

Noto BOOKS

(A Products of MMPIPL) Garh Road Meerut B.O. C-49, Preet Vihar, Delhi Email: support@mastermindpublications.in Web.: http://www.mastermindpublications.in

Teacher's Manual (Class 6 to 8)

TEACHER'S HELP BOOK Moto grammar World-6

CHAPTER 1 : SENTENCES

A. 1. a 2. a 3. d 4. b 5. a 6. a 7. c 8. d 9. b 10. b

B. 1. Assertive 2. Imperative 3. Assertive 4. Interrogative 5. Imperative 6. Exclamatory 7. Exclamatory 8. Imperative 9. Imperative 10. Interrogative 11. Optative 12. Exclamatory 13. Assertive 14. Optative 15. Negative 16. Imperative 17. Interrogative 18. Imperative 19. Imperative 20. Exclamatory C. 1. This is not true. 2. Oh! I am sorry. 3. May God help you. 4. Keep quiet. 5. Write a letter. 6. Please let mew go. 7. Never tease other. 8. Don't talk. 9. listen to me. 10. Bring some water. D. 1. A sentence that expresses a fact, an event, a condition etc., in a positive or negative manner is called an assertive or declarative sentence. 2. An interrogative sentence asks a question or makes some query. We also classify interrogative sentences into two kinds. 3. An imperative sentence expresses a command, request, entreaty, advice, propose or suggestion. 4. These kind of sentences are used to express some sudden feelings or emotions. 5. An optative sentence expresses a wish, prayer, boon or curse. E. 1. (a) Ganga is a holy river. (b) Ravi is very happy. (c) Rahul wake up early. 2. (a) Did you reach school in time? (b) Did you reach late in school? (c) Did you bath daily? 3. (a) Bravo! What a six. (b) Oh! I am sorry. (c) Wow! The weather is awesome. 4. (a) May You live long! (b) Would that I were a principal. (c) Please Lend me your pen. 5. (a) Keep quiet. (b) Please give me your book. (c) Work hard to get success.

CHAPTER 2 : SUBJECT AND PREDICATE

A. 1. b 2. d 3. a 4. d 5. c **B.** 1. (ii) 2. (iv) 3. (vii) 4. (vi) 5. (iii) 6. (v) 7. (viii) 8. (i) **C.** 1. My sister is very beautiful. 2. Ravi is my brother. 3. The lion lives in den. 4. The twinkling stars shine at night. 5. The Taj Mahal is a situated in Agra. 6. The river Yamuna is holy river. 7. Some children were playing in the garden. 8. The story is very boring.

CHAPTER 3 : NOUNS

A. Common Noun : shirt, people.

Proper Nouns : India, Indians.

Collective Nouns : many constellations.

Material Nouns : stone, iron, gold, cotton

Abstract Nouns : lovely movie, childhood, mankind, wisdom, strength.

B. 1. Rampur 2. Priyanka 3. Ganga 4. Metro 5. Bible 6. Himalayas 7. America 8. Rajesh 9. Asia 10. Deepika 11. Ashu 12. Horse **C.** 1. bundle 2. Cabinet 3. bunch 4. Luster 5. army 6. swarm 7. herd 8. team 9. library 10. pack

CHAPTER 4 : PRONOUNS

A. 1. The car, It 2. Babita, She 3. Keshav and Raju, They 4. Mohan and Pinki, They 5. Tomy, It 6. My sister, She 7. Hema, She 8. Ravi',s His B. 1. Each 2. me 3. the wrong 4. Neither 5. that 6. mine 7. This, I 8. I 9. her 10. her 11. himself 12. its 13. These, those 14. He 15. you
C. 1. one-another 2. something 3. Either 4. anything 5 each other 6. somebody 7. Neither 8. Neither D. Do it yourself. E. 1. which 2. that 3. which 4. which 5. whose 6. whom

CHAPTER 5 : ADJECTIVES

A. 1. Demonstrative Adjective. 2. Interrogative Adjective. 3. Distributive Adjective 4. Interrogative 5. Demonstrative 6. Adjective of quality 7. Demonstrative Adjective 8. Adjective of quality 9. Emphatic Ajdective 10. Adjective of quality 11. Adjective of quality 12. Adjective of quality 13. Demonstrative Adjective 14. Adjective of quality 15. Distributive Adjective B. 1. red 2. Those 3. last 4. highest 5. white 6. dangerous 7. city 8. These 9. ripe 10. new 11. pairs 12. new 13. large 14. Which 15. a lot of C. 1. little 2. early 3. each 4. sufficient 5. How 6. These

CHAPTER 6 : VERBS

A. 1. drink 2. are being 3. likes 4. plays 5. is 6. jumped 7. was B. 1. May John win the match! 2. Mukesh must fetch the ball from the garden. 3. Ravina can write in Japanese. 4. Keshav will go to meet the President tomorrow. 5. Priva should clean the bench before you leave. 6. Punam could wash the clothes at night. C. 1. Intransitive 2. Intransitive 3. Intransitive 4. Intransitive 5. Intransitive 6. Linking 7. Transitive 8. Linking 9. Intransitive 10. Transitive 11. Intransitive 12. Linking **D.** 1. happy 2. you 3. book 4. our elders 5. me 6. angry 7. Ramesh 8. work 9. book 10. letter

CHAPTER 7 : FORMS OF VERBS

A. 1. c 2. a 3. c 4. c 5. a 6. b 7. c 8. c 9. a 10. b B. 1. betrayed, betrayed 2. bent, bent 3. Caught, Caught 4. followed followed 5. meant, meant 6. sought, sought 7. wept, wept 8. beat, beaten 9. blew, blown 10. chose, chosen 11. cast, cast 12. hurt, hurt 13. thrust, thrust 14. paid, paid 15. sawed, sawed 16. dreamt, dreamt 17. awoke, awoken 18. dug, dug 19. slid, slid 20. fell, fallen 21. lighted, lighted 22. welted welted 23. played, played 24. rose, risen 25. rang, rung 26. wrote written Moto Grammar World (6 to 8)

4

CHAPTER 8 : TENSE

A. 1. b 2. c 3. d 4. c 5. c 6. b 7. a 8. c 9. b 10. d **B.** 1. I will reach my home 2. wrote 3. invented 4. was 5. comes 6. were 7. went 8. met 9. want 10. told 11. failed 12. raining 13. should 14. arrived 15. went **C.** 1. have been living 2. have done 3. had gone 4. invented 5. has been suffering 6. is crying 7. was 8. had written 9. grumbling 10. have arrived **D.** 1. a 2. a 3. a 4. b 5. a 6. b 7. c 8. c **E.** 1. plucked 2. finished 3. reached 4. told 5. dead 6. called

CHAPTER 9 : ADVERBS

A. 1. Duely 2. Widely 3. Foolishly 4. Diligently 5. Wisely 6. Beautifully 7. Probably 8. Surely 9. Bravely 10. Lazily 11. Truly 12. Carefully 13. Busily 14. Extremely 15. Faithfully 16. Wholly **B.** 1. out 2. always 3. slowly 4. nicely 5. How 6. well 7. another 8. quite 9. very 10. hard 11. already 12. certainly

CHAPTER 10 : PREPOSITIONS

A. 1. on 2. for 3. for 4. for 5. with 6. to 7. in 8. by 9. behind 10. around 11. to, from 12. at 13. on 14. for **B.** 1. In case of 2. Along with 3. instead of 4. In regard to 5. alongwith 6. In spite of 7. Instead of 8. With reference to **C.** 1. at 2. in 3. in 4. from 5. in 6. to 7. on 8. with 9. since 10. to

CHAPTER 11 : CONJUNCTIONS

A. 1. and 2. but 3. till 4. however 5. or 6. either, or 7. because 8. so 9. but still 10. Accordingly 11. till 12. yet 13. still 14. until 15. but **B.** 1. He tried shout loudly **but** could not. 2. She bought a pen **and** a book also. 3. This movie is interesting **but** that movie is not interesting. 4. She did not succeed **because** she began to weak. 5. Tarun is good looking **but** Mohit is foolish 6. He was not

present **and** she was not **also** present. 7. Ravish worked hard **so** his health broke down. 8. She must weep **otherwise** she will die. 9. This book is interesting **but** that book is boring. 10. Raju is writing **and** Pranav is playing. **C.** 1. I asked him **if he likes coffee or tea**. 2. We saw **that they were doing party**. 3. The girl sang **while boys were dancing**. 4. I am so tired **that I can't do work any more**. 5. The girl sang **only on request**. 6. He fled **lest he could be killed**. 7. I shall not go **without your presence**.

CHAPTER 12 : SYNTAX

A. 1. Echos 2. larvae 3. cantos 4. Hoofs 5. Solos 6. Roofs 7. Calves
8. Elves 9. Leaves 10. Plateaus 11. Boys 12. Thieves 13. Copies 14. Indices 15. Cities 16. Oxen 17. Taxies 18. Children 19. Asses 20. Boxes
B. 1. Gulf 2. Ratio 3. Mouse 4. Air 5. Alumnus 6. Man-of-war 7. Force
8. Seraph 9. Letter 10. Tableau 11. Mosquito 12. Life 13. Moment
14. Safe 15. Hero 16. Syllabus 17. Story 18. Ox 19. Pony 20. Lady

A. 1. The China **is** a European country. 2. Fish **is** a delicious food. 3. Eight miles **is** a short route. 4. Cricket **is** my favourite game. 5. The people of Jaipur **are** wise. 6. I **have** a one hundred rupee note. 7. This pair of scissors **is** sharp. 8. His hair are white.

A. 1. hostess 2. Countess 3. Tigress 4. Duck 5. Madam 6. Niece 7. Heroine 8. Milkmaid 9. Peahen 10. Sales woman 11. Authoress 12. Manageress 13. Huntress 14. Cow 15. Witch 16. Widow 17. Grand-Mother 18. Cow-calf **B.** 1. Do it yourself.

Α.	Positive	Comparative	Superlative
1.	Brave	Braver	Bravest
2.	Large	Larger	Largest
3.	Heavy	Heavier	Heaviest
4.	Нарру	Happier	Happiest
5.	Ugly	Uglier	Ugliest

Moto Grammar World (6 to 8)

6

6.	Wealthy	Wealthier	Wealthiest
7.	Big	Bigger	Biggest
8.	Fat	Fatter	Fattest
9.	Sure	Surer	Surest
10.	Adventurous	More adventurous	Most Adventurous
11.	Careful	More careful	Most Careful
12.	Proper	More proper	Most Proper
13.	Splendid	More splendid	Most splended
14.	Wonderful	More wonderful	Most wonderful
15.	Late	Later	Latest
16.	Bold	Bolder	Boldest
17.	Broad	Broader	Broadest
18.	Dull	Duller	Dullest
19.	Kind	Kinder	Kindest
20.	Quick	Quicker	Quickest
21.	Short	Shorter	Shortest
22.	Sweet	Sweeter	Sweetest
23.	Tall	Taller	Tallest
24.	Young	Younger	Youngest
25.	Able	Abler	Ablet

B. 1. biggest 2. largest 3. badest 4. heavier 5. younger 6. largest 7. best 8. older 9. highest 10. longest 11. beautiful 12. lighter 13. smallest 14. longest 15. fatest

A. 1. the 2. a 3. an 4. The, the 5. The, a 6. An, a 7. An, a 8. The, the 9. The, a 10. the, the 11. The, the 12. the, a 13. The, a 14. an 15. a 16. The, the

A. 1. Nice : It's nice to have that special respect.
 Nicely : We are bumming along the road nicely.

7

- Severe : On such matters I only severe with myself.
 Severely : In 1855 he suffered severely from yellow fever.
- Narrow : That was a very narrow escape.
 Narrowly : Beat out, Narrowly win in competition.
- 4. Wise : Keshav is wise.

Wisely: "I will try, and I'll use it wisely," she said.

5. **Good :** He is a good student.

He treated him goodly.

- Happy : I am very happy with your unit.
 Happily : They lived happily with their family.
- Bright : Bright stars stone out here and there in the sky.
 Brightly : The sun is shining brightly today.
- Busy : Rahul is very busy.
 Busily : Jimmy was still busily eating.
- Cool : Water is cool.
 Coolly : He has solved the problem coolly.
- 10. **Quick :** She took a quick step back. **Quickly :** I quickly accessed my options.

A. 1. Take it **or** leave it. 2. He is foolish **and** he is obstinate. 3. She is slow **but** she is sure. 4. He finished first **but** he began late. 5. She was poor **but still** she was happy. 6. Ravi worked hard **therefore** will succeed. 7. I was happy **before** I heard the news. 8. I invited her personally **but** she did not attend the meeting. 9. The inspector entered the room **yet** the teacher was teaching. 10. Do this work **or** get out of this play. 11. She is rich **and** he is happy. 12. I have not met Sohan **while** the holidays began. 13. Do not go to meet him **because** you will not get help from him. 14. He must weep **otherwise** he will die. 15. Keshav is a good batsman **and** Madhav is a good batsman.

A. 1. a 2. b 3. a 4. a 5. d 6. c 7. c 8. b 9. a 10. d **B.** 1. The books are saved in the bag. 2. He is differ for him. 3. Not much motive for a skip, either. 4. Overcome by the enemy, he simply gave up. 5. Across from side to side. 6. I'm sick at the sight of you. 7. This order was given by him. 8. He is junior to me. 9. He was equally loyal to his son. 10. You will be liable for any damage caused. 11. His stories are still very relevent to us. 12. She has adapted herself to college life. 13. The patient does not want to refer to Delhi. **C.** 1. to 2. of 3. about 4. to, in 5. walking in 6. hard 7. at 8. in, in.

CHAPTER 13 : ACTIVE AND PASSIVE VOICE

A. 1. Was he sent there by you? 2. Will food be cooked by mother? 3. Was my lesson forgotten by me? 4. Why was the almirah not brought by you? 5. My candle will not be lost by me. 6. The train will not be caught by you. 7. Shall the cow be fed by us? 8. Wood was not spilt by the farmer. 9. A book is read by him. 10. Her books were not kept in the cupboard by her. 11. A sound is not heared by me. 12. First position is not gotten by her. 13. We shall be loved by mummy. 14. The thieves will be caught by the police. 15. A pen was bought by us. 16. A song is sung by her.

A. 1. Plants were not being grown by the farmer. 2. Food was not being cooked by mother. 3. Dinner is being haven by them. 4. The water is being drawn from the river by the women. 5. Are your clothes being sewn by sister? 6. I am not being given advice by you. 7. Was football being played by them? 8. Was a race being run by him? 9. My hand is not being held by you. 10. Her experiences are not being told by Granny. 11. Was an idea not being thinked by him? 12. Why food is not being cooked by mother? 13. My requirement is not being met by you. 14. Your time was being passed by you.

A. 1. c 2. b 3. a 4. c 5. d 6. d 7. b 8. c 9. b 10. c **B.** 1. A song has sung by me. 2. Your student has taught by you. 3. His shoes have

not been shone by him. 4. Her shoes has been applied shoe polish by her. 5. An air conditioner had been bought by us. 6. Her mother is liked by Rahul very much. 7. Food was not eaten by Nisha. 8. The thief was caught by police.

CHAPTER 14 : PUNCTUATION

A. Do it youself. **B.** 1. The sun moves round the earth. 2. Tennis balls are made of rubber. 3. The rich are not always happy. 4. Room was not built in a day. 5. The owls sleep in daytime. 6. What! a wonderful land is india. 7. You have done your lesson. 8. Come and do this work to me now. 9. He is a poor man and has no money. 10. India is our country.

CHAPTER 15 : VOCABULARY

A. 1. judge 2. character 3. mix 4. prompt 5. crumple 6. happiness 7. sorrow 8. keen 9. moist 10. good 11. empty 12. ache

A. 1. love 2. happiness 3. wet 4. absent 5. untidy 6. easy 7. lend 8. back 9. end 10. rich 11. shallow 12. lose

A. 1. accept 2. beside 3. then 4. weak 5. effect 6. pour

A. 1. d 2. b 3. a 4. c 5. a 6. a 7. d 8. a 9. d 10. d

MOTO GRAMMAR WORLD-7

CHAPTER 1 : SENTENCES

A. 1. a 2. c 3. c 4. d 5. d 6. c 7. c 8. d 9. c

B. 1. Assertive 2. Interrogative 3. Imperative 4. Exclamatory 5. Optative **C.** 1. Q 2. E 3. A 4. O 5. I 6. A **D.** 1. A cow is not an animal 2. He did not become sad. 3. The thief does not always live in fear 4. He does not fly his kite. 5. She did not receive a prize. 6. The sun does not Moto Grammar World (6 to 8) **10**

rise at six. **E.** 1. Who are close friends? 2. How much water is in the tank? 3. Who is ninety years of age? 4. Who are mortal? 5. Who is a man of few words? 6. Who always speaks the truth? **F.** 1. Monkeys have long tails. 2. Some birds sing sweetly. 3. Suddenly the rain came down 4. The giant lived in a beautiful garden. 5. The children played merrily in the park. 6. The cats run away from the mice.

CHAPTER 2 : SUBJECT AND PREDICATE

A. 1. a 2. a 3. c 4. b 5. b

B. 1. **Subject** : An Apple, Who, me, An earthquake, The elephant, Ritu, she, The ground, Barking dogs. Small people. **Predicate** : a day keeps the doctor away, broke the glass, Do not disturb, brings miseries, is the largest land animal, sings well, where does live, was full of grass, seldom bite, love to talk of great. **C.** 1. is a grand story. 2. is the largest mountain. 3. is a metropolis. 4. is looking beautiful. 5. is presented to someone special. 6. is very costly. 7. caught the thief. 8. lives in the nest. 9. caused the collapse of the roof. 10. is a joy forever. **D.** 1. Get up early 2. May and June 3. Saturday 4. He 5. You 6. Chunu 7. Ravi 8. Ashwani 9. We 10. Students **E.** 1. (j) 2. (c) 3. (e) 4. (g) 5. (d) 6. (f) 7. (h) 8. (a) 9. (i) 10. (b)

CHAPTER 3 : PHRASES AND CLAUSES

A. 1. d 2. b 3. b 4. d 5. a 6. a 7. c 8. c

B. 1. Phrases 2. Phrases 3. Clauses 4. Phrases 5. Clauses 6. Clauses
7. Phrases 8. Phrases 9. Phrases 10. Phrases C. Do it yourself. D. Do it yourself.

CHAPTER 4 : PARTS OF SPEECH

A. 1. a 2. b 3. c 4. b 5. c 6. d 7. b 8. c 9. d 10. a B. Do it yourself.
C. Adjective : kind, black, sweet, Adverb : quite, already, after.
11 Teacher's Manual

Conjunction : as well as , and, therefore, otherwsie. **Interjection** : What

CHAPTER 5 : NOUNS

A. 1. b 2. a 3. c 4. d 5. a 6. c 7. b 8. c 9. c 10. d B. 1. Collective noun
2. Collective noun 3. Material noun 4. Abstract noun 5. Abstract noun
6. Material noun 7. Abstract noun 8. Common noun 9. Proper noun
10. Collective noun C. 1. swarm 2. mob 3. team 4. crowd 5. heap 6. herd 7. team 8. flock 9. jury 10. regiment D. 1. strength 2. kindness 3. happiness 4. wisdom 5. goodness 6. innocence 7. invitation 8. truth
9. bravery 10. punishment E. 1. library 2. Jail 3. Judge 4. Professor 5. Fleet 6. Fight 7. Tailor 8. Doctor 9. Cattle 10. aeroplane

CHAPTER 6 : PRONOUNS

A. 1. d 2. a 3. c 4. d 5. b 6. c 7. c 8. c 9. c 10. c **B.** 1. we 2. Which 3. His 4. He 5. others 6. who 7. he 8. Whom 9. he 10. its **C.** 1. These are my bags 2. These are costly books. 3. Those are Ravi's houses. 4. These chairs are made of steel. 5. Our classroom have a black-board 6. Our teachers write on it. 7. These roads are wide. 8. These hares are fat. 9. These are clocks. 10. Where are the children playing? **D.** 1. me 2. him 3. me 4. me 5. him 6. he 7. we 8. us 9. her 10. me **E.** 1. What 2. Which 3. Who 4. whom 5. Who 6. Whose 7. Which 8. Who 9. Who 10. What **F.** 1. Who love money? 2. Who was playing with Ram? 3. What belongs to Sumit? 4. What do you want to see? 5. Who drives the bus? 6. Whose shoes are black? 7. Who want the white one? 8. Who like such people?

CHAPTER 7 : ADJECTIVES

A. 1. c 2. b 3. c 4. c 5. b 6. b 7. c 8. c 9. a 10. c B. 1. What 2. Which
3. Which 4. Which 5. fragrant 6. some 7. minimum 8. golden 9.
Moto Grammar World (6 to 8)

black 10. some **C.** 1. Adjectives of quality 2. Adjectives of humber 3. Possessive adjective 4. Adjectives of quality 5. Adjectives of quantity 6. Interrogative adjective 7. Distributive adjective 8. Possessive adjective 9. interrogative adjective 10. Adjective of Quality **D.** 1. All 2. Every 3. All 4. some 5. much 6. All 7. many 8. every 9. all 10. so much

EXERCISE : 1. Youngest 2. more beautiful 3. brighter 4. hottest 5. hardworking 6. longest 7. later 8. coldest 9. older 10. happier

CHAPTER 8 : VERBS

A. 1. c 2. b 3. a 4. a 5. a 6. b 7. b 8. d 9. a **B.** 1. files in the sky 2. my purse. 3. to play in the garden 4. mice 5. in the sky 6. a letter 7. are sitting on the tree 8. the food 9. to sing a song 10. furniture **C.** 1. Transitive Verbs 2. Intransitive Verbs 3. Intransitive Verbs 4. Transitive Verbs 5. Intransitive Verbs 6. Intransitive Verbs 7. Intransitive Verbs 8. Intransitive Verbs 9. Intransitive Verbs 10. Intransitive Verbs **D.** 1. him, a cup of tee. 2. me, an apple 3. me, a toy 4. me, a song 5. him, a taxi 6. the boy 7. him, a pen 8. him, a letter 9. me, hundred rupees 10. us, English

CHAPTER 9 : FORMS OF VERBS

A. 1. a 2. b 3. b 4. c 5. b 6. c 7. d 8. b 9. a 10. a **B.** 1. taught, taught 2. slept, slept 3. swam, swum 4. became, become 5. drove, driven 6. flew, flown 7. knew, known 8. tore, torn 9. wore, worn 10. wrote, written 11. put, put 12. hurt, hurt 13. swept, swept 14. killed, killed 15. dealt, dealt 16. crept, crept 17. caught, caught 18. cried, cried 19. bred, bred 20. Bereaved, Bereaved 21. agreed, agreed 22. Allowed, Allowed

CHAPTER 10 : TENSES

A. 1. The baby does not drink milk. Does the baby drink milk?

2. He did not tell a lie. Did he tell a lie? 3. The player did not take exercise. Did the player take exercise? 4. The teacher did not go out. Did the teacher go out? 5. She did not bid me good-bye. Did she bid me good-bye? 6. The children do not love animals. Do the children love animals? 7. I do not like apples. Do I like apples? 8. He does not play. Does he play? 9. It does not tear. Does it tear? **B.** 1. He shook my hand. He will shake my hand. 2. The sun rose in the east. The sun will rise in the east. 3. You met a young girl. You will meet a young girl. 4. The old man mistook me for his daughter. The old man will mistake me for his daughter.

EXERCISE : A. 1. Rekha is not selling toys. Is Rekha selling toys? 2. He is not awaking. Is he awaking? 3. She is not standing at the door. Is she standing at the door? 4. He was not crying. Was he crying? 5. The hunter was not shooting animals. Was the hunter shooting animals? 6. You are not giving a lecture. Are you giving a lecture? **B.** 1. He was playing on sitar. He will be playing on sitar. 2. My sister was teaching me. My sister will be teaching me. 3. The bird was flying fast. The bird will be flying fast. 4. Was she assuring you? Will she be assuring you? 5. Were you buying mobile? Will you be buying mobile? 6. The plants were growing fast. The plants will be growing fast. 7. The water was overflowing the tub. The water will be overflowing the tub. 8. You were disagreeing on this subject. You will be disagreeing on this subject.

EXERCISE : A. 1. The principal will not have hosted a party. Will the principal have hosted a party? 2. The tiger will not have wounded the hunter. Will the tiger have wounded the hunter? 3. The chairman will not have hoisted the flag. Will the chairman

have hoisted the flag? 4. He has not bent the branch. Has he bent the branch? 5. I had not fled the scene before Rajan came. Had I fled the scene before Rajan came? 6. He has not just got up. Has he just got up? 7. I have not taken my breakfast. Have I taken my breakfast? 8. I had not taken medicine yesterday. Had I taken medicine yesterday? 9. I have not taken my lunch. Have I taken my lunch? 10. Tara has not completed her book. Has Tara completed her book? B. 1. They had made a mistake 2. They will have made a mistake 2. The train had left. The train will have left. 3. We had already taken exercise. We shall have already taken exercise. 4. We had learnt by our experience. We shall have learnt by our experience. 5. Who had sent this parcel? Who will have sent this parcel? 6. Had they said their prayer? Will they have said their prayer? 7. The students had laughed at the old person. The students will have laughed at the old person. 8. What had gone wrong? What will have gone wrong? 9. I had seen 'The Titanic'. I shall have seen 'The Titanic'. 10. He had gone to Mumbai. He will have gone to Mumbai. 11. Had they traced the books? Will they have traced the books?

EXERCISE : A. 1. a 2. c 3. c 4. a 5. b 6. a 7. c 8. b 9. a 10. b **B.** 1. The money lender has not been lending since morning? And the money lender been lending since morning? 2. The sales girl has not been selling her wares for two weeks. Has the sales girl been selling her wares for two weeks? 3. You will not have been eating mangoes since 2 0'clock. Will you have been eating mangoes since 2 0'clock. Will you have been eating mangoes since 2 0'clock? 4. Mother has not been cutting vegetable for two hours. Has mother been cutting vegetable for two hours? 5. The moon had not been shining since 8 o'clock? Had the moon been shining since 8 o'clock? 6. The sun had not been shining since morning. The boys have not

been working since 7 o'clock. Have the boys been working since 7 o'clock? 8. Leave will not have been falling since summer. Will leaves have been falling since summer? 9. The wind had not been blowing hard since evening. Had the wind been blowing hard since evening? C. 1. My sister had not been sewing clothes for three months. My sister will not have been sewing cloths for three months. 2. We had not been writing articles for three weeks. We shall not have been writing articles for three weeks. 3. He had been flinging the ball for two hours. He will have been flinging the ball for two hours. 4. How long had she been staying in the room? How long will she has been staying in the room? 5. He had been speaking Hindi since Sunday. He will have been speaking Hindi since Sunday. 6. Her sister had been grinding wheat for an hour. Her sister will have been grinding wheat for an hour. 7. We had been teasing the poor since morning. We shall have been teasing the poor since morning. 8. I had been speaking for an hour. I shall have been speaking for an hour. 9. We had been visiting the lotus temple for the last two months. We shall have been visiting the lotus temple for the last two months.

CHAPTER 11 : MODALS

A. 1. Would 2. could 3. could 4. should 5. should 6. could 7. should
8. should 9. would 10. should B. 1. must 2. should 3. must 4. should
5. will 6. needn't 7. would 8. must 9. could 10. could

CHAPTER 12 : AGREEMENT OF THE VERB WITH THE SUBJECT

A. 1. a 2. a 3. c 4. a 5. b 6. d 7. a 8. b 9. b 10. b **B.** 1. was 2. make 3. is 4. are 5. do 6. has 7. is 8. were 9. does 10. are 11. is 12. have 13. was 14. has 15. is **C.** 1. make 2. bore 3. Buses, are 4. cartons, are 5. visit 6. has 7. fool 8. is 9. am 10. know 11. is 12. have 13. Moto Grammar World (6 to 8) **16** is 14. like 15. is 16. has 17. was 18. are 19. is 20. has 21. have 22. deserves 23. was 24. is 25. is

CHAPTER 13 : ADVERBS

A. 1. d 2. a 3. d 4. a 5. d 6. a 7. d 8. a 9. b 10. c **B.** 1. suddenly 2. very 3. seldom 4. very 5. sweetly **C.** 1. Adverb of degree 2. Adverb of time 3. Adverb of manner 4. Interrogative Adverb 5. Adverb of time **D.** 1. It is a very sweet song. 2. The sun always rises in the east. 3. I have never seen such a dull boy. 4. He comes here now. 5. He reads a newspaper.

CHAPTER 14 : CONJUNCTIONS

A. 1. d 2. a 3. d 4. c 5. b 6. b 7. d 8. a 9. c 10. a **B.** 1. but 2. until 3. because 4. until 5. that 6. otherwise 7. that 8. If 9. that 10. but **C.** 1. and 2. but 3. if 4. though 5. Unless 6. still 7. when 8. because 9. Since 10. or **D.** 1. We loved her and we honoured her. 2. She ran fast but she missed the bus. 3. Cats can climb trees but dogs cannot. 4. I could not go to school because it was raining hard. 5. The box was heavy so he could not carry it. 6. Tell me the truth otherwise I shall punish you. 7. John failed because he was idle. 8. Ravi is tall and Raju is taller. 9. He failed but he tried his best. 10. He is poor yet he is contended.

CHAPTER 15 : PREPOSITIONS

A. 1. a 2. c 3. b 4. a 5. d 6. b 7. b 8. d 9. b 10. b **B.** 1. to 2. with 3. down 4. after 5. at 6. after 7. in 8. before 9. in 10. in **C.** 1. in 2. in 3. inside 4. of 5. across 6. on 7. by 8. on 9. in 10. in

CHAPTER 16 : INTERJECTIONS

A. 1. What 2. Ah! 3. Ah! 4. Alas! 5. Oh! 6. Hurrah! 7. Hello! 8. Alas!9. Ah! 10. Oh!

CHAPTER 17 : ACTIVE AND PASSIVE VOICE

A. 1. c 2. b 3. c B. 1. My rupees were stolen by them. 2. A dog was being teased by Boys. 3. She has been given a bag by me. 4. A car was bought by me. 5. Their work has been completed by the labourer. 6. It will be done by her. 7. My work is done by me. 8. Newspapers are read by people. 9. A pen is being sold by him. 10. A book is written by her. C. 1. The teacher was solving the questions. 2. She does their work. 3. I have completed my home work. 4. The students will have done the home work. 5. He was doing the work. 6. He sends a letter. 7. I teach this class. 8. Everyone had seen us. 9. Our team won the match. 10. I am writing a letter. **D.** 1. solved 2. unlock 3. taught 4. done 5. completed 6. take 7. written 8. reading 9. made 10. take E. 1. They found her guilty of murder. 2. How did the players win the match? 3. He refused admission me. 4. Her teacher praised her. 5. The people elected him leader. 6. Who will help him? 7. A truck knocked down a man. 8. We should keep promises. 9. The people beat the thief 10. Who broke that table?

CHAPTER 18 : DIRECT AND INDIRECT SPEECH

A. 1. c 2. b 3. b 4. a 5. a B. 1. The traveller said that he had lost his money. 2. The doctor said that the disease was infectious. 3. The teacher said that Reshama might pass the examination. 4. He said that he would not go there. 5. She says that I got up early in the morning. 6. My mother said that the moon shines at night. 7. The teacher said that Ahmad would win the prize. 8. He said that Honesty pays in the long run. 9. She said to me that she should teach you English. 10. The children said they would go on a picnic the next day. 11. My friends say that we are good boys. 12. He said that bats and owls sleep in the day. 13. The players said that they would win the match. 14. The workers said that they were Moto Grammar World (6 to 8) 18

going on strike. 15. I said that I was going to market. **C.** 1. The boy said, Hurrah! I am very happy." 2. He said the stranger, "Who are you?" 3. The teacher said the boy, "Work hard." 4. Ravi said, "It is raining today." 5. John said to me "He is well". 6. The teacher said, "The sun rises in the east." 7. He said to his friend, "He will accept the gift." 8. She said to me, "I am living here." 9. She said to her friend, "I will accept the gift." 10. I said to him, "Why has you taken my pen?" 11. I said to you "I has not sold my scooter." 12. She said, "I do not know anything." 13. He said to me, "We shall go for a walk." 14. I said to my students, "The earth is round." 15. Rama said, "I has completed my work."

CHAPTER 19 : PUNCTUATION MARKS AND CAPITAL LETTERS

A. 1. b 2. c 3. d 4. b 5. a **B.** 1. Pollution is the greatest problem in the modern world. 2. "Wolf! Wolf!" yelled, the shepherd boy with all his power. 3. You went to Nehru planetarium. 4. The red fort was built by the mughal emperor Shah Jahan. 5. Prime minister of India unfurls the National flag on Independence Day every year. 6. Which theory of Einstein gave birth to atom bomb? 7. During our journey to Mumbai we passed through Madhya Pradesh. 8. We are going to Agra to see the Taj Mahal. 9. The Ramayana and the Bible are religious books. 10. Science has played a great role in our lives. **C.** King soloman was known for his wisdom and ability to solve puzzles. The queen of Sheba too heard it and decided to test his qualities, so she visited king Soloman. When the queen met the king, she had two flowers one in each hand and said, "O great king! One of the flowers in my hands is real and the other is artifical. Can you tell which one is real?"

CHAPTER 20 : SYNONYMS AND ANTONYMS

A. 1. b 2. a 3. a 4. a 5. b 6. d 7. c 8. b 9. b 10. b **B.** 1. Abandon, Leave 2. Advantage, profit 3. Abhor, Hate 4. Ask, Inquire 5. Aim, object 6. Alter, change 7. Ancient, old 8. battle, war **C.** 1. Abhor, Love 2. Accept, Reject 3. Accurate, Inaccurate 4. Arrive, Depart 5. Kind, Cruel 6. Barren, Fertile 7. Beautiful, Ugly 8. Clean, Dirty

CHAPTER 21 : PROVERBS

A. 1. meaning : When you are visiting another place, you should follow the customs of the people in that place. 2. sentence : I don't drink wine usually but on holiday, well, when in Rome, do as the Romans do. 2. meaning : The fact of failure or escape is not affected by the narrowness of the margin. sentence : Although they scored the last goal, that one miss was as good as a mile. 3. meaning : When the need for something becomes essential, you are forced to find ways of getting or achieving it. sentence : The first prisoner to tie together bedsheets to escape knew that necessity was the mother of invention. 4. meaning : No matter how powerfull a person is, he cannot stop the passage of time. **sentence** : I always remind myself that time and tide wait for no man. 5. meaning : You can give someone an apportunity but not force them to take it. sentence : You should not ask him again because you can lead a house to water, but you can't make it drink. 6. meaning : Something you say that means a person's character, especially if it is bad, will not change, even if they prented that it will. sentence : Raman is a dishonest man. He can ditch you anytime because the leopard does not change its spots. 7. meaning : When you apply for a job, you should always put your best foot forward. sentence : This is your first day of job today so put your best foot forward. 8. **meaning :** The real value of something can be judged only from practical experience or results and not from appearance or theory. Moto Grammar World (6 to 8) 20

sentence: You shouldn't play this dangerous game. Because the proof of the pudding is in the eating.

MOTO GRAMMAR WORLD-8

CHAPTER 1 : SENTENCES

A. 1. The rich are not always happy. 2. The sun moves round the earth. 3. Peacock is our national bird. 4. Father bought his watch for him. 5. The tiger is our national animal. 6. Swimming is a good exercise. 7. An elephant never forgets. 8. All that glitters is not gold. 9. Some birds sing sweetly. 10. Please allow me to pass.

Β.

	Subject	Subject word	Attribute
1.	l myself		myself
2.	New clothes	clothes	New
3.	The young man	young man	The
4.	A rolling stone	rolling stone	А
5.	Growing children	children	Growing
6.	Fresh butter	butter	Fresh
7.	My idea	idea	My
8.	A happy child	happy child	А
9.	The young man	young man	The
10.	The hanging gardens	hanging gardens	The

EXERCISE

A. 1. c 2. a 3. d **B.** 1. father is a farmer. 2. is connected and told with an appearance. 3. is ripe. 4. is a player 5. man wants much, the miser everything. 6. rises in the east. 7. is a holy book. 8. is the highest mountain in the world. 9. is a metropolis. 10. has been sent out.

С.

	Subject	Predicate
1.	The soldiers	are defending the town bravely.
2.	My sister	got a prize
3.	The little baby	was fast asleep
4.	This word	is difficult to pronounce
5.	His speech	was difficult to follow.
6.	They	have made him king.
7.	They	are writing letters to their parents.
8.	Do all the boys	bring their books?
9.	The teacher	corrects our exercises
10.	Everybody	loves babies

D. 1. Running 2. The dog 3. Ravi 4. Mr. Gupta 5. Mansi 6. Music 7. Cow 8. Gita 9. Prayer 10. Children. **E.** 1. consists of forty pupils. 2. are made of gold and silver. 3. are dangerous. 4. are close friends. 5. won the prize. 6. there is no happiness. 7. is to the east of Egypt. 8. was famous for his wisdom. 9. always speaks the truth. 10. never tell lies.

EXERCISE : A. 1. Narendra, English 2. them, a story 3. the watchman, his salary. 4. books, the students 5. a cycle, my myster 6. him, a gift 7. my apology 8. a good advice.

CHAPTER 2 : KINDS OF SENTENCES

A. 1. a 2. a **B.** 1. Assertive sentence 2. Optative sentence 3. Assertive sentence 4. Interrogative sentence 5. Interrogative sentence 6. Interrogative sentence 7. Interrogative sentence 8. Assertive sentence 9. Imperative sentence 10. Exclamatory sentence 11. Assertive sentence 12. Exclamatory sentence 13. Imperative sentence 14. Optative sentence 15. Assertive sentence **C.** 1. You

did not learn the lesson well. 2. Your good wishes are not always with me. 3. Don't learn this poem by heart. 4. Nature is not the best physician. 5. She is not the monitor of her class. 6. She will not go there. 7. Ravi can not run fast. 8. She is not seven years old. 9. Rama was not late today. 10. You does not take exercise daily. 11. Priya does not speak English. 12. He does not brush his teeth after every meal. **D.** 1. Is the horse in the stable? 2. Are the students cleaning the class? 3. Shall I sleep till seven in the morning? 4. Does Kapil love to play cricket? 5. Do I do my work? 6. Does she do her work? 7. Shall I win the prize? 8. Does I brush my teeth after every meal? 9. Are you not tired? 10. Will he go out in the train? 11. Is she well now? 12. Did the teacher shouted at him?

CHAPTER 3 : PHRASES AND CLAUSES

A. 1. b 2. b 3. d 4. b 5. a 6. a 7. c 8. b 9. a 10. c **B.** Phrase 2. Phrase 3. Clause 4. Phrase 5. Clause 6. Clause 7. Phrase 8. Phrase 9. Phrase 10. Phrase C. Phrase : A group of words that makes some sense but not complete sense, is called a phrase. Clause : A clause is a group of words which has a subject and a predicate and forms a parts of a longer sentence. D. 1. NOUN PHRASE : A Noun Phrase is group of words that does the work of a noun; for example : The girl wants to read a book. 2. ADJECTIVE PHRASE : An Adjective Phrase is a group of words that perofrms the work of an adjective; for example : He is a king of great wisdom. 3. ADVERB PHRASE : An Adverb phrase performs the work of an adverb in a sentence; for example : Ravi ran at fast speed. E. 1. NOUN CLAUSE : A Noun Clause is a group of words which contains a subject and a predicate of its own and performs the work of a noun; for example : I know where she works. 2. ADJECTIVE CLAUSE : An Adjective Clause is a group of words which contains a subject and a predicate of its own, and

performs the function of an adjective; *for example* : The pen which is red is mine. 3. **ADVERB CLAUSE** : An Adverb Clause is a group of words which contains a subject and a predicate of its own and performs the function of an adverb; *for example* : She read a book when the evening fell.

CHAPTER 4 : PARTS OF SPEECH

A. 1. d 2. c 3. d **B.** 1. Noun 2. Pronoun 3. Pronoun 4. Interjection 5. Adjective 6. Verb 7. Adverb 8. Conjuction 9. Preposition 10. Verb 11. Noun 12. Adverb 13. Verb 14. Adverb 15. Adjective 16. Pronoun 17. Noun 18. Noun **C.** 1. A noun is a word used as the name of a person, a place or a thing; *for example* : Keshav, Mumbai, pen, honesty, childhood, etc. 2. A pronoun is a word which is used in place of a noun; *for example* : I, we, you, he, she, it, they, etc. 3. A preposition is a word which shows the relation in which things stand one to another, *for example* : in, into, with, on, unde, above, etc. 4. An interjection is a word which expresses some sudden feelings of joy, sorrow or wonder, *for example* : Alas! Ah! Oh! Hurrah! etc.

CHAPTER 5 : NOUNS

A. 1. a 2. c 3. c 4. d 5. a B. 1. team 2. bundle 3. jury 4. orchard
5. band 6. crowd 7. range 8. library 9. shoal 10. bunch 11. pair
12. swarm C. 1. Proper noun 2. Collective noun 3. Material noun
4. proper noun 5. proper noun 6. Collective noun 7. Material noun
8. Material noun 9. Proper noun 10. Abstract noun 11. Abstract noun 12. Material noun D. 1. kingdom 2. humanity 3. friendship
4. motherhood 5. boyhood 6. theft 7. heroism 8. Ownership 9. bravery E. 1. iron 2. cloth 3. wood 4. gold 5. wood 6. paper 7. leather 8. flour 9. wool 10. paper F. 1. robbers 2. trees 3. sheep 4. stars 5. roses 6. people 7. keys 8. soldiers 9. stones 10. cattle 11. students 12. bees

CHAPTER 6 : PRONOUNS

A. 1. a 2. b 3. b 4. d 5. a 6. c B. 1. He 2. It 3. He 4. we 5. her
6. it 7. They 8. She 9. They 10. I C. 1. itself 2. himself 3. himself
4. themselves 5. yourself 6. himself 7. himself 8. ourselves 9. yourself
10. myself D. 1. One 2. No body 3. Some 4. Some 5. All 6. others 7.
All 8. Some 9. All 10. Everyone E. 1. These 2. These, those 3. this, that 4. This 5. These 6. that 7. This, that 8. That 9. those 10. that
F. 1. that 2. whom 3. who 4. which 5. who 6. who 7. that 8. who
9. which 10. who G. 1. What 2. Which 3. Whose 4. Who 5. What 6. Whom 7. Who 8. What 9. What 10. Whose H. 1. Neither 2. neither
3. each 4. each 5. each 6. Either 7. Each 8. each 9. each 10. Neither
I. mine 2. yours 3. hers 4. yours 5. his

CHAPTER 7 : ADJECTIVES

A. 1. a 2. d 3. c 4. b 5. c B. 1. intelligent 2. soft 3. splendid 4. extensive 5. difficult 6. slender 7. noisy 8. handsome C. 1. last 2. bright 3. short 4. many 5. bad 6. fat 7. tiny 8. old 9. small 10. light
D. 1. Adjective of Quality 2. Adjective of Quantity 3. Adjective of Quantity 4. Interrogative adjective 5. Adjective of Quality 6. Adjective of Quantity 7. Adjectives of Quality 8. Demnostrative Adjectives 9. Adjective of quality 10. Adjective of quality E. 1. Its, 2. their 3. their
4. her 5. its 6. your 7. his 8. his 9. my 10. your F. 1. What 2. many
3. Few 4. Two 5. yonder 6. beautiful 7. four 8. wise 9. All 10. some
G. 1. (a) Kolkata is a big city. (b) Maya is a gentle girl 2. (a) I have many friends. (b) A horse has four legs. 3. (a) Which fruit do you like the most? (b) Whose bag did the thief steal? 4. (a) Give me some money. (b) There is a little tea in the kettle. 5. (a) This trunk is very heavy. (b) She live in yonder house. 6. (a) He is an Indian soldier. (Proper Adjective) (b) I enjoyed the japanese food. (Proper

Adjective) 7. (a) My shoes are large. (b) Our playground is big. 8. (a) Each book is written in English. (b) Every player did his best in the match. **H.** 1. many 2. every 3. much 4. Every 5. much 6. much 7. many 8. All 9. Each 10. much **I.** 1. He is wise. 2. Things didn't stay dull for long, though. 3. It was a foolish thought to say. 4. He had some pencils. 5. You would like to read those funny verses. 6. Rahul is very handsome. 7. That is very noble of you. 8. If you want an obedient hymph, then go get one. 9. You have a lovely smile. 10. He had a long and glorious military carrier. 11. Is he as wealthy as you? 12. They grew up healthy and strong.

CHAPTER 8 : VERBS

A. 1, c 2, a 3, d 4, a B. 1, Linking 2, Transitive 3, Transitive 4, Transitive 5, Intransitive 6, Linking 7, Intransitive 8, Transitive 9, Intransitive 10, Intransitive 11, Linking 12, Intransitive 13, Intransitive 14, Linking 15, Linking C. 1, can 2, had 3, shall 4, is 5, was 6, is 7, shall 8, were 9, will 10, have 11, may 12, was D. 1. The hunter shot the tiger, 2, The teacher bade the students to work hard, 3, I saw a large crowd over there, 4, They took shelter under a tree, 5, He rang the bell, 6, She tore up the letter, 7. He wanted peace in the family, 8, The sun shone brightly. 9, She lost her ring, 10, We raised our hands in prayer, 11, A snake bit the man, 12, A cloud hid the sun, 13, He knew me well, 14, Yash swam very well, 15, Reema spoke quickly.
E, 1, sung 2, striven 3, chosen 4, lain 5, stung 6, bit 7, heard 8, thought 9, sowed 10, finished 11, decided 12, leaved 13, caught 14, composed 15, arrived F, 1, Love 2, Depart 3, Sell 4, Disappear 5, Win 6, Export 7, Take 8, Empty 9, Buy G, Do it yourself.

CHAPTER 9 : MODALS

EXERCISE : 1. May 2. might 3. could 4. Might 5. can 6. might 7. can 8. might 9. May 10. could

EXERCISE : 1. will 2. shall 3. would 4. would 5. should 6. would 7. shall 8. shall 9. will 10. will

EXERCISE : A. 1. had to 2. had to 3. must 4. must 5. have to **B.** 1. must 2. must 3. May 4. must 5. could 6. should 7. can 8. must

CHAPTER 10 : TENSES

A. 1. c 2. a 3. c 4. b 5. b 6. b 7. c 8. b 9. a 10. c **B.** 1. The wind **is blowing** very strongly today. 2. The boy **is guiding** the old man. 3. He **is donating** blood to the hospital. 4. The boy **is complaining** about the pain in his belly. 5. The girls and the boys **are dancing** on the stage. 6. The policemen **is arresting** the robbers. 7. The officers **are examining** the passenger's luggage. 8. The advocate **is explaining** the law to him. 9. The chief guest **is cutting** the ribbon at the opening ceremony. 10. The thief **is jumping** over the wall. **C.** 1. hid 2. searched 3. drank 4. forgot 5. thrilled 6. spilled 7. pinned 8. broke 9. selected 10. wanted **D.** 1. lost 2. wrote 3. disturbed 4. kept 5. cracked 6. went 7. caught 8. caught 9. admitted 10. showed **E.** 1. seen 2. met 3. reached 4. leaved 5. broken 6. caught 7. completed 8. shown 9. decided 10. told **F.** 1. will have been writing 2. will have been flying 3. shall have been running 4. will have been picking 5. will have been getting.

CHAPTER 11 : SUBJECT-VERB AGREEMENT

A. 1. c 2. a 3. a 4. b B. 1. shines 2. takes 3. goes 4. rises 5. cut 6. moves 7. always 8. polishes 9. plays 10. runs C. 1. is 2. are 3. is 4. has 5. have 6. have 7. is 8. is 9. was 10. has D. 1. Bread and butter is their main breakfast. 2. She with her family was the first to leave.
3. Plucking flowers is prohibited. 4. Each student was presented a gift. 5. Everyone of the women was wearing a sari. 6. 'The Seven Minutes' is a good book to read. 7. Poonam with her brother was Moto Grammar World (6 to 8) 27

present. 8. Sita as well as Simmi **was** punished. 9. Neither he nor she **is** at fault. 10. One of the boys **was** given a prize.

CHAPTER 12 : ADVERBS

A. 1. b 2. b 3. b **B.** 1. Adverbs of times 2. Adverb of quantity 3. Adverbs of place 4. Adverb of manner 5. Adverb of quantity 6. Adverb of manner 7. Adverbs of number 8. Adverb of quantity 9. Adverb of quantity 10. Adverb of manner 11. Interrogative Adverb 12. Adverbs of number 13. Adverbs of number 14. Adverbs of place 15. Adverbs of time **C.** 1. almost 2. always 3. neatly 4. roughly 5. loudly 6. well 7. easily 8. slowly 9. suddenly 10. sweetly 11. very 12. Where **D.** 1. Happily 2. Carelessly 3. disloyally 4. downward 5. Nowhere 6. rudely 7. wisely 8. unkindly 9. fastly 10. foolishly **E.** 1. completely 2. much 3. quiet 4. too 5. just 6. very 7. so 8. Very 9. too 10. quiet

CHAPTER 13 : PREPOSITIONS

A. 1. b 2. a 3. d 4. b 5. d 6. b 7. b 8. c 9. c 10. d **B.** 1. on 2. in 3. above 4. with 5. into 6. on 7. under 8. after 9. on 10. from **C.** 1. to 2. at 3. to 4. of 5. with 6. of 7. from 8. under 9. over 10. from 11. with 12. to 13. of 14. on 15. for 16. at 17. about 18. in 19. on 20. to **D.** 1. of 2. near 3. among 4. with 5. at 6. under 7. on 8. for 9. at 10. at **E.** 1. at 2. into 3. by 4. from 5. from 6. across 7. beyond 8. along 9. in 10. at 11. against 12. among 13. on 14. behind 15. infront of

CHAPTER 14 : CONJUNCTIONS

A. 1. c 2. a 3. c 4. b 5. b 6. c 7. b 8. a 9. b **B.** 1. He can play cricket and He can play football. 2. Maya is dancing and Tara is singing. 3. I invited her to my party but she could not come. 4. Father is reading the newspaper and mother is cooking food. 5. He went

to school though he was ill. 6. He was very poor still he used to give food to beggars. 7. Do this work or get out of this place. 8. He is lazy whereas his elder brother is very active. 9. He worked hard still he failed. 10. She is rich but she is unhappy. C. 1. You cannot pass unless you work hard. 2. Shut the door otherwise the dog will get out. 3. Run fast otherwise you cannot win the race. 4. Stop running else you will get out of breath. 5. She must tell the truth or she will be sacked from the office. 6. Is it sugar or is it salt? 7. You must run fast as otherwise you will miss the train. 8. Work hard or you will fail. **D.** 1. It was a slow movie still I enjoyed it. 2. Harsha is ill although she will come to school. 3. Rupa belongs to a rich family still she is miser. 4. He could not win still he tried many times. 5. He played in the rain although his mother had told him not to. 6. She is very weak still she works hard. 7. He was ill still he went to play. 8. I am poor though I will not cheat anybody. E. 1. that 2. till 3. otherwise 4. since 5. although 6. because 7. until 8. or

CHAPTER 15 : ACTIVE AND PASSIVE VOICE

A. 1. c 2. b 3. d 4. a 5. a **B.** 1. Let the bicycle be brought. 2. Had his work been done by the boy? 3. Let this letter be written immediately. 4. I was made weep by him. 5. I am not known well by her. 6. His lesson is not being learnt by this boy. 7. Her pencil has been broken by that girl. 8. A doll was made by Sujata. 9. A newspaper is read by me. 10. The book is opened by me. **C.** 1. The teacher has taught the lesson. 2. The teacher punished me. 3. The dog saw the lamb. 4. Tell the student to go away. 5. My mother is cooking the food. 6. The lion killed a deer. 7. Everyone says that he has left mumbai. 8. He is reading a book. 9. A car ran over a little boy. 10. The cat has seen a rat. **D.** 1. is hidden 2. is taught 3. punished 4. was admitted 5. will be told 6. had made 7. are punished 8. will be promoted 9. had been built. 10. will be surprised Moto Grammar World (6 to 8) **29**

CHAPTER 16 : DIRECT AND INDIRECT SPEECH

A. 1. c 2. b 3. d 4. c 5. b B. 1. She said that she had been successful. 2. He said that Ravi has collected stamps. 3. He said that he was reading a novel. 4. I said I should try to sleep. 5. She said that the moon gets its light from the sun. 6. Ravi said that he was happy. 7. John told her that she was a good friend. 8. He said to me that she had walked slowly. 9. I requested Simi to give me a glass of water. 10. The teacher adviced the boys to work hard. 11. He asked if I was happy there? 12. He asked me what I was doing? 13. She asked the stranger who he was? 14. The boy exclamed with joy that how happy he was. 15. The teacher said that stars twinkle at night. 16. He says that he was eating pudding. 17. The student replied that he knew that. 18. The teacher taught us that the earth moves round the sun. 19. Radha told the sister that she was already late. 20. She will say that she was well. C. 1. The servant will say, "the dinner is ready." 2. She said, "Madhav was singing a nice song. 3. Priya said, "She will swim well." 4. The boys said, "We have no homework to do." 5. Rajeev said, "I am in the room." 6. Ganga said "I will tell you the whole story." 7. I said to him, "Why have you taken my pen?" 8. I said to my students, "The earth is round." 9. She said, "I have seen Mr. Singha this morning." 10. He said to us, "stand up." 11. She said, "She is an early riser." 12. Maya said, "Sara shall help me." 13. He said "She does not know anything." 14. I tell you "I have not sold my scooter." 15. She said to her friend, "I will accept the gift." 16. Maya says, "Rama will meet me on Sunday." 17. Anu said, "The train has arrived at the platform." 18. Seema said, "Ram has already gone to school." 19. Ramesh said, "It has been raining heavily. 20. She said to me, "I am doing my homework." 21. Ashok said to you, "You are at fault." 22. Kamini said "I will go to Delhi tomorrow." 23. He said, "This is

a nice pen." 24. Sara said, "I have come to meet you." 25. He said to me, "I am living here."

CHAPTER 17 : PUNCTUATION

A. 1. b 2. d 3. b **B.** 1. Pollution is the greatest problem in the modern world. 2. "Wolf! Wolf!", yelled the shepherd boy with all his power. 3. You went to Nehru Planetarium. 4. Red Fort was built by the mughal emperor Shah Jahan. 5. Prime minister of India unfurls the national flag on independence day every year. 6. Which theory of Einstein gave birth to atom bomb? 7. During our journey to Mumbai we passed through Madhya Pradesh. 8. We are going to Agra to see the Taj Mahal. 9. The Ramayana and Bible are religious books. 10. Science has played a great role in our lives. **C.** 1. Do it yourself.

CHAPTER 18 : SIMILES

A. 1. a rock 2. snow 3. a feather 4. a lunatic 5. ice 6. an owl 7. a bird 8. coal 9. ABC 10. the mountains 11. a lamb 12. a bee **B.** 1. as busy as a bee 2. as strong as an ox 3. like a nightingale 4. like a wildfire 5. as innocent as a lamb

CHAPTER 19 : SYNONYMS AND ANTONYMS

A. 1. (b) 2. (c) 3. (b) 4. (a) 5. (d) 6. (b) 7. (b) 8. (c) 9. (d) 10. (b) **B.** 1. War 2. Assault 3. Mourn 4. Foe 5. Triumph 6. Faithful **C.** 1. Late 2. Senior 3. Hot 4. Shame 5. Reject 6. Ignorance

CHAPTER 20 : WORDS OFTEN CONFUSED

1. stationery : (writing material)

I kept all my stationery in the drawer.

stationary	:	(still, motionless)
		The van was stationary and it was blocking the
		side lane.
2. lone	:	(without a partner)
		A lone rider appeared on a day.
loan	:	(money lends you)
		He take out a bank loan.
3. hale	:	(strong and healthy)
		Hale, the last voyage of the karleek (1916)
hail	:	(something is very good or very special.)
		I had hail damage to my car as well.
4. lesson	:	(Work set for a pupil)
		The teacher asked the students to learn the
		lesson.
lessen	:	(to reduce)
		My friend's help did lessen my worries and I
		could complete my work on time.
5. pour	:	(to make a liquid flow steadily out of or into a
		container) I poured tea into the cup.
pore	:	(a tiny opening on the skin)
		Leaves have many pores on their surface which
		can be seen only with the help of a microscope.
6. merry	:	(cheerful and happy)
	:	We were merry to see you here.
marry	:	(to take a person as your husband or wife.)
		My Cousin, a dentist, agreed to marry a doctor.