- C. 1. False 2. False 3. True 4. False 5. True
- D. 1. kindergarten school 2. four 3. north-east 4. mobile